SECTION 7	<u>STUI</u>
-----------	-------------

<u>DENTS</u> **Equity Equal Educational Opportunities** 7.10 7:10-AP Administrative Procedure - Accommodating Transgender Students or Gender Non-Conforming Students 7:10-AP2 Administrative Procedure - Accommodating Breastfeeding Students 7:10-E Exhibit - Equal Educational Opportunities Within the School Community Student and Family Privacy Rights 7.15 7.15-E Exhibit - Notification to Parents of Family Privacy Rights Harassment of Students Prohibited 7.20 7.20-AP Administrative Procedure - Harassment of Students Prohibited Assignment and Admission Student Assignment and Intra-District Transfer 7:30 Nonpublic School Students, Including Parochial and Home-Schooled 7.40 Students 7.40-AP Administrative Procedure - Placement of Nonpublic School Students Transferring Into the District School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District 7.50 Schools 7.50-AP Administrative Procedure - School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools 7.60 Residence 7:60-AP1 Administrative Procedure - Challenging a Student's Residence Status 7.60-AP2 Administrative Procedure - Establishing Student Residency 7.60-AP2,E1 Exhibit- Letter of Residence from Landlord in Lieu of Lease 7.60-AP2,E2 Exhibit - Letter of Residence to Be Used When the Person Seeking to Enroll a Student Is Living With a District Resident

SECTION 7

7.60-AP2,E3 Exhibit – Evidence of Non-Parent's Custody, Control, and Responsibility of a Student

Responsibility of a student		
Attendance		
Attendance and Truancy		
7.80 Release Time for Religious Instruction/Observance		
7.90 Release During School Hours		
7.100 Health and Dental Examinations, Immunizations, and Exclusion of Students		
7.110 Student Transfer – In and Out		
7.120 Special Education Evaluation		
Rights and Responsibilities		
7.130 Student Rights and Responsibilities		
7.140 Search and Seizure		
7:140-AP Administrative Procedure – Use of Metal Detectors for Student Safety		
7;140-E Exhibit – Letter to Parents/Guardians Regarding the Right to Privacy In the School Setting Act		
7.150 Agency and Police Interviews		
7.150-AP Administrative Procedure – Agency and Police Interviews		
7.160 Student Appearance		
7.163 Closed Campus		
School Uniforms		
7.170 Vandalism		
7.180 Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment		
7:180-AP1 Administrative Procedure – Prevention, Identification, Investigation, and Response to Bullying and School Violence		
7:180-AP1,E Exhibit - Resource Guide for Bullying and School Violence Prevention		

SECTION 7

- 7:180-AP1,E2 Exhibit Be a Hero by Reporting Bullying and School Violence
- 7:180-AP1,E3 Exhibit Memo to Staff Regarding Bullying and School Violence
- 7:180-AP1,E4 Exhibit Memo to Parents/Guardians Regarding Bullying and School Violence
- 7:180-AP1,E5 Exhibit Report Form for Bullying and School Violence
- 7:180-AP1,E6 Exhibit Interview Form for Bullying and School Violence Investigation
- 7:180-AP1,E7 Exhibit Response to Bullying and School Violence
- 7:185 Teen Dating Violence Prohibited
 - 7:185-E Exhibit Memo to Parents/Guardians Regarding Teen Dating Violence
- 7.190 Student Behavior
 - 7.190-AP1 Administrative Procedure -Student Handbook Hazing Prohibited
 - 7.190-AP2 Administrative Procedure -Student Handbook Gang Activity Prohibited
 - 7.190-AP3 Administrative Procedure Guidelines for Reciprocal Reporting of Criminal Offenses Committed by Students
 - 7.190-AP4 Administrative Procedure Use of Isolated Time Out, <u>Time Out</u>, and Physical Restraint
 - 7.190-AP5 Administrative Procedure Student Handbook Electronic Devices
 - 7.190-AP6 Administrative Procedure Guidelines for Investigating Sexting Allegations
 - 7:190-AP7 Administrative Procedure Student Discipline Guidelines
 - 7:190-AP8 Administrative Procedure Student Re-Engagement Guidelines

SE	C	ľΤ	\cap	N	7
CL	V.	ι'	$\mathbf{\mathcal{I}}$	Τ1	· .

,	7:190-E1	Exhibit - Aggressive Behavior Reporting Letter and Form
,	7.190-E2	Exhibit - Student Handbook Checklist
	7:190-E3	Exhibit – Memorandum of Understanding
	7:190-E4	Exhibit – Acknowledgement of Receiving Student Behavior Policy and Student Conduct Code
7.200	Su	spension Procedures
	7:200-E1	Exhibit - Short Term Out-of-School Suspension (1-3 days) Reporting Form
	7:200-E2	Exhibit - Long Term Out-of-School Suspension (4-10 days) Reporting Form
7.210	E	xpulsion Procedures
	7:210-E1	Exhibit - Notice of Expulsion Hearing
7.220	В	us Conduct
	7.220-AP	Administrative Procedure – Electronic Recordings on School Buses
7.230	N	disconduct by Students with Disabilities
7.240	(Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities
		P1 Administrative Procedure – Code of Conduct for Extracurricular Activities P2 Administrative Procedure – Extracurricular Drug & Alcohol Testing Program
7.250		Student Support Services
7.230	7.250-A	P Administrative Procedure – Measures to Control the Spread of Head Lice at School
	7.250-AI	P2 Administrative Procedure – Protocol for Responding to Students with Social, Emotional, or Mental Health Problems
7.260)	Exemption from Physical Activity
7.270)	Administering Medicine to Students
	7.270-A	P Administrative Procedure – Dispensing Medication
	7.270-A	P2 Administrative Procedure – Checklist for District Supply of Epinephrine Auto-Injectors and/or Opioid Antagonists
	7.270-F	El Exhibit – School Medication Authorization Form

SECTIO	N 7 STUDENTS
7.270-E	2 Exhibit – School Medication Authorization Form – Medical Cannabis
7:275	Orders to Forgo Life-Sustaining Treatment
7.280	Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease
	7.280-AP Administrative Procedure — Managing Students with Communicable or Infectious Disease
	7.280-E2 Exhibit – Reporting and Exclusion Requirements for Common Communicable Diseases
	7.280-E3 Exhibit - Prevention of Staphylococcal Infections for Schools
7.285	Anaphylaxis Prevention, Response, and Management Program
	7.285-AP Administrative Procedure – Implementing a Food Allergy Management Program
	7.285-AP, E Allergy and Anaphylaxis Emergency Plan
7.290	Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention
	7.290-AP Administrative Procedure – Resource Guide for Implementation of Suicide And Depression Awareness and Prevention Program
<u>Activ</u>	<u>ities</u>
7.300	Extracurricular Athletics
	7.300-E1 Exhibit-Agreement to Participate
	7.300-E2 Exhibit- Certificate of Physical Fitness for Participation in Athletics
	7.300-E3 Exhibit – Authorization for Medical Treatment Form
7.30	Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries
	7.305-AP Administrative Procedure – Program for Managing Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries.

Restrictions on Publications

7.310-AP Administrative Procedure – Guidelines for Student Distribution

7.310

of Non-School Sponsored Publications

SECTION 7

- 7.325 Student Fund Raising Activities
 - 7.325-E Exhibit Application and Procedures to Solicit Students for Fund Raising
- 7.330 Student Use of Buildings
 - 7.330-AP Administrative Procedure Student Use of Buildings and Equal Access

7.330-E Exhibit – Request Form for Noncurricular Student Groups to Use School Facilities

Records

- 7.340 Student Records
 - 7.340-AP Administrative Procedure Student Records
- 7:340-AP2 Administrative Procedure Storage and Destruction of School Student Records
 - 7.340-AP1-E1 Exhibit Notice to Parents/Guardians and Students of Their Rights Concerning a Student's School Records
 - 7:340-AP1-E2 Exhibit Using a Photograph or Video Recording of a Student
 - 7:340-AP1,E3 Exhibit Letter to Parents and Eligible Students Concerning
 Military Recruiters and Postsecondary Institutions Receiving
 Student Directory Information
 - 7:340-AP1,E4 Exhibit Frequently Asked Questions Regarding Military Recruiter Access to Students and Student Information
 - 7.340-AP1-E5 Exhibit Biometric Information Collection Authorization
 - 7:340-AP2-E1 Exhibit- Letter Containing Schedule for Destruction of School Student Records
- 7:345 Use of Educational Technologies; Student Data Privacy and Security

	7:345-AP 7:345-AP, E1	Use of Educational Technologies; Student Data Privacy and Security Exhibit-Student Covered Information Reporting Form
	7:345-AP, E2	Exhibit-Student Data Privacy; Notice to Parents About Educational Technology Vendors
	7:345-AP, E3	Exhibit-Parent Notification Letter for Student Data Breach
	7:345-AP, E4	Notice of Parent Rights Regarding Student Covered Information
	7:345-AP, E5	Parent Request Form for Student Covered Information
	7:345-AP, E6	Parent Request Form for Correction of Student Covered Information
7.350	Acces	s to Student Records
7.360	Direct	tory Information
7.370	Stude	nt Record Challenges

Equal Educational Opportunities

Equal educational and extracurricular opportunities shall be available for all students without regard to color, race, nationality, religion, sex, sexual orientation, ancestry, age, physical or mental disability, gender identity, status of being homeless, immigration status, order of protection status, actual or potential marital or parental status, including pregnancy. Further, the District will not knowingly enter into agreements with any entity or any individual that discriminates against students on the basis of sex or any other protected status, except that the District remains viewpoint neutral when granting access to school facilities under School Board policy 8:20, Community Use of School Facilities. Any student may file a discrimination grievance by using Board policy 2:260, Uniform Grievance Procedure.

Sex Equity

No student shall, based on sex, sexual orientation, or gender identity be denied equal access to programs, activities, services, or benefits or be limited in the exercise of any right, privilege, advantage, or denied equal access to educational and extracurricular programs and activities.

Any student may file a sex equity complaint by using Board policy 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*. A student may appeal the Board's resolution of the complaint to the Regional Superintendent (pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/3-10) and, thereafter, to the State Superintendent of Education (pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/2-3.8).

Administrative Implementation

The Superintendent shall appoint a Nondiscrimination Coordinator, who also serves as the District's Title IX Coordinator. The Superintendent and Building Principal shall use reasonable measures to inform staff members and students of this policy and related grievance procedures.

Revised: Oct. 22 Adopted: Dec. 22

LEGAL REF.:

20 U.S.C. §1681 et seq., Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972; 34 C.F.R. Part 106.

29 U.S.C. §791 et seq., Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

42 U.S.C. §11431 et seq., McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.

Good News Club v. Milford Central Sch., 533 U.S. 98 (2001).

Ill. Constitution, Art. I, §18.

105 ILCS 5/3.25b, 5/3.25d(b), 5/10-20.12, 5/10-20.60, 5/10-20.63, 5/10-22.5, and

5/27-1.

775 ILCS 5/1-101 et seq., Illinois Human Rights Act. 775 ILCS 35/5, Religious Freedom Restoration Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.240 and Part 200.

CROSS REF .:

2:260 (Uniform Grievance Procedure), 2:265 (Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure), 6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development), 7:20 (Harassment of Students Prohibited), 7:50 (School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools), 7:60 (Residence), 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:160 (Student Appearance), 7:165 (School Uniforms), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 7:185 (Teen Dating Violence Prohibited), 7:250 (Student Support Services), 7:330 (Student Use of Buildings - Equal Access), 7:340 (Student

Records), 8:20 (Community Use of School Facilities)

<u>Administrative Procedure - Accommodating Transgender, Nonbinary, or Gender Nonconforming Students</u>

This procedure's accommodation and support guidelines advance the District's goals of: (1) providing all students equal access to a safe, non-hostile learning environment, and (2) implementing risk management controls in a developing and unsettled area of the law in which the federal Office of Civil Rights (OCR) and Dept. of Justice (DOJ) have issued guidance.

While there is no mandate requiring procedures for accommodating transgender, nonbinary, and gender nonconforming students, this procedure guides school officials through the: (1) application of State and federal anti-discrimination laws to this student population, and (2) common needs for which transgender, nonbinary, or gender nonconforming students may request accommodations and support at school. This procedure applies to all school activities, school-provided transportation, and school-sponsored events regardless of where they occur.

The Building Principal, Nondiscrimination Coordinator, and/or Complaint Manager, with input from others as appropriate, will implement this procedure. They will work with each transgender, nonbinary, or gender nonconforming student, and as appropriate with the student's parent(s)/guardian(s), to manage a student's accommodations and supports on a case-by-case basis. The Board Attorney will be consulted concerning legal compliance.

Gender-Based Discrimination Is Prohibited

School districts must provide equal educational opportunities to transgender, nonbinary, and gender nonconforming students. Under State law, sex discrimination extends to claims of discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity. 775 ILCS 5/5-101(11); 23 III.Admin.Code §1.240. The III. Human Rights Act defines sexual orientation as the "actual or perceived heterosexuality, homosexuality, bisexuality, or gender related identity, whether or not traditionally associated with the person's designated sex at birth." 775 ILCS 5/1-103(O-1). The Act permits schools to maintain single-sex facilities that are distinctly private in nature, e.g., restrooms and locker rooms. 775 ILCS 5/5-103.

Federal law prohibits exclusion and discrimination on the basis of sex. 20 U.S.C. §1681(a), Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972. The U.S. Dept. of Education has taken varying positions on the application of Title IX to transgender or gender nonconforming students depending upon the administration in power. However, the Seventh Circuit U.S. Court of Appeals (which has jurisdiction over the State of Illinois) has ruled that a school's practice of denying a transgender student access to the bathroom that aligned with his gender identify violated Title IX because it was a sex-based classification. See Whitaker by Whitaker v. Kenosha Unified Sch. Dist. No. 1 Bd. of Educ., 858 F.3d 1034 (7th Cir. 2017).

School Board policy 7:10, Equal Educational Opportunities, recognizes the legal requirements described above. This procedure's guidance on accommodating transgender, nonbinary, or gender nonconforming students is based on non-regulatory guidance from the Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE) and the Ill. Dept. of Human Rights (IDHR), as well as OCR pronouncements. See the last section, Resources.

Page 1 of 6

Gender-Based Bullying and/or Harassment Prohibited

The laws prohibiting gender discrimination require the District to protect transgender, nonbinary, and gender nonconforming students from bullying and harassment by other students. Under Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (Title IX), a school district is responsible for damages suffered by a student who was the victim of protected sex-based harassment: unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the District's educational program or activity. 34 C.F.R. §106.30(a). Board policy 2:265, *Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure*, and its accompanying procedures are used to address sex-based harassment as defined in Title IX.

The School Code prohibits bullying on the basis of actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender-related identity or expression, and/or association with a person or group with one of the aforementioned actual or perceived characteristics. 105 ILCS 5/27-23.7(a). The Board policy on bullying and the District's suite of bullying prevention materials are used to address and resolve peer bullying and harassment of transgender or gender nonconforming students. See 7:180, Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment.

Terminology and Definitions

The District uses the following terms and definitions when discussing accommodations for a transgender, nonbinary, or gender nonconforming student (from the Arcadia Resolution Agreement, 7-24-13, at: www.justice.gov/crt/about/edu/documents/arcadiaagree.pdf and ISBE Non-Regulatory Guidance, Supporting Transgender, Nonbinary and Gender Nonconforming Students, at: www.isbe.net/supportallstudents). Note: Definitions are not intended to label students, but rather to assist with understanding. Gender identity, sex assigned at birth, transgender, and gender transition are defined slightly differently in a Dear Colleague Letter issued jointly by the U.S. Depts. of Education and Justice on 5-13-16 (see Resources below).

Gender-based discrimination — a form of sex discrimination, refers to differential treatment or harassment of a student based on the student's sex, including gender identity, gender expression, and nonconformity with gender stereotypes, that results in the denial or limitation of education services, benefits, or opportunities. Conduct may constitute gender-based discrimination regardless of the actual or perceived sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation of the persons experiencing or engaging in the conduct.

Sex assigned at birth and assigned sex – a label a person is given at birth, often based on a medical professional's interpretation of the newborn's physical characteristics. Common examples may be male or female. This is typically the sex reflected on one's original birth certificate.

Gender expression — an individual's characteristics and behaviors such as appearance, dress, grooming, mannerisms, voice or speech patterns, activities, and social interactions that are perceived as masculine, feminine, both, or neither.

Gender identity — a person's internal, deeply held sense or psychological knowledge of their own gender that can include being female, male, another gender, nonbinary, gender nonconforming, or no gender, and is unrelated to the person's sex assigned at birth. Gender identity is an innate part of a person's identity, and the responsibility for determining an individual's gender identity rests with the individual. Unlike gender expression, gender identity is not visible to others.

Nonbinary - a term used to describe people whose gender identity is not exclusively male or female, including those who identify as a gender other than male or female, as more than one gender, or as no gender.

Transgender – an individual whose gender identity is different from the individual's assigned sex at birth. Being transgender is not dependent on appearance, body parts, or medical procedures.

Transgender can also be used as an umbrella term that encompasses diversity of gender identities and expressions. For purposes of this procedure, a *transgender student* is a student who consistently and uniformly asserts a gender identity different from the student's assigned sex, or for whom there is documented legal or medical evidence that the gender identity is sincerely held as part of the student's core identity.

Intersex – a term used for a variety of conditions in which a person is born with a reproductive and/or sexual anatomy that does not seem to fit the typical, binary definitions of female or male. Intersex conditions are not always discernable at birth or the awareness of internal anatomy present at birth may not be known to the person until puberty, if it is known at all. A derogatory term previously used for intersex individuals is hermaphrodite.

Gender transition — the process whereby people may change their gender expression, bodies, and/or identity documents to match their gender identity. Transition can be social (changing gender expression, using facilities, using a different name/pronouns), medical (hormones and/or surgeries), and/or legal (changing name/gender marker on identity documents), and is different for every individual. It is common for gender transition to be an ongoing process and is unique to each person.

Gender stereotypes – stereotypical notions of masculinity and femininity, including expectations of how boys or girls represent or communicate one's gender to others, such as behavior, clothing, hairstyles, activities, voice, mannerisms, or body characteristics.

Gender nonconforming or gender expansive — one's gender expression or gender identity that does not conform to traditional, societal, or stereotyped expectations based on the sex assigned at birth. Gender expansive individuals may identify as male, female, some combination of both, or neither.

Gender pronouns – the set of words used to refer to someone without using their name. Common examples include, but are not limited to, "she/her/hers," "he/him/his," "they/them/theirs," and "ze/zir/zirs."

Gender support plan – a document that may be used to create a shared understanding about the way in which a student's gender identity will be accounted for and supported at school.

Facilities – refers to facilities and accommodations used by students at school or during school-sponsored activities and trips, and include, but are not limited to, restrooms, locker rooms, and overnight facilities.

Relevant Board Policies for Accommodations, Supports, and Inclusion of Transgender, Nonbinary, or Gender Nonconforming Students

2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*, contains the process for an individual to seek resolution of a complaint. A student may use this policy to complain about bullying. The District Complaint Manager shall address the complaint promptly and equitably.

2:265, *Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure*, contains the process for an individual to report or complain of sexual harassment in violation of Title IX. The District Nondiscrimination Coordinator shall address the report or complaint promptly and equitably.

6:60, Curriculum Content, requires the history curriculum to include a study of the roles and contributions of lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender (LGBT) people in the history of the U.S. and Illinois and, if offered by the District, requires the implementation of a comprehensive health education program in accordance with State law, which may include the National Sex Education Standards (NSES) sex education curriculum. If NSES is offered, it must be inclusive and sensitive to students' needs on many bases, including based on their status as intersex and based on their gender, gender identity, and gender expression. See 6:60-AP2, Comprehensive Personal Health and Safety and Sexual Health Education Program (National Sex Education Standards (NSES)).

Page 3 of 6

6:65, Student Social and Emotional Development, requires that social and emotional learning be incorporated into the District's curriculum and other educational programs.

7:10, Equal Educational Opportunities, requires that equal educational and extracurricular opportunities be available to all students without regard to, among other protected statuses,

sex, sexual orientation, and gender identity.

7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited, prohibits any person from harassing, intimidating, or bullying a student based on an actual or perceived characteristic that is identified in the policy including, among other protected statuses, sex, sexual orientation, and gender identity.

7:130, Student Rights and Responsibilities, recognizes that all students are entitled to rights protected by the U.S. and Illinois Constitutions and laws for persons of their age and maturity in a school setting.

7:160, Student Appearance, prohibits students from dressing or grooming in such a way as to disrupt the educational process, interfere with a positive teaching/learning climate, or

compromise reasonable standards of health, safety, and decency.

7:165, Student Uniforms, encourages students to wear school uniforms in order to maintain and promote orderly school functions, school safety, and a positive learning environment, if adopted.

7:180, Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment, contains the

comprehensive structure for the District's bullying prevention program.

7:185, Teen Dating Violence Prohibited, prohibits students 13-19 years of age from using or threatening to use physical, mental, or emotional abuse to control an individual in the dating relationship, and from using or threatening to use sexual violence in the dating relationship.

7:250, Student Support Services, directs the Superintendent to develop protocols for responding to

students' social, emotional, or mental health needs that impact learning.

7:290, Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention, directs the Superintendent to develop, implement, and maintain a suicide and depression awareness and prevention program.

7:330, Student Use of Buildings - Equal Access, grants student-initiated groups or clubs the free use of school premises for their meetings, under specified conditions.

7:340, Student Records, contains the comprehensive structure for managing school student records, keeping them confidential, and providing access as allowed or required.

Common Needs for Transgender, Nonbinary, or Gender Nonconforming Students; Accommodations and Supports

The goal of an accommodation is to allow a transgender, nonbinary, or gender nonconforming student to equally participate in educational and extracurricular opportunities. The right of transgender students to accommodations is generally found in legislation (III. Human Rights Act and Title IX) but has not been fully interpreted by the courts. Determining appropriate accommodations must be made on a case-by-case basis depending upon the needs expressed by the student.

The Superintendent may establish a gender support team that will identify accommodations for a specific student. Those accommodations may be documented in a gender support plan or other written document. The Board Attorney should be consulted and may be invited to be a member of the team.

This following list of possible accommodation considerations is not exhaustive, and each student's request must be managed on a case-by-case basis. A particular student may not be interested in an accommodation for each item listed. Seek the Board Attorney's advice concerning the scope and extent of accommodations.

- 1. Gender transition
- 2. Names and gender pronouns. See Kluge v. Brownsburg Cmty. Sch. Corp., 432 F.Supp.3d 823 (S.D.Ind. 2020) (upholding discipline of a teacher for violating written policy requiring employees to address students by their preferred names and genders).

Page 4 of 6

3. School student records

For managing demographic information in the ISBE Student Information System, see www.isbe.net/Documents/student_demographics.pdf.

ISBE has postponed the collection of student sex and sexual orientation data, required by the Data Governance and Organization to Support Equity and Racial Justice Act (20 ILCS 65/20-15), until the 2023-24 school year. See www.isbe.net/Documents/Memorandum-Collection-of-Student-Sex-Sexual-Orientation.pdf.

- 4. Student privacy and confidentiality
- 5. Access to gender-segregated areas, e.g., locker rooms and restrooms
- 6. Sports and physical education classes participation in competitive athletic activities and contact sports is resolved pursuant to IHSA policy #34, Policy and School Recommendations for Transgender Participation at: www.ihsa.org/About-the-IHSA/Constitution-By-laws-Policies.
- 7. Dress codes
- 8. Gender segregation in other activities, e.g., class discussions and field trips (including any overnight school trips)
- 9. Communication with a new school about gender-specific accommodations upon transfer or graduation

Training for School Staff Members

Professional development for staff members should include regular opportunities to gain a better understanding of equal educational opportunity laws, gender identity, gender expression, and gender diversity; the development of gender identity in children and adolescents; developmentally appropriate strategies for communicating with students and parents/guardians about issues related to gender identity; gender-affirming approaches to ensuring the safety and support of transgender, nonbinary, and gender nonconforming students; developmentally appropriate strategies for preventing and intervening in bullying incidents; and Board policies regarding equal educational opportunities, bullying, discrimination, and student privacy.

Resources

IDHR, Non-Regulatory Guidance Relating to Protection of Transgender, Nonbinary, and Gender Nonconforming Students Under the Ill. Human Rights Act (December 2021), at: www2.illinois.gov/dhr/Publications/Pages/Guidance-Relating-to-Protection-of-Transgender-Nonbinary-and-Gender-Nonconforming-Students.aspx.

ISBE, Supporting Transgender, Nonbinary, and Gender Nonconforming Students (March 1, 2020), at: www.isbe.net/supportallstudents.

Gender Spectrum, an organization whose mission is to help create gender sensitive and inclusive environments for all children and teens, at: www.genderspectrum.org.

Mass. Dept. of Elementary and Secondary Education, Guidance for Massachusetts Public Schools Creating a Safe and Supportive School Environment Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Gender Identity (undated), at: www.doe.mass.edu/sfs/lgbtq/GenderIdentity.html.

OCR Dear Colleague Letter, harassment and bullying (2010), at: www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/letters/colleague-201010.html.

OCR and DOJ Consent Decrees and Resolution Agreements at:

www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/investigations/05115901.html (Anoka-Hennepin School District, MN, 3-5-12).

District, IVIN, 3-3-12).

www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/investigations/09111031.html (Tehachapi Unified School District, CA, 7-7-11).

www.justice.gov/crt/about/edu/documents/arcadiaagree.pdf (Arcadia Unified School District, CA, 7-24-13).

OCR Resources for LGBTQI+ Students, at:

www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/lgbt.html

Executive Order No. 11,246, 30 FR 12319, 12935, 3 CFR, 1964-1965 Comp., p. 339, (1965), as amended on 7-21-14, prohibits discrimination by the federal government or federal contractors on the basis of sexual orientation or gender identity. The Secretary of Labor was directed to prepare implementing regulations within 90 days (or by 10-19-14).

The School Leaders Risk Management Association. *District Transgender and Gender Non-conforming Student Practice and Policy*, May 2014 (Copyright - Chicago: Brokers Risk Placement Service, Inc., 2014).

Revised: June 2022

Adopted: September 2022

Administrative Procedure - Accommodating Breastfeeding Students

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that students who choose to breastfeed an infant after returning to school are provided reasonable accommodations. A student who is a nursing mother may take reasonable breaks during the school day to express breast milk or breastfeed an infant. The District's Title IX Coordinator, in consultation with the Building Principal, will implement reasonable accommodations for the nursing mother in a manner that minimizes disruption to the student's education.

Reasonable accommodations for breastfeeding students, include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Access to a private and secure room, other than a bathroom, to express breast milk or breastfeed an infant child.
- 2. Permission to bring onto the school campus a breast pump or other equipment used to express breast milk.
- 3. Access to a power source for a breast pump or any other equipment used to express breast
- 4. Access to a place to store expressed breastmilk safely.
- 5. Reasonable breaks to accommodate the student's need to express breast milk or breastfeed an infant child.
- The opportunity to make up work missed to due to the student's use of reasonable accommodations for breastfeeding.

Complaints

The District's Complaint Manager or Non-Discrimination Coordinator will process any complaints regarding reasonable accommodations for breastfeeding students in accordance with policy 2:260, Uniform Grievance Procedure. In those cases where a complainant appeals the Superintendent's decision to the Board, the Superintendent will inform the complainant that he or she may appeal the Board's decision to the Regional Superintendent and, thereafter, to the State Superintendent, in accordance with 23 Ill.Admin.Code §200.40.

LEGAL REF.:

34 C.F.R. §106.40. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.60.

Revised: June 2022

Adopted: September 2022

7:10-AP2

7:10-E

Page 1 of 1

Students

Exhibit - Equal Educational Opportunities Within the School Community

The School District welcomes diversity in its schools. Policy 7:10, Equal Educational Opportunities cites the many civil rights laws that guarantee equal education opportunities to all students. In addition, the policies below address the equal educational opportunities, health, safety, and general welfare of students within the District. These policies are not a complete list, and depending on the factual context, another policy not specifically listed may apply:

- 2:260, Uniform Grievance Procedure, contains the process for an individual to seek resolution of a complaint. A student may use this policy to complain about bullying. The District Complaint Manager shall address the complaint promptly and equitably.
- 2. 6:65, Student Social and Emotional Development, requires that social and emotional learning be incorporated into the District's curriculum and other educational programs.
- 3. 7:10, Equal Educational Opportunities, requires that equal educational and extracurricular opportunities be available to all students without regard to, among other protected statuses, sex, sexual orientation, and gender identity.
- 4. 7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited, prohibits any person from harassing, intimidating, or bullying a student based on an actual or perceived characteristic that is identified in the policy including, among other protected statuses, sex, sexual orientation, and gender identity.
- 5. 7:130, Student Rights and Responsibilities, recognizes that all students are entitled to rights protected by the U.S. and Illinois Constitutions and laws for persons of their age and maturity in a school setting.
- 6. 7:160, Student Appearance, prohibits students from dressing or grooming in such a way as to disrupt the educational process, interfere with a positive teaching/learning climate, or compromise reasonable standards of health, safety, and decency.
- 7. 7:165, Student Uniforms, encourages students to wear school uniforms in order to maintain and promote orderly school functions, school safety, and a positive learning environment, if adopted.
- 8. 7:180, Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment, contains the comprehensive structure for the District's bullying prevention program.
- 9. 7:250, Student Support Services, directs the Superintendent to develop protocols for responding to students' social, emotional, or mental health problems that impact learning.
- 7:330, Student Use of Buildings Equal Access, grants student-initiated groups or clubs the free use of school premises for their meetings, under specified conditions.
- 11. 7:340, Student Records, contains the comprehensive structure for managing school student records, keeping them confidential, and providing access as allowed or required.

New: July 2016

Adopted: October 2016

Student and Family Privacy Rights

Surveys

All surveys requesting personal information from students, as well as any other instrument used to collect personal information from students, must advance or relate to the District's educational objectives as identified in policy 6:10, Educational Philosophy and Objectives, or assist students' career choices. This applies to all surveys, regardless of whether the student answering the questions can be identified or who created the survey.

Surveys Created by a Third Party

Before a school official or staff member administers or distributes a survey or evaluation created by a third party to a student, the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may inspect the survey or evaluation, upon their request and within a reasonable time of their request.

This section applies to every survey: (1) that is created by a person or entity other than a District official, staff member, or student, (2) regardless of whether the student answering the questions can be identified, and (3) regardless of the subject matter of the questions.

Surveys Requesting Personal Information

School officials and staff members shall not request, nor disclose, the identity of any student who completes any survey or evaluation (created by any person or entity, including the District) containing one or more of the following items:

- 1. Political affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parent/guardian.
- 2. Mental or psychological problems of the student or the student's family.
- 3. Behavior or attitudes about sex.
- Illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, or demeaning behavior.
- Critical appraisals of other individuals with whom students have close family relationships.
- 6. Legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those with lawyers, physicians, and ministers.
- 7. Religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs of the student or the student's parent/guardian.
- 8. Income other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assistance under such program.

The student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may:

- 1. Inspect the survey or evaluation upon, and within a reasonable time of, their request, and/or
- 2. Refuse to allow their child to participate in the activity described above. The school shall not penalize any student whose parent(s)/guardian(s) exercised this option.

Instructional Material

A student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may inspect, upon their request, any instructional material used as part of their child's educational curriculum within a reasonable time of their request.

The term "instructional material" means instructional content that is provided to a student, regardless of its format, printed or representational materials, audio-visual materials, and materials in electronic or digital formats (such as materials accessible through the Internet). The term does not include academic tests or academic assessments.

Physical Exams or Screenings

No school official or staff member shall subject a student to a non-emergency, invasive physical examination or screening as a condition of school attendance. The term *invasive physical examination* means any medical examination that involves the exposure of private body parts, or any act during such examination that includes incision, insertion, or injection into the body, but does not include a hearing, vision, or scoliosis screening.

The above paragraph does not apply to any physical examination or screening that:

- 1. Is permitted or required by an applicable State law, including physical examinations or screenings that are permitted without parental notification.
- 2. Is administered to a student in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. §1400 et seq.).
- 3. Is administered pursuant to the District's extracurricular drug and alcohol testing program (see policy 7:240, Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities).
- Is otherwise authorized by Board policy.

Prohibition on Selling or Marketing Students' Personal Information

No school official or staff member shall market or sell personal information concerning students (or otherwise provide that information to others for that purpose). The term *personal information* means individually identifiable information including: (1) a student or parent's first and last name, (2) a home or other physical address (including street name and the name of the city or town), (3) a telephone number, (4) a Social Security identification number or (5) driver's license number or State identification card.

Unless otherwise prohibited by law, the above paragraph does not apply: (1) if the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) have consented; or (2) to the collection, disclosure or, use of personal information collected from students for the exclusive purpose of developing, evaluating or providing educational products or services for, or to, students or educational institutions, such as the following:

- 1. College or other postsecondary education recruitment, or military recruitment.
- 2. Book clubs, magazines, and programs providing access to low-cost literary products.
- 3. Curriculum and instructional materials used by elementary schools and secondary schools.
- 4. Tests and assessments to provide cognitive, evaluative, diagnostic, clinical, aptitude, or achievement information about students (or to generate other statistically useful data for the purpose of securing such tests and assessments) and the subsequent analysis and public release of the aggregate data from such tests and assessments.
- 5. The sale by students of products or services to raise funds for school-related or education-related activities.
- 6. Student recognition programs.

Under no circumstances may a school official or staff member provide a student's personal information to a business organization or financial institution that issues credit or debit cards.

Notification of Rights and Procedures

The Superintendent or designee shall notify students' parents/guardians of:

- 1. This policy as well as its availability upon request from the general administration office.
- 2. How to opt their child out of participation in activities as provided in this policy.
- 3. The approximate dates during the school year when a survey requesting personal information, as described above, is scheduled or expected to be scheduled.
- 4. How to request access to any survey or other material described in this policy.

This notification shall be given to parents/guardians at least annually, at the beginning of the school year, and within a reasonable period after any substantive change in this policy.

Transfer of Rights

The rights provided to parents/guardians in this policy transfer to the student when the student turns 18 years old, or is an emancipated minor.

LEGAL REF.:

20 U.S.C. §1232h, Protection of Pupil Rights Act.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.38.

325 ILCS 17/, Children's Privacy Protection and Parental Empowerment Act.

CROSS REF.:

2:260 (Uniform Grievance Procedure), 6:210 (Instructional Materials), 6:260 (Complaints About Curriculum, Instructional Materials, and Programs), 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:240 (Conduct Code for Participants in

Extracurricular Activities), 7:300 (Extracurricular Athletics)

Revised: June 2022

Adopted: September 2022

Exhibit - Notification to Parents of Family Privacy Rights

Date	
Re:	Student Survey Participation
Dear P	
Your c	hild will be asked to complete a survey as described below:
Su	rvey description:
Su	rvey grade/participants: Anticipated Survey date(s):
Parents	s/guardians may request that their child not participate in surveys that concern one or more of lowing eight areas:
1. 2. 3.	Political affiliations or beliefs of the student or student's parent/guardian; Mental or psychological problems of the student or student's family; Sex behavior or attitudes;
4. 5. 6. 7.	Illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, or demeaning behavior; Critical appraisals of others with whom the student has close family relationships; Legally recognized privileged relationships, such as with lawyers, doctors, or ministers; Religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs of the student or student's parent/guardian; or Income other than as required by law to determine program eligibility.
The so	chool will not penalize any student whose parent/guardian exercises this option. In addition, a foundation may review surveys asking questions about the above areas as well as other ctional materials. School Board policy 7:15, Student and Family Privacy Rights, contains a thorough explanation of these rights and may be obtained from the Building Principal.
Opt-C	Out Instructions (Note: This notice and opt-out right transfers from parents/guardians to any at who is 18 years old.)
If you	do not want your child to participate in this activity, contact your child's Building Principal no han If we do not hear from you by this date, we will assume that you do not to having your child participate in the surveys described above.
Requ	est to Review
the E	I wish to review any survey instrument or instructional material, please submit your request to suilding Principal. You will be notified of the time and place where you may review these rials.
Build	ling Principal contact information:
Revis	sed: June 2023
Ador	oted: July 2023

Harassment of Students Prohibited

No person, including a School District employee or agent, or student, shall harass, intimidate, or bully a student on the basis of actual or perceived: race; color; national origin; military status; unfavorable discharge status from military service; sex; sexual orientation; gender identity; gender-related identity or expression; ancestry; age; religion; physical or mental disability; order of protection status; status of being homeless; actual or potential marital or parental status, including pregnancy; association with a person or group with one or more of the aforementioned actual or perceived characteristics; or any other distinguishing characteristic. The District will not tolerate harassing, intimidating conduct, or bullying whether verbal, physical, sexual, or visual, that affects the tangible benefits of education, that unreasonably interferes with a student's educational performance, or that creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. Examples of prohibited conduct include name-calling, using derogatory slurs, stalking, sexual violence, causing psychological harm, threatening or causing physical harm, threatened or actual destruction of property, or wearing or possessing items depicting or implying hatred or prejudice of one of the characteristics stated above.

Sexual Harassment Prohibited

The District shall provide an educational environment free of verbal, physical, or other conduct or communications constituting harassment on the basis of sex as defined and otherwise prohibited by State and federal law. See policies 2:265, *Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure*, and 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*.

Making a Report or Complaint

Students are encouraged to promptly report claims or incidences of bullying, intimidation, harassment, sexual harassment, or any other prohibited conduct to the Nondiscrimination Coordinator, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, Dean of Students, a Complaint Manager, or any employee with whom the student is comfortable speaking. A student may choose to report to an employee of the student's same gender.

Reports under this policy will be considered a report under Board policy 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*, and/or Board policy 2:265, *Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure*. The Nondiscrimination Coordinator and/or Complaint Manager shall process and review the report according to the appropriate grievance procedure. The Superintendent shall insert into this policy the names, office addresses, email addresses, and telephone numbers of the District's current Nondiscrimination Coordinator and Complaint Managers. The Nondiscrimination Coordinator also serves as the District's Title IX Coordinator.

Nondiscrimination Coordinator:	
Name	
Address	
Email	
Telephone	
Complaint Managers:	
Name	Name
Address	Address
Email	Email
Telephone	Telephone Telephone and students of this policy

The Superintendent shall use reasonable measures to inform staff members and students of this policy by including:

- 1. For students, age-appropriate information about the contents of this policy in the District's student handbook(s), on the District's website, and, if applicable, in any other areas where policies, rules, and standards of conduct are otherwise posted in each school.
- 2. For staff members, this policy in the appropriate employee handbook(s), if applicable, and/or in any other areas where policies, rules, and standards of conduct are otherwise made available to staff.

Investigation Process

Any District employee who receives a report or complaint of harassment must promptly forward the report or complaint to the Nondiscrimination Coordinator or a Complaint Manager. Any employee who fails to promptly comply may be disciplined, up to and including discharge.

Reports and complaints of harassment will be confidential to the greatest extent practicable, subject to the District's duty to investigate and maintain an educational environment that is productive, respectful, and free of unlawful discrimination, including harassment.

For any report or complaint alleging sexual harassment that, if true, would implicate Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. §1681 et seq.), the Nondiscrimination Coordinator or designee shall consider whether action under policy 2:265, *Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure*, should be initiated.

For any other alleged student harassment that does not require action under policy 2:265, *Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure*, the Nondiscrimination Coordinator or a Complaint Manager or designee shall consider whether an investigation under policies 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*, and/or 7:190, *Student Behavior*, should be initiated, regardless of whether a written report or complaint is filed.

Page 2 of 3

Reports That Involve Alleged Incidents of Sexual Abuse of a Child by School Personnel

An alleged incident of sexual abuse is an incident of sexual abuse of a child, as defined in 720 ILCS 5/11-9.1A(b), that is alleged to have been perpetrated by school personnel, including a school vendor or volunteer, that occurred: on school grounds during a school activity; or outside of school grounds or not during a school activity.

Any complaint alleging an incident of sexual abuse shall be processed and reviewed according to policy 5:90, *Abused and Neglected Child Reporting*. In addition to reporting the suspected abuse, the complaint shall also be processed under policy 2:265, *Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure*, or policy 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*.

<u>Enforcement</u>

Any District employee who is determined, after an investigation, to have engaged in conduct prohibited by this policy will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including discharge. Any third party who is determined, after an investigation, to have engaged in conduct prohibited by this policy will be addressed in accordance with the authority of the Board in the context of the relationship of the third party to the District, e.g., vendor, parent, invitee, etc. Any District student who is determined, after an investigation, to have engaged in conduct prohibited by this policy will be subject to disciplinary action, including but not limited to, suspension and expulsion consistent with the behavior policy. Any person making a knowingly false accusation regarding prohibited conduct will likewise be subject to disciplinary action.

Retaliation Prohibited

Retaliation against any person for bringing complaints or providing information about harassment is prohibited (see policies 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*, and 2:265, *Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure*).

Students should report allegations of retaliation to the Building Principal, an administrator, the Nondiscrimination Coordinator, and/or a Complaint Manager.

LEGAL REF.:

20 U.S.C. §1681 et seq., Title IX of the Educational Amendments of 1972; 34 C.F.R. Part 106.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.12, 5/10-22.5, 5/10-23.13, 5/27-1, and 5/27-23.7.

775 ILCS 5/1-101 et seq., Illinois Human Rights Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.240 and Part 200.

Davis v. Monroe County Bd. of Educ., 526 U.S. 629 (1999). Franklin v. Gwinnett Co. Public Schs., 503 U.S. 60 (1992).

Gebser v. Lago Vista Independent Sch. Dist., 524 U.S. 274 (1998).

West v. Derby Unified Sch. Dist. No. 260, 206 F.3d 1358 (10th Cir. 2000).

CROSS REF.:

2:260 (Uniform Grievance Procedure), 2:265 (Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure), 4:165 (Awareness and Prevention of Child Sexual Abuse and Grooming Behaviors), 5:20 (Workplace Harassment Prohibited), 5:90 (Abused and Neglected Child Reporting), 5:120 (Employee Ethics; Code of Professional Conduct; and Conflict of Interest), 7:10 (Equal Educational

Opportunities), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and

Harassment), 7:185 (Teen Dating Violence Prohibited), 7:190 (Student

Behavior), 7:240 (Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities)

Revised: Oct. 22 Adopted: Dec. 22

<u>Administrative Procedure - Harassment of Students Prohibited</u>

This procedure informs: (1) the Building Principal of specific steps to prevent harassment of students, and (2) staff members of the appropriate response to allegations of harassment.

and (2) start memoers o	f the appropriate response to allegations of narassment.		
Actor	Action		
Building Principal or Designee	Informs staff members and students that the District prohibits harassment of students. Distributes or references School Board policies 2:260, Uniform Grievance Procedure; 2:265, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure; and 7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited, using various methods. Takes measures to prevent harassment of students, which may include:		
	1. Conducts regular harassment awareness training for all school staff, including administrators, teachers, and school counselors, and ensures all new employees are trained.		
	 Conducts regular age-appropriate harassment awareness training for students. 		
	3. Provides a means for students to learn and discuss what constitutes harassment and how to respond to it in the school setting.		
	4. Surveys students to determine if harassment is occurring at school.		
	5. Conducts regular harassment awareness training for parents/guardians.		
	6. Works with parents/guardians and students to develop and implement age-appropriate, effective measures for addressing harassment.		
	7. Determines when extra supervision and precaution should be taken, such as when: two or more students seem to be in conflict with each other; there have been previous incidents of harassment, sexual assaults, threats, or bullying around perceived sexual orientation; or a specific student has had multiple disciplinary violations.		
	8. Has a process in place to: (1) inform a staff member when a student that he or she supervises has a history of violent or sexually inappropriate behavior, and (2) keep such a student constantly supervised.		
	9. Regularly trains staff members regarding: (1) their classroom and non-classroom supervisory responsibilities, e.g., during a school-sponsored event, before and after school, while students wait for the school bus, between classes, during lunch, and at recess, (2) behaviors that may be an indicator of sexual or physical violence against another student, and (3) what to do when they observe ar unusual and disruptive student.		

Actor	Action
	10. Identifies areas in the school building that are isolated, e.g., restrooms, locker rooms, hallways while classes are in session, stairwells, and empty rooms, and takes extra steps to make them safe.
	11. Immediately notifies the police and relevant parents/guardians when an assault or attempted assault has occurred.
Nondiscrimination	Thoroughly and promptly investigates allegations of harassment by:
Coordinator and/or Complaint Manager(s)	1. Distributing Board policies 2:260, Uniform Grievance Procedure; 2:265, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure; and 7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited, to any person upon request;
	2. Following Board policies 2:260, Uniform Grievance Procedure; 2:265, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure; and 7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited;
	3. Notifying a student's parents/guardians that they may attend any investigatory meetings in which their child is present;
	4. Keeping the complaining parents/guardians informed of any investigation's progress; and
	5. Keeping confidential all information about an investigation and the statements of students and other witnesses. The Superintendent shall be kept informed of an investigation's progress, unless the Superintendent is the subject of the complaint. If a complaint contains allegations involving the Superintendent, the Board President shall be kept informed of an investigation's progress.
All District Staff Members	situation that provides you with reasonable cause to believe that a child may be an abused child or a neglected child. See Board policy 5:90, Abused and Neglected Child Reporting.
	Promptly notifies the Superintendent or Building Principal that you made a report. If a report contains allegations involving the Superintendent, only notifies the Building Principal who shall contact the Board President. If a report contains allegations involving the Building Principal, only notifies the Superintendent.

Revised: December 2021 Adopted: January 2022

<u>Students</u>

Student Assignment and Intra-District Transfer

Attendance Areas

The School District is divided into school attendance areas. The Superintendent will:

- 1. Review the boundary lines annually and recommend to the School Board any changes or revisions for existing units; or
- 2. Create new units using a lens that considers preventing segregation and the elimination of separating students in the District's schools because of color, race, or nationality.

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain a map of the District showing current school attendance areas. All records pertaining to the creation, alteration, or revision of attendance units are open to the public. Students living in a given school attendance area will be assigned to that school. Homeless children shall be assigned according to policy 6:140, *Education of Homeless Children*.

Transfers Within the District

A student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may request a transfer for their child to a District school other than the one assigned. A request should be directed to the Superintendent, who, at his or her sole discretion, may grant the request when the parent(s)/guardian(s) demonstrate that the student could be better accommodated at another school, provided space is available. If a request is granted, the parent/guardian shall be responsible for transportation. The provisions in this section have no applicability to transfers pursuant to the Unsafe School Choice Option covered in Board policy 4:170, Safety.

Class Assignments

The Superintendent or designee shall assign students to classes.

LEGAL REF .:

105 ILCS 5/10-21.3, 5/10-21.3a, and 5/10-22.5.

CROSS REF .:

4:170 (Safety), 6:30 (Organization of Instruction), 6:140 (Education of Homeless

Children)

Revised: December 2021 Adopted: January 2022

Nonpublic School Students, Including Parochial and Home-Schooled Students

Part-Time Attendance

The District accepts nonpublic school students, including parochial and home-schooled students, who live within the District for part-time attendance in the District's regular education program on a space-available basis. Requests for part-time attendance must be submitted to the Building Principal of the school in the school attendance area where the student resides. All requests for attendance in the following school year must be submitted before May 1.

A student accepted for partial enrollment must comply with all discipline and attendance requirements established by the school. He or she may participate in any co-curricular activity associated with a District class in which he or she is enrolled. The parent(s)/guardian(s) of a student accepted for partial enrollment must pay all fees, pro-rated on the basis of a percentage of full-time fees. Transportation to and/or from school is provided on regular bus routes to or from a point on the route nearest or most easily accessible to the nonpublic school or student's home. This transportation shall be on the same basis as the District provides transportation for its full-time students. Transportation on other than established bus routes is the responsibility of the parent(s)/guardian(s).

Students with a Disability

The District accepts for part-time attendance those children for whom it has been determined that special education services are needed, are enrolled in nonpublic schools, and otherwise qualify for enrollment in the District. Requests must be submitted by the student's parent/guardian. Special educational services shall be provided to such students as soon as possible after identification, evaluation, and placement procedures provided by State law, but no later than the beginning of the next school semester following the completion of such procedures. Transportation for such students shall be provided only if required in the child's Individualized Educational Program on the basis of the child's disabling condition or as the special education program location may require.

Extracurricular Activities, Including Interscholastic Competition

A nonpublic school student is eligible to participate in: (1) interscholastic competition, provided his or her participation adheres to the regulations established by any association in which the School District maintains a membership, and (2) non-athletic extracurricular activities, provided the student attends a District school for at least one-half of the regular school day, excluding lunch. A nonpublic student who participates in an extracurricular activity is subject to all policies, regulations, and rules that are applicable to other participants in the activity.

Assignment When Enrolling Full-Time in a District School

Grade placement by, and academic credits earned at, a nonpublic school will be accepted if the school has a Certificate of Nonpublic School Recognition from the Illinois State Board of Education, or, if outside Illinois, if the school is accredited by the state agency governing education.

A student who, after receiving instruction in a non-recognized or non-accredited school, enrolls in the District will: (1) be assigned to a grade level according to academic proficiency, and/or (2) have academic credits recognized by the District if the student demonstrates appropriate academic

proficiency to the school administration. Any portion of a student's transcript relating to such instruction will not be considered for placement on the honor roll or computation in class rank.

Notwithstanding the above, recognition of grade placement and academic credits awarded by a nonpublic school is at the sole discretion of the District. All school and class assignments will be made according to School Board policy 7:30, Student Assignment and Intra-District Transfer, as well as administrative procedures implementing this policy.

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/10-20.24 and 5/14-6.01.

CROSS REF.:

4:110 (Transportation), 6:170 (Title I Programs), 6:190 (Extracurricular and Co-Curricular Activities), 6:320 (High School Credit for Proficiency), 7:30 (Student Assignment and Intra-District Transfer), 7:300 (Extracurricular Athletics)

Revised: July 2020

Adopted: September 2020

<u>Administrative Procedure - Placement of Nonpublic School Students Transferring Into the District</u>

Actor	Action
Parent(s)/guardian(s) of a nonpublic school student transferring into the District	Shall perform all school admission requirements contained in School Board policy 7:50, School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools, and administrative procedure 7:50-AP, Administrative Procedure - School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools.
Building Principal or	Meets with parent(s)/guardian(s) to discuss appropriate placement,
designee	Inquires about the student's special interests, concerns, and goals.
	Administers a Student Home Language Survey. ISBE provides Sample Home Language Surveys that are available in English and twenty-nine other languages under the Home Language Surveys tab at: www.isbe.net/Pages/Screening-for-English-Language- Proficiency.aspx.
	Determines achievement level based on interviews, school records, achievement testing, and/or other appropriate means.
	Considers special circumstances, e.g., whether the student: is gifted, is accelerated, has a disability, is homeless, has limited English proficiency, is part of a migrant or refugee family, has special medical needs, or has other needs.
	Before making a placement decision, seeks input from appropriate school personnel.
	Awards credits and determines placement. Course credit awarded to students transferring from a non-graded school or a school that is not recognized by the state education agency, will be given the grade of "P" for passing with no letter or numerical designation for the level of proficiency.
	Completes other enrollment procedures.

Revised: June 2019 Adopted: August 2019

School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools

Age

To be eligible for admission, a child must be five years old on or before September 1 of that school term. A child entering first grade must be six years of age on or before September 1 of that school term. Based upon an assessment of a child's readiness to attend school, the District may permit him or her to attend school prior to these dates. A child will also be allowed to attend first grade based upon an assessment of his or her readiness if he or she attended a non-public preschool, continued his or her education at that school through kindergarten, was taught in kindergarten by an appropriately licensed teacher, and will be six years old on or before December 31. A child with exceptional needs who qualifies for special education services is eligible for admission at three years of age. Early entrance to kindergarten or first grade may also be available through Board policy 6:135, Accelerated Placement Program.

Admission Procedure

All students must register for school each year on the dates and at the place designated by the Superintendent. Parents/guardians of students enrolling in the District for the first time must present:

- 1. A certified copy of the student's birth certificate. If a birth certificate is not presented, the Superintendent or designee shall notify in writing the person enrolling the student that within 30 days he or she must provide a certified copy of the student's birth certificate. A student will be enrolled without a birth certificate. When a certified copy of the birth certificate is presented, the school shall promptly make a copy for its records, place the copy in the student's permanent record, and return the certified copy to the person enrolling the child. If a person enrolling a student fails to provide a certified copy of the student's birth certificate, the Superintendent or designee shall immediately notify the local law enforcement agency, and shall also notify the person enrolling the student in writing that, unless he or she complies within ten days, the case will be referred to the local law enforcement authority for investigation. If compliance is not obtained within that ten-day period, the Superintendent or designee shall so refer the case. The Superintendent or designee shall immediately report to the local law enforcement authority any material received pursuant to this paragraph that appears inaccurate or suspicious in form or content.
- 2. Proof of residence, as required by Board policy 7:60, Residence.
- 3. Proof of disease immunization or detection and the required physical examination, as required by State law and Board policy 7:100, Health, Eye, and Dental Examinations; Immunizations; and Exclusion of Students.

The individual enrolling a student shall be given the opportunity to voluntarily state whether the student has a parent or guardian who is a member of a branch of the U.S. Armed Forces and who is either deployed to active duty or expects to be deployed to active duty during the school year. Students who are children of active duty military personnel transferring will be allowed to enter: (a) the same grade level in which they studied at the school from which they transferred, if the transfer occurs during the District's school year, or (b) the grade level following the last grade completed.

Homeless Children

Any homeless child shall be immediately admitted, even if the child or child's parent/guardian is unable to produce records normally required for enrollment. Board policy 6:140, *Education of Homeless Children*, and its implementing administrative procedure, govern the enrollment of homeless children.

Foster Care Students

The Superintendent will appoint at least one employee to act as a liaison to facilitate the enrollment and transfer of records of students in the legal custody of the Ill. Dept. of Children and Family Services (DCFS) when enrolling in or changing schools. The District's liaison ensures that DCFS' Office of Education and Transition Services receives all written notices and records pertaining to students in the legal custody of DCFS as required by State law.

Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools

A student may transfer into or out of the District according to State law and procedures developed by the Superintendent or designee. A student seeking to transfer into the District must serve the entire term of any suspension or expulsion, imposed for any reason by any public or private school, in this or any other state, before being admitted into the School District.

LEGAL REF.:

8 U.S.C. §1101, Illegal Immigrant and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996.

20 U.S.C. §1232g, Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.

20 U.S.C. §1400 et seq., Individuals With Disabilities Education Improvement Act.

29 U.S.C. §794, Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 504.

42 U.S.C. §11431 et seq., McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.

105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a, 5/10-20.12, 5/10-20.59, 5/10-22.5a, 5/14-1.02, 5/14-1.03a, 5/26-1, 5/26-2, 5/27-8.1.

105 ILCS 10/8.1, Ill. School Student Records Act.

105 ILCS 45/, Education for Homeless Children Act.

105 ILCS 70/, Educational Opportunity for Military Children Act.

325 ILCS 50/, Missing Children Records Act.

325 ILCS 55/, Missing Children Registration Law.

410 ILCS 315/2, Communicable Disease Prevention Act.

20 Ill.Admin.Code Part 1290, Missing Person Birth Records and School Registration.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 226, Special Education. 23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 375, Student Records.

CROSS REF.:

4:110 (Transportation), 6:30 (Organization of Instruction), 6:110 (Programs for Students At Risk of Academic Failure and/or Dropping Out of School and Graduation Incentives Program), 6:135 (Accelerated Placement Program), 6:140 (Education of Homeless Children), 6:300 (Graduation Requirements), 6:310 (High School Credit for Non-District Experiences; Course Substitutions; Re-Entering Students), 7:60 (Residence), 7:70 (Attendance and Truancy), 7:100 (Health, Eye, and Dental Examinations; Immunizations; and Exclusion of

Students), 7:340 (Student Records)

Revised: Oct. 22 Adopted: Dec. 22

<u>Students</u>

<u>Administrative Procedure - School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools</u>

Annual Review

The Superintendent or designee reviews this procedure to ensure it is consistent with applicable State and federal laws.

Legal Citations

The legal requirements contained in this procedure are followed by a citation to the controlling rule and/or statute. Citations in parenthesis indicate the location of a named law. For additional clarification regarding a requirement, the cited law should be reviewed.

Guidance Documents

The following non-regulatory guidance list provides more information:

- 1. Ill. State Board of Education's annual registration and enrollment guidance document titled Residency & Enrollment, Immigrant Pupils, Homeless Pupils and School Fees & Waivers, www.isbe.net/Documents/guidance_reg.pdf;
- Dear Colleague Letter: School Enrollment Procedures, (OCR 05/08/14), www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/letters/colleague-201405.pdf;
- 3. Information on the Rights of All Children to Enroll in School: Questions and Answers for States, School Districts and Parents (revised 05/08/14), www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/qa-201405.pdf; and
- Fact Sheet: Information on the Rights of All Children to Enroll in School, www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/dcl-factsheet-201405.pdf.

Transferring In

Steps	Requirements and Actions That Must Be Completed
Compliance with admission eligibility prerequisites in State law and School Board policy	All students seeking admission shall meet all residency, age, health examination, immunization, and other eligibility prerequisites as mandated by State law and School Board policy on admissions. See Board policy 7:50, School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools.
Compliance with the Missing Children Records Act and Missing Children Registration Law	The Building Principal or designee of the school into which the student is transferring shall notify in writing the person enrolling the student that within 30 days he or she must provide a certified copy of the student's birth certificate. 325 ILCS 55/5(b); 20 Ill.Admin.Code §1290.60(a).
	If the person enrolling a student fails to comply with the above requirement, the Building Principal or designee shall immediately notify the local law enforcement agency and shall also notify the person enrolling the student in writing that, unless he or she complies within 10 days, the matter will be referred to

Steps	Requirements and Actions That Must Be Completed
	the local law enforcement authority for investigation. If compliance is not obtained within that 10-day period, refer the case.
	The Building Principal or designee shall immediately report to the local law enforcement authority and the Ill. Dept. of State Police (ISP) any affidavit explaining the inability to produce a copy of the birth certificate that appears inaccurate or suspicious in form or content. 325 ILCS 50/5 and 55/5(b).
	The Building Principal or designee shall, within 14 days after enrolling a transfer student, request directly from the student's previous school a certified copy of the student's record. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(b); 325 ILCS 50/5(c).
Compliance with the Good Standing Requirement	The parent(s)/guardian(s) of a student who is transferring from an Illinois public school shall ensure that a completed <i>Good Standing Form</i> from that school arrives at the school into which the student is transferring. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a.
	The Good Standing Form, ISBE Form 33-78, available at: www.isbe.net/Documents/33-78 student transfer.pdf, indicates whether the student's medical records are current and whether the student is currently being disciplined by a suspension or expulsion. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(b).
	If the student is transferring from any private school (whether located in Illinois or not) or any non-Illinois public school, the parent(s)/guardian(s) shall certify in writing that the student is not currently serving a suspension or expulsion imposed by the school from which the student is transferring. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(b).
	The Building Principal or designee shall deny admittance to any student who was suspended or expelled for any reason from any public or private school in this or any other state until the student completes the entire term of the suspension or expulsion. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(a). The Superintendent or designee may, upon the request of the parent(s)/guardian(s), place the student in an alternative school program established under the School Code. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(a); 5/10-22.6. Note: Amend this paragraph as necessary to be consistent with board policy (see f/n 14, police 7:50, School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools and policy 7:190, Student Behavior).
	If the student is transferring from an Illinois public school, the Building Principal or designee shall refuse to admit the student unless the student can produce a <i>Good Standing Form</i> .
	If the student is transferring from any private school (whether located in Illinois or not) or any non-Illinois public school, the Building Principal or designee shall refuse to admit the student unless his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) certify in writing that the

Steps	Requirements and Actions That Must Be Completed
	student is not currently serving a suspension or expulsion imposed by the school from which the student is transferring.
Compliance with the School Code and the Illinois School Student Records Act	If a request has not been made, the Building Principal shall request academic transcripts and medical records from the student's former school.
	The Building Principal or designee shall enroll a student whose former school transferred an unofficial record of grades in lieu of the student's official transcript of scholastic records pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(a) and 23 III.Admin.Code §375.75(i). 105 ILCS 10/8.1.
	Out-of-state transfer students, including children of military personnel, may use unofficial transcripts for admission to a school until official transcripts are obtained from the student's last school district. 105 ILCS 10/8.1(d); 105 ILCS 70/32. Simultaneous with the enrollment of a child of active duty military personnel, the Building Principal or designee shall request the child's educational records from his or her former school. 105 ILCS 70/32.
Compliance with laws concerning education of homeless children	The Building Principal or designee shall immediately enroll a homeless child even if the child is unable to produce records normally required for enrollment, in accordance with Board policy 6:140, Education of Homeless Children, and 6:140-AP; Education of Homeless Children. 42 U.S.C. §11432(g)(3)(C)(i) (McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act); 105 ILCS 45/1-20
	The Building Principal or designee must immediately contact the school last attended by the child to obtain relevant academic and other records. 42 U.S.C. §11432(g)(3)(C)(ii); 105 ILCS 45/1-10.
Other admission steps	Building Principal or designee shall make the class or grade leve assignment, with input from a counselor when needed, and may accept or reject the transferring school's recommendations.
	When parent(s)/guardian(s) of a student eligible for special education present a copy of the student's current individualized education program (IEP) to a new school, the student must be placed in a program described in the IEP. 105 ILCS 10/8.1(c); 2 Ill.Admin.Code §226.50(a)(1). If the school does not receive a copy of the student's current IEP or a verbal or written confirmation of the requirements of that IEP from the previous school district when the student is presented for enrollment, the student must be placed in a setting that the District believes will meet the student's needs until a copy of the current IEP is obtained or a new IEP is developed. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §226.50(a)(2).
	The Building Principal or designee shall administer a Student Home Language Survey, to each student entering the District's schools for the first time. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §228.15(a). ISBE

Steps	Requirements and Actions That Must Be Completed
	provides Sample Home Language Surveys that are available in English and twenty-nine other languages under the Home Language Surveys tab at: www.isbe.net/Pages/Screening-for-English-Language-Proficiency.aspx.
	If the Building Principal or designee did not send a request for records to the student's former school or school district, he or she shall send a notification to the school or school district from which the student transferred documenting that the student has enrolled in the school. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(c); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(e).
	The individual enrolling a student shall be given the opportunity to voluntarily state whether the student has a parent or guardian who is a member of a branch of the U.S. Armed Forces and who is either deployed to active duty or expects to be deployed to active duty during the school year. P.A. 99-30 repealed 105 ILCS 5/22-65; this language is not contained in 105 ILCS 70/. All course, program, extracurricular, graduation and other placements from the student's former school shall be initially honored if the District has those options, and spaces available. 105 ILCS 70/35.
	For Districts that collect biometric information:
	The Building Principal or designee shall notify the student and the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) of their rights with respect to the collection, distribution, and retention of biometric information in accordance with the Student Biometric Information Collection subhead in Board policy 7:340, Student Records. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.40; 23 Ill.AdminCode §375.30(a).

Transferring Out

Steps	Requirements and Action That Must Be Completed
Initial step	The parent(s)/guardian(s) of a student shall notify the Building Principal of their intent, pay outstanding fees or fines, sign a release form authorizing the release of student records, and return all school-owned property.
Compliance with the Illinois School Student Records Act	After receiving a request to transfer school student records, the Building Principal or designee of the transferring school must provide written notice of the nature and substance of the information to be transferred and the opportunity to inspect, copy, and challenge the record. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.70(a).
	The Building Principal or designee of the transferring school must, within 10 days of the notice of the student's transfer, forward a copy of the student's school record to the student's new school. 105 ILCS 10/8.1(b); 23 III.Admin.Code §375.75(c), (h). Each school must forward written information relative to the grade levels, subjects and record of academic grades achieved,

Steps	Requirements and Action That Must Be Completed
	current mathematics and language arts placement levels, health records, and a most current set of standardized test reports. However, if the student has unpaid fines or fees and is transferring to a public school located in Illinois or any other state, an official record of the student's grades will be sent in lieu of the student's official transcript of scholastic records. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(a); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(i).
	For children of active duty military personnel, if official educational records cannot be released to a student for the purpose of transferring, the Building Principal or designee shall prepare and furnish a complete set of unofficial educational records to the extent feasible. 105 ILCS 70/32(a).
	The Building Principal or designee shall, within 10 days after the student has paid all of his or her outstanding fines and fees and at the school's own expense, forward an official transcript of the scholastic records as defined in 23 III.Admin.Code §375.75(i). 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(a).
	The Building Principal shall notify the parent(s)/guardian(s) and the student of the destruction schedule for the student's permanent and temporary school records and of his or her right to request a copy of those records. 105 ILCS 10/4(h), amended by P.A. 101-161, eff. 1-1-20; 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(c).
	If within 150 days after a student leaves a school, the school has not received a request for the student's record, or been presented with other documentation that the student has enrolled in another school, the student is counted in the school's and District's calculation of its annual dropout rate. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(c); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(e).
Compliance with requirements for destruction of biometric information (if applicable)	The Building Principal or designee of the transferring school shall, within 30 days, ensure the destruction of any biometric information collected in accordance with the Student Biometric Information Collection subhead in 7:340, <i>Student Records</i> .
	No biometric information shall be transferred to another school district in which a student has enrolled. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.40; 23 III.Admin.Code §375.70(a)(2). Destruction of a student's biometric information is not subject to authorization by the appropriate Local Record Commission (50 ILCS 205/7). 105 ILCS 5/10-20.40(d); 23 III.Admin.Code §375.40(c).
Compliance with the Missing Children Records Act and Missing Children Registration Law	The Building Principal or designee of the transferring school must send the student's records within 10 days of receipt of the request, unless the record has been flagged pursuant to the Missing Children Records Act and/or Missing Children Registration Law; if flagged, the copy shall not be forwarded and the requested school must notify the local law enforcement authority and ISP of the request. 325 ILCS 55/5 and 50/5.

ť

.

)

LEGAL REF .:

20 U.S.C. §1232g, Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.

Plyler v. Doe, 457 U.S. 202 (1982). 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a, and 5/10-20.40.

105 ILCS 10/, Ili. School Student Records Act. 105 ILCS 45/, Education for Homeless Children Act.

105 ILCS 70/, Educational Opportunity for Military Children Act.

325 ILCS 50/, Missing Children Records Act.
325 ILCS 55/, Missing Children Registration Law.
750 ILCS 60/222, Ill. Domestic Violence Act of 1986.

20 III.Admin.Code §1290.60(a).

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 375, Student Records.

Revised: October 2019

Adopted: December 2019

<u>Students</u>

Residence

Resident Students

Only students who are residents of the District may attend a District school without a tuition charge, except as otherwise provided below or in State law. A student's residence is the same as the person who has legal custody of the student.

A person asserting legal custody over a student, who is not the child's natural or adoptive parent, shall complete a signed statement, stating: (a) that he or she has assumed and exercises legal responsibility for the child, (b) the reason the child lives with him or her, other than to receive an education in the District, and (c) that he or she exercises full control over the child regarding daily educational and medical decisions in case of emergency. If the District knows the current address of the child's natural or adoptive parent, the District shall request in writing that the person complete a signed statement or affidavit stating: (a) the role and responsibility of the person with whom their child is living, and (b) that the person with whom the child is living has full control over the child regarding daily educational and medical decisions in case of emergency.

A student whose family moves out of the District during the school year will be permitted to attend school for the remainder of the year without payment of tuition.

When a student's change of residence is due to the military service obligation of the student's legal custodian, the student's residence is deemed to be unchanged for the duration of the custodian's military service obligation if the student's custodian made a written request. The District, however, is not responsible for the student's transportation to or from school.

If, at the time of enrollment, a dependent child of military personnel is housed in temporary housing located outside of the District, but will be living within the District within six months after the time of initial enrollment, the child is allowed to enroll, subject to the requirements of State law, and must not be charged tuition.

Requests for Nonresident Student Admission

Nonresident students may attend District schools upon the approval of a request submitted by the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) for nonresident admission. The Superintendent may approve the request subject to the following:

- 1. The student will attend on a year-to-year basis. Approval for any one year is not authorization to attend a following year.
- 2. The student will be accepted only if there is sufficient room.
- 3. The student's parent(s)/guardian(s) will be charged the maximum amount of tuition as allowed by State law.
- The student's parent(s)/guardian(s) will be responsible for transporting the student to and from school.

Admission of Nonresident Students Pursuant to an Agreement or Order

Nonresident students may attend District schools tuition-free pursuant to:

- 1. A written agreement with an adjacent school district to provide for tuition-free attendance by a student of that district, provided both the Superintendent or designee and the adjacent district determine that the student's health and safety will be served by such attendance.
- 2. A written agreement with cultural exchange organizations and institutions supported by charity to provide for tuition-free attendance by foreign exchange students and nonresident pupils of charitable institutions.
- 3. According to an intergovernmental agreement.
- 4. Whenever any State or federal law or a court order mandates the acceptance of a nonresident student.

Homeless Children

Any homeless child shall be immediately admitted, even if the child or child's parent/guardian is unable to produce records normally required to establish residency. School Board policy 6:140, Education of Homeless Children, and its implementing administrative procedure, govern the enrollment of homeless children.

Challenging a Student's Residence Status

If the Superintendent or designee determines that a student attending school on a tuition-free basis is a nonresident of the District for whom tuition is required to be charged, he or she on behalf of the School Board shall notify the person who enrolled the student of the tuition amount that is due. The notice shall detail the specific reasons why the Board believes that the student is a nonresident of the District and shall be given by certified mail, return receipt requested. The person who enrolled the student may challenge this determination and request a hearing as provided by the School Code, 105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b.

LEGAL REF .:

42 U.S.C. §11431 et seq., McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.12a, 5/10-20.12b, 5/10-22.5, and 5/10-22.5a.

105 ILCS 45/, Education for Homeless Children Act.

105 ILCS 70/, Educational Opportunity for Military Children Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.240.

Israel S. by Owens v. Bd. of Educ. of Oak Park and River Forest High Sch. Dist.

200, 235 Ill.App.3d 652 (5th Dist. 1992).

Joel R. v. Board of Education of Manheim School District 83, 292 Ill.App.3d 607

(1st Dist. 1997).

Kraut v. Rachford, 51 Ill.App.3d 206 (1st Dist. 1977).

CROSS REF .:

6:140 (Education of Homeless Children), 7:50 (School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools), 7:70 (Attendance and Truancy)

Revised: December 2021 Adopted: January 2022

<u>Students</u>

<u>Administrative Procedure - Challenging a Student's Residence Status</u>

Actor	Action
Superintendent or Designee	On behalf of the School Board, notifies the person who enrolled a student of the tuition amount due to the District for the nonresident student's attendance. The notice shall detail the specific reasons why the board believes that the student is a nonresident of the District and shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested.
	Consults the Board Attorney as needed throughout the challenge process.
Person Who Enrolled the Student	Within 10 calendar days after receipt of the notice, may request a hearing to review the determination that tuition is due. The request shall be sent certified mail, return receipt requested, to the Superintendent.
	If a hearing is requested to review the Board's decision: May request that the student continue attending the District's schools pending the Board's final decision. Such attendance shall not relieve the person who enrolled the student of the obligation to pay the tuition for that attendance if the Board decides the student is a nonresident who must pay tuition.
Superintendent or Designee	On behalf of the Board and within 10 calendar days after receiving the hearing request, shall notify the person requesting the hearing of its time and place; the notification shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested. The hearing shall be held not less than ten nor more than 20 calendar days after this hearing notice is given. The hearing notice shall notify the person requesting the hearing that any written evidence and testimony or witnesses not disclosed at least three calendar days prior to the hearing are barred at the hearing without the District's consent.
	At least three calendar days prior to the hearing, discloses to the person requesting the hearing all written evidence and testimony the District may submit during the hearing and a list of witnesses it may call to testify during the hearing.
Person Who Enrolled the Student	At least three calendar days prior to the hearing, discloses to the District all written evidence and testimony he/she may submit during the hearing and a list of witnesses he/she may call to testify during the hearing.
School Board or Hearing Officer Designated by the Board	Conducts the hearing. At the hearing: (1) the Board and the person who enrolled the student may use representatives of their choice, and (2) the person who enrolled the student has the burden of going forward with the evidence concerning the student's residency.
	If the hearing is conducted by a hearing officer: Within five

Actor	Action
	calendar days after the hearing's conclusion, sends a written report of his or her findings to the Board and to the person who enrolled the student. The report shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested.
Person Who Enrolled the Student	If the hearing is conducted by a hearing officer: Within five calendar days after receiving the hearing officer's findings, may file written objections to the findings with the Board. The objections shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the Superintendent.
School Board	Whether the hearing is conducted by the Board or a hearing officer: Within 30 calendar days after the hearing's conclusion, decides whether or not the student is a resident of the District and the amount of any tuition required to be charged as a result of the student's attendance in the District's schools. Within five calendar days of its decision sends a copy of its decision to the person who enrolled the student by certified mail, return receipt requested. The decision must inform the person who enrolled the student that: (1) he/she may, within five calendar days after receipt of the Board's decision, petition the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center of schools to review the decision; and (2) at his/her request, the student may continue attending the District's schools pending the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center's review of the Board's decision. Such attendance shall not relieve the person who enrolled the student of the obligation to pay the tuition for that attendance if the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center decides the student is a nonresident.
Person Who Enrolled the Student	Within five calendar days after receiving the Board's decision, may petition the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center to review the decision. The petition must include the basis for the request and be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to both the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center and the Superintendent.
School Board	Within five calendar days after receiving petition, delivers to the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center the Board's decision, any written evidence and testimony submitted by the parties during the hearing, a list of all witnesses that testified during the hearing, and any existing written minutes or transcript or verbatim record of the hearing. May also provide the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center and the person who enrolled the student with a written response to the petition.
Regional Superintendent of Schools or appropriate Intermediate Service Cente	District, issues a written decision as to whether of the District and

Page 2 of 3

Actor	Action
Actor	enrolled the student, and shall, with specificity, detail the decision's
	rationale.

LEGAL REF:

105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b.

Revised: December 2021 Adopted: January 2022

<u>Students</u>

Administrative Procedure - Establishing Student Residency

Actor	Requirements and Actions that Must Be Completed
Anyone Seeking to	Must present a certified copy of the student's birth certificate.
Enroll a Student	Must present proof of residency within the District by providing the required number of documents from each of the following categories:
	Category I (One document required) Most recent property tax bill and proof of payment, e.g., canceled check or Form 1098 (homeowners) Mortgage papers (homeowners) Signed and dated lease and proof of last month's payment, e.g., canceled check or receipts (renters) Letter from manager and proof of last month's payment, e.g., canceled check or receipt (trailer park residents) Letter of residence from landlord in lieu of lease (7:60-AP2, E1, Letter of Residence from Landlord in Lieu of Lease) Letter of residence to be used when the person seeking to enroll a student is living with a District resident (7:60-AP2, E2, Letter of Residence to Be Used When the Person Seeking to Enroll a Student Is Living with a District Resident)
	Category II (Two documents showing proper address are required)
	Driver's license Vehicle registration Voter registration Most recent cable television and/or credit card bill Current bank statement Current public aid card Current homeowners/renters insurance policy and premium payment
	receipt Most recent gas, electric, and/or water bill Current library card Receipt for moving van rental Military Personnel Enrolling a Student for the First Time in the District.
	Must provide one of the following within six months after the date of student's initial enrollment)
	Postmarked mail addressed to military personnel Lease agreement for occupancy Proof of ownership of residence
	Military Personnel with Legal Custody of a Child Who Want to Keep the Child Enrolled in the District Despite Having Changed Residence Due to a Military Service Obligation.
	Upon submitting a written request, the student's residence will be deeme to be unchanged for the duration of the custodian's military service

7:60-AP2

Actor	Requirements and Actions that Must Be Completed
	obligation. The District, however, is not responsible for the student's transportation to or from school. Military Personnel Placing Nonresident Child with Non-Custodial Parent While on Active Military Duty. A student will not be charged tuition while he or she is placed with a non-custodial parent (a person who has temporary custody of a child of active duty military personnel and who is responsible for making decisions for the child). Must provide any "special power of attorney" created by the student's parent/guardian for the District to follow. A special power of attorney authorizes: (1) the student to enroll in a district of the non-custodial parent, and (2) the non-custodial parent to make decisions for the student. Any special power of attorney will be filed in the student's temporary record.
Anyone with a Custody Order Seeking to Enroll a Student	Presents court order, agreement, judgment, or decree that awards or gives custody of the student to any person (including divorce decrees awarding custody to one or both parents).
Non-Parent Seeking to Enroll a Student	Must complete and sign Evidence of Non-Parent's Custody, Control, and Responsibility of a Student form, exhibit 7:60-AP2, E3.

IMPORTANT:

The School District reserves the right to evaluate the evidence presented, and merely presenting the items listed in this Procedure does not guarantee admission.

WARNING:

If a student is determined to be a nonresident of the District for whom tuition must be charged, the persons enrolling the student are liable for nonresident tuition from the date the student began attending a District school as a nonresident.

A person who knowingly enrolls or attempts to enroll in this School District on a tuition-free basis a student known by that person to be a nonresident of the District is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor, except in very limited situations as defined in State law. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b(e).

A person who knowingly or willfully presents to the School District any false information regarding the residency of a student for the purpose of enabling that student to attend any school in that District without the payment of a nonresident tuition charge is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b(f).

Revised: June 2022

Adopted: September 2022

<u>Students</u>

Exhibit - Letter of Residence from Landlord in Lieu of Lease

A person seeking to enroll a child may use this form as evidence of residency when a signed lease is unavailable — other documents will also be required to establish residency. Return this completed form, signed by your landlord, to the Building Principal. The School District reserves the right to evaluate the evidence presented; completing this form does not guarantee admission.

To be completed and signed by the individual enrolling the child and returned to the Principal. Please print.

Child	So	chool
Individual enrolling the child	P	hone
Relationship to the child	E	mail
Residence street address	City	Zip code
Landlord's name	Ī	andlord's phone
Landlord's address	City	Zip code
Signature of the individual enrolling the student To be signed by your landlord to verify to I certify that the individuals named above	hat you are renting this are living in the residence	Pate residence. e named above for the lease term
To be signed by your landlord to verify t	hat you are renting this are living in the residence	residence.

7:60-AP2, E1

Exhibit - Letter of Residence to Be Used When the Person Seeking to Enroll a Student Is Living with a District Resident

A person seeking to enroll a child should use this form as evidence of residency when he or she cannot produce a lease, purchase property agreement, or other similar document - other documents will also be required to establish residency. The School District reserves the right to evaluate the evidence presented; completing this form does not guarantee admission.

To be completed by the individual enrolling the child and returned to the Principal. Please print. School Child Phone Individual enrolling the child Email Relationship to the child Zip code City Residence street address Date Signature of the individual enrolling the student To be completed and signed by the individual who is responsible for the residence. Please print. Name of the individual who is responsible for the residence Phone I am responsible for this residence by \square ownership, \square lease, or \square other Total number of: Persons living at this residence _____ Rooms in residence _____ Bedrooms ____ State the reasons for this living arrangement, including your relationship to the individual enrolling the child (attach an additional statement to this form if needed): I certify that this information is true and that the individuals named above are living in my residence. Signature of the individual who is responsible for the residence Date WARNING: If a student is determined to be a nonresident of the District for whom tuition must be charged,

the persons enrolling the student are liable for nonresident tuition from the date the student began attending a District school as a nonresident.

A person who knowingly enrolls or attempts to enroll in this School District on a tuition-free basis a student known by that person to be a nonresident of the district is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor, except in very limited situations as defined in State law. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b(e).

A person who knowingly or willfully presents to the School District any false information regarding the residency of a student for the purpose of enabling that student to attend any school in that district without the payment of a nonresident tuition charge is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b(f).

Adopted: January 2022 Revised: December 2021

7:60-AP2, E2

Exhibit - Evidence of Non-Parent's Custody, Control, and Responsibility of a Student

This form is used when the child is not living with a natural or adoptive parent. It must be completed by the individual who has assumed custody. Read **Important Warning** and submit this form with your signature to the Building Principal. The School District reserves the right to evaluate the evidence presented and require further documentation. Completing this form does not guarantee admission.

admission.	
Student's name	School
Name of individual completing this form (Pl	ease print) Relationship to child
Please check all applicable boxes:	
The child lives with me at my residence The child lives with me because: The child will be living with me until:	address, as stated below.
☐ I have assumed and exercise full legal reand medical decisions, including responsiving the documents giving you custody) ☐ medical decisions and costs ☐ discipline and restitution for vandality.	esponsibility for and control of the child regarding daily educational insibility for: (attach copies of any agreements, judgments, decrees is food and clothing school fees (books, bus, etc.) e explain any unchecked boxes)
	less than 7 nights per week)
Spends weekends and summers/sch	ool breaks
IMPORTANT WARNING: If a stude must be charged, the persons enrolling the began attending a District school as a nonre	ent is determined to be a nonresident of the District for whom tunton a student are liable for nonresident tuition from the date the student esident.
known by that person to be a nonresident	of the District is guitty of a chain of the District is guitty of the District is guitty of a chain of the District is guitty of the Dis
	ents to the School District any faise information regarding a student of any school in the District without the payment of a nonresident tuition
Date Signature of ind	lividual completing this form
Telephone Address	
Optional: To be completed by the nat	ural or adoptive parent(s), if one is available.
Please check all applicable boxes:	
I am the natural or adoptive parent of	the child.
	ody and control of, as well as responsibility for this child to (attach decrees or other documents giving the person named below custody):

		-
Date	Signature of individual completing this form	··
Telephone	Address	

7:60-AP2, E3

Attendance and Truancy

Compulsory School Attendance

This policy applies to individuals who have custody or control of a child: (a) between the ages of six (on or before September 1) and 17 years (unless the child has graduated from high school), or (b) who is enrolled in any of grades kindergarten through 12 in the public school regardless of age.

Subject to specific requirements in State law, the following children are not required to attend public school: (1) any child attending a private school (including a home school) or parochial school, (2) any child who is physically or mentally unable to attend school (including a pregnant student suffering medical complications as certified by her physician), (3) any child lawfully and necessarily employed, (4) any child over 12 and under 14 years of age while in confirmation classes, (5) any child absent because of religious reasons, including to observe a religious holiday, for religious instruction, or because his or her religion forbids secular activity on a particular day(s) or time of day, and (6) any child 16 years of age or older who is employed and is enrolled in a graduation incentives program.

The parent/guardian of a student who is enrolled must authorize all absences from school and notify the school in advance or at the time of the student's absence. A valid cause for absence includes illness (including mental or behavioral health of the student), observance of a religious holiday, death in the immediate family, attendance at a civic event, family emergency, other situations beyond the control of the student as determined by the Board, voting pursuant to policy 7:90, *Release During School Hours* (10 ILCS 5/7-42 and 5/17-15), other circumstances that cause reasonable concern to the parent/guardian for the student's mental, emotional, or physical health or safety, or other reason as approved by the Superintendent or designee. Students absent for a valid cause may make up missed homework and classwork assignments in a reasonable timeframe.

Absenteeism and Truancy Program

The Superintendent or designee shall manage an absenteeism and truancy program in accordance with the School Code and School Board policy. The program shall include but not be limited to:

- A protocol for excusing a student from attendance who is necessarily and lawfully employed.
 The Superintendent or designee is authorized to determine when the student's absence is justified.
- 2. A protocol for excusing a student in grades 6 through 12 from attendance to sound *Taps* at a military honors funeral held in Illinois for a deceased veteran.
- 3. A protocol for excusing a student from attendance on a particular day(s) or at a particular time of day when his/her parent/guardian is an active duty member of the uniformed services and has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or has immediately returned from deployment to a combat zone or combat-support postings.
- 4. A process to telephone, within two hours after the first class, the parents/guardians of students in grade 8 or below who are absent without prior parent/guardian notification.
- 5. A process to identify and track students who are truants, chronic or habitual truants, or truant minors as defined in 105 ILCS 5/26-2a.
- 6. A description of diagnostic procedures for identifying the cause(s) of a student's unexcused absenteeism, including interviews with the student, his or her parent(s)/guardian(s), and staff

- members or other people who may have information about the reasons for the student's attendance problem.
- 7. The identification of supportive services that may be offered to truant, chronically truant, or chronically absent students, including parent-teacher conferences, student and/or family counseling, or information about community agency services. See Board policy 6:110, Programs for Students At Risk of Academic Failure and/or Dropping Out of School and Graduation Incentives Program.
- 8. A process for the collection and review of chronic absence data and to:
 - a. Determine what systems of support and resources are needed to engage chronically absent students and their families, and
 - b. Encourage the habit of daily attendance and promote success.
- Reasonable efforts to provide ongoing professional development to teachers, administrators, Board members, school resource officers, and staff on the appropriate and available supportive services for the promotion of student attendance and engagement.
- 10. A process to request the assistance and resources of outside agencies, such as, the juvenile officer of the local police department or the truant office of the appropriate Regional Office of Education, if truancy continues after supportive services have been offered.
- 11. A protocol for cooperating with non-District agencies including County or municipal authorities, the Regional Superintendent, truant officers, the Community Truancy Review Board, and a comprehensive community based youth service agency. Any disclosure of school student records must be consistent with Board policy 7:340, Student Records, as well as State and federal law concerning school student records.
- 12. An acknowledgement that no punitive action, including out-of-school suspensions, expulsions, or court action, shall be taken against a truant minor for his or her truancy unless available supportive services and other school resources have been provided to the student.
- 13. The criteria to determine whether a student's non-attendance is due to extraordinary circumstances shall include economic or medical necessity or family hardship and such other criteria that the Superintendent believes qualifies.

[For high school and unit districts only]

- 14. A process for a 17-year-old resident to participate in the District's various programs and resources for truants. The student must provide documentation of his/her dropout status for the previous six months. A request from an individual 19 years of age or older to re-enroll after having dropped out of school is handled according to provisions in 7:50, School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools.
- 15. A process for the temporary exclusion of a student 17 years of age or older for failing to meet minimum attendance standards according to provisions in State law. A parent/guardian has the right to appeal a decision to exclude a student.

Monitoring

Pursuant to State law and policy 2:240, *Board Policy Development*, the Board updates this policy at least once every two years. The Superintendent or designee shall assist the Board with its update.

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/22-92 and 5/26-1 through 18.

705 ILCS 405/3-33.5, Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §§1.242 and Part 207.

CROSS REF .:

5:100 (Staff Development Program), 6:110 (Programs for Students At Risk of Academic Failure and/or Dropping Out of School and Graduation Incentives Program), 6:150 (Home and Hospital Instruction), 7:10 (Equal Educational Opportunities), 7:50 (School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools), 7:60 (Residence), 7:80 (Release Time for Religious Instruction/Observance), 7:90 (Release During School Hours), 7:190 (Student

Behavior), 7:340 (Student Records)

Revised: Oct. 22 Adopted: Dec. 22

<u>Students</u>

Release Time for Religious Instruction/Observance

A student shall be released from school, as an excused absence, because of religious reasons, including to observe a religious holiday, for religious instruction, or because the student's religion forbids secular activity on a particular day(s) or time of day. The student's parent/guardian must give written notice to the Building Principal at least five calendar days before the student's anticipated absence(s).

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and distribute to teachers appropriate procedures regarding student absences for religious reasons, including how teachers are notified of a student's impending absence, and the State law requirement that teachers provide the student with an equivalent opportunity to make up any examination, study, or work requirement.

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/26-1 and 5/26-2b.

775 ILCS 35/, Religious Freedom Restoration Act.

CROSS REF.:

7:70 (Attendance and Truancy)

Revised: December 2021

Adopted: January 2022

Page 1 of 1

Students

Release During School Hours

For safety and security reasons, a prior written or oral consent of a student's custodial parent/guardian is required before a student is released during school hours: (1) at any time before the regular dismissal time or at any time before school is otherwise officially closed, and/or (2) to any person other than a custodial parent/guardian.

Early Dismissal Announcement

The Superintendent or designee shall make reasonable efforts to issue an announcement whenever it is necessary to close school early due to inclement weather or other reason.

LEGAL REF.:

10 ILCS 5/7-42(b) and 5/17-15(b), Election Code.

CROSS REF.:

4:170 (Safety)

Revised: March 2020

Adopted: May 2020

Health, Eye, and Dental Examinations; Immunizations; and Exclusion of Students

Required Health Examinations and Immunizations

A student's parents/guardians shall present proof that the student received a health examination, with proof of the immunizations against, and screenings for, preventable communicable diseases, as required by the Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH), within one year prior to:

- 1. Entering kindergarten or the first grade;
- 2. Entering the sixth and ninth grades; and
- 3. Enrolling in an Illinois school, regardless of the student's grade (including nursery school, special education, Head Start programs operated by elementary or secondary schools, and students transferring into Illinois from out-of-state or out-of-country).

Proof of immunization against meningococcal disease is required for students in grades 6 and 12.

As required by State law:

- 1. Health examinations must be performed by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, an advanced practice registered nurse, or a physician assistant who has been delegated the performance of health examinations by a supervising physician.
- A diabetes screening is a required part of each health examination; diabetes testing is not required.
- An age-appropriate developmental screening and an age-appropriate social and emotional screening are required parts of each health examination. A student will not be excluded from school due to his or her parent/guardian's failure to obtain a developmental screening or a social and emotional screening.
- 4. Before admission and in conjunction with required physical examinations, parents/guardians of children between the ages of one and seven years must provide a statement from a physician that their child was *risk-assessed* or screened for lead poisoning.
- 5. The IDPH will provide all students entering sixth grade and their parents/guardians information about the link between human papillomavirus (HPV) and HPV-related cancers and the availability of the HPV vaccine.
- 6. The District will provide informational materials regarding influenza, influenza vaccinations, meningococcal disease, and meningococcal vaccinations developed, provided, or approved by the IDPH when it provides information on immunizations, infectious diseases, medications, or other school health issues to students' parents/guardians.

Unless an exemption or extension applies, the failure to comply with the above requirements by October 15 of the current school year will result in the student's exclusion from school until the required health forms are presented to the District. New students who register after October 15 of the current school year shall have 30 days following registration to comply with the health examination and immunization regulations. If a medical reason prevents a student from receiving a required immunization by October 15, the student must present, by October 15, an immunization schedule and a statement of the medical reasons causing the delay. The schedule and statement of medical reasons

must be signed by the physician, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant, or local health department responsible for administering the immunizations.

A student transferring from out-of-state who does not have the required proof of immunizations by October 15 may attend classes only if he or she has proof that an appointment for the required vaccinations is scheduled with a party authorized to submit proof of the required vaccinations. If the required proof of vaccination is not submitted within 30 days after the student is permitted to attend classes, the student may no longer attend classes until proof of the vaccinations is properly submitted.

Eye Examination

Parents/guardians are encouraged to have their children undergo an eye examination whenever health examinations are required.

Parents/guardians of students entering kindergarten or an Illinois school for the first time shall present proof before October 15 of the current school year that the student received an eye examination within one year prior to entry of kindergarten or the school. A physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, or a licensed optometrist, must perform the required eye examination.

If a student fails to present proof by October 15, the school may hold the student's report card until the student presents proof: (1) of a completed eye examination, or (2) that an eye examination will take place within 60 days after October 15. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that parents/guardians are notified of this eye examination requirement in compliance with the rules of the IDPH. Schools shall not exclude a student from attending school due to failure to obtain an eye examination.

Dental Examination

All children in kindergarten and the second, sixth, and ninth grades must present proof of having been examined by a licensed dentist before May 15 of the current school year in accordance with rules adopted by the IDPH.

If a child in the second, sixth, or ninth grade fails to present proof by May 15, the school may hold the child's report card until the child presents proof: (1) of a completed dental examination, or (2) that a dental examination will take place within 60 days after May 15. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that parents/guardians are notified of this dental examination requirement at least 60 days before May 15 of each school year.

Exemptions

In accordance with rules adopted by the IDPH, a student will be exempted from this policy's requirements for:

- 1. Religious grounds, if the student's parents/guardians present the IDPH's Certificate of Religious Exemption form to the Superintendent or designee. When a Certificate of Religious Exemption form is presented, the Superintendent or designee shall immediately inform the parents/guardians of exclusion procedures pursuant to Board policy 7:280, Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease, and State rules if there is an outbreak of one or more diseases from which the student is not protected.
- 2. Health examination or immunization requirements on medical grounds, if the examining physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant provides written verification.
- 3. Eye examination requirement, if the student's parents/guardians show an undue burden or lack of access to a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches who provides eye examinations or a licensed optometrist.

4. Dental examination requirement, if the student's parents/guardians show an undue burden or a lack of access to a dentist.

Homeless Child

Any homeless child shall be immediately admitted, even if the child or child's parent/guardian is unable to produce immunization and health records normally required for enrollment. School Board policy 6:140, *Education of Homeless Children*, governs the enrollment of homeless children.

LEGAL REF.:

42 U.S.C. §11431 et seq., McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.

105 ILCS 5/27-8.1 and 45/1-20.

410 ILCS 45/7.1, Lead Poisoning Prevention Act.

410 ILCS 315/2e, Communicable Disease Prevention Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.530.

77 Ill. Admin.Code Part 664, Socio-Emotional and Developmental Screening.

77 Ill.Admin.Code Part 665, Child and Student Health Examination and

Immunization.

77 Ill.Admin.Code Part 690, Control of Communicable Diseases.

CROSS REF.:

6:30 (Organization of Instruction), 6:140 (Education of Homeless Children), 6:180 (Extended Instructional Programs), 7:50 (School Admissions and Student

Transfers To and From Non-District Schools), 7:280 (Communicable and

Chronic Infectious Disease)

Revised: Oct. 22

Adopted: Dec. 22

STUDENTS

Student Transfer

Transferring In

Students seeking admission to the District must meet all residency, age, health examination, immunization, and other eligibility prerequisites as mandated by State law. A student must also present a good standing form from the school from which the student is transferring. In order to be admitted, the form must indicate that the student is not currently suspended or expelled.

The Building Administrator shall make the class or grade level assignment and may accept or reject the transferring school's recommendations.

The School office shall request all student records from the transferring school.

Transferring Out

Parent(s)/guardian(s) of a student transferring from the District should give the Building Administrator notification of their intent, pay outstanding fees or fines, sign a release form, and return all school-owned property.

Within 10 days of a transfer notification, the school office shall send to the District in which the student will or has enrolled, an unofficial record of the student's grades, current mathematics and language arts placement levels, health records, and most current standardized test reports. Within 10 days after the student has paid all outstanding fines and fees, the Administrator shall mail an official transcript of the scholastic records.

105 ILCS 5/23-3/13a and 10/8.1 [Ill. Rev. Stat., LEGAL REF.: ch. 122, pp 2-3.a and 50-8.1].

Family Education Rights and Privacy Act,

20 U.S.C. sec 1232.

23 Ill. Admin. Code, sec 375 Student Records.

CROSS REF.: 7.50, 7.350, 7.370

September 18, 1995 ADOPTED:

Revised: November 19, 1996

Page 1 of 1

STUDENTS

Special Education Evaluation

Students may be referred for a special education evaluation by school district personnel, the parents, community service agencies, persons having primary care and custody of the child, other professional persons having knowledge of the child's problems, the child, or the State Board of Education.

The evaluation procedures will be in accordance with federal and state law to determine whether a child is disabled and the nature and extent of the special education and related services the child needs.

LEGAL REF.: Individuals With Disabilities Education Act,
20 U.S.C. Sec 1400 et seg.
105 ILCS 5/14-8.02 [Ill, Rev. Stat., Ch. 122,
pp 14-8.02].
22 Ill Admin Code sec 226 510 and 226.515h.

23 <u>Ill. Admin. Code</u> sec 226.510 and 226.515b. 34 C.F.R. sec 300.500, and 300.530 <u>et seg</u>.

CROSS REF.: 6.120

ADOPTED: September 18, 1995

Student Rights and Responsibilities

All students are entitled to enjoy the rights protected by the U.S. and Illinois Constitutions and laws for persons of their age and maturity in a school setting. Students should exercise these rights reasonably and avoid violating the rights of others. Students who violate the rights of others or violate District policies or rules will be subject to disciplinary measures.

Students may, during the school day, during noninstructional time, voluntarily engage in individually or collectively initiated, non-disruptive prayer or religious-based meetings that, consistent with the Free Exercise and Establishment Clauses of the U.S. and Illinois Constitutions, are not sponsored, promoted, or endorsed in any manner by the school or any school employee. *Noninstructional time* means time set aside by a school before actual classroom instruction begins or after actual classroom instruction ends.

LEGAL REF.:

20 U.S.C. §7904.

105 ILCS 20/5.

Tinker v. Des Moines Independent School District, 89 S.Ct. 733 (1969).

CROSS REF.:

7:140 (Search and Seizure), 7:150 (Agency and Police Interviews), 7:160

(Student Appearance), 7:190 (Student Behavior)

Revised: March 2020

Adopted: May 2020

Search and Seizure

In order to maintain order and security in the schools, school authorities are authorized to conduct reasonable searches of school property and equipment, as well as of students and their personal effects. "School authorities" includes school liaison police officers.

School Property and Equipment as well as Personal Effects Left There by Students

School authorities may inspect and search school property and equipment owned or controlled by the school (such as, lockers, desks, and parking lots), as well as personal effects left there by a student, without notice to or the consent of the student. Students have no reasonable expectation of privacy in these places or areas or in their personal effects left there.

The Superintendent may request the assistance of law enforcement officials to conduct inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment for illegal drugs, weapons, or other illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs.

Students

School authorities may search a student and/or the student's personal effects in the student's possession (such as, purses, wallets, knapsacks, book bags, lunch boxes, etc.) when there is a reasonable ground for suspecting that the search will produce evidence the particular student has violated or is violating either the law or the District's student conduct rules. The search itself must be conducted in a manner that is reasonably related to its objective and not excessively intrusive in light of the student's age and sex, and the nature of the infraction.

When feasible, the search should be conducted as follows:

- 1. Outside the view of others, including students,
- 2. In the presence of a school administrator or adult witness, and
- 3. By a certificated employee or liaison police officer of the same sex as the student.

Immediately following a search, a written report shall be made by the school authority who conducted the search, and given to the Superintendent.

Seizure of Property

If a search produces evidence that the student has violated or is violating either the law or the District's policies or rules, such evidence may be seized and impounded by school authorities, and disciplinary action may be taken. When appropriate, such evidence may be transferred to law enforcement authorities.

Notification Regarding Student Accounts or Profiles on Social Networking Websites

The Superintendent or designee shall notify students and their parents/guardians of each of the following in accordance with the Right to Privacy in the School Setting Act, 105 ILCS 75/:

1. School officials may not request or require a student or his or her parent/guardian to provide a password or other related account information to gain access to the student's account or profile on a social networking website.

2. School officials may conduct an investigation or require a student to cooperate in an investigation if there is specific information about activity on the student's account on a social networking website that violates a school disciplinary rule or policy. In the course of an investigation, the student may be required to share the content that is reported in order to allow school officials to make a factual determination.

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/10-20.14, 5/10-22.6, and 5/10-22.10a.

Right to Privacy in the School Setting Act, 105 ILCS 75/.

Cornfield v. Consolidated High School Dist. No. 230, 991 F.2d 1316 (7th Cir.

1993).

People v. Dilworth, 169 Ill.2d 195 (1996), cert. denied, 116 S.Ct. 1692 (1996). People v. Pruitt, 278 Ill.App.3d 194 (1st Dist. 1996), app. denied, 667 N.E. 2d

1061 (Ill.App.1, 1996).

T.L.O. v. New Jersey, 469 U.S. 325 (1985).

Vernonia School Dist. 47J v. Acton, 515 U.S. 646 (1995).

Safford Unified School Dist. No. 1 v. Redding, 557 U.S. 364 (2009).

CROSS REF.:

7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:150 (Agency and Police

Interviews), 7:190 (Student Behavior)

Revised: December 2020 Adopted: January 2021

<u>Students</u>

Administrative Procedure - Use of Metal Detectors and Searches for Student Safety

Nothing in this procedure shall limit the authority of school officials to search a student in accordance with policy 7:140, Search and Seizure. All property removed as a result of this procedure that may be legitimately brought onto District property will be returned to the individual. Property removed from a student, possession of which violates Board policy, shall be confiscated and the student disciplined in accordance with Board policy.

Students who fail to cooperate with school personnel performing their duties may be subject to discipline for insubordination. Individuals who fail to cooperate will be asked to leave District property.

Metal Detectors

Metal detectors may be used when any one of the following occurs: (1) the administration has reasonable suspicion that a weapon is in the possession of unidentified students, (2) weapons or dangerous objects were found at school, on school property, or in the vicinity of a school, (3) violence involving weapons has occurred at a school or on school property, at school functions, or in a school's vicinity, or (4) a mass search takes place according to the District's standards for when and how metal detector searches are to be conducted. The Building Principal shall obtain the Superintendent's permission before using a metal detector. The reasons supporting the use of a metal detector shall be documented.

Signs will be posted to inform individuals that they will be required to submit to a screening for metal as a condition of entering District property. The screening will be conducted by District staff who may be assisted by law enforcement officials.

An individual will be asked to remove metal objects from his or her person prior to use of a metal detecting device. If, after the removal of metal objects, the metal detector activates, the individual will be asked to double-check that he/she removed all metal objects on his or her person, and the metal detecting device will be used again. If the metal detector activates a second time, the individual may be subjected to a *pat-down* search.

School personnel may inspect the contents of any briefcase, knapsack, purse, or parcel that activates the metal detector for the limited purpose of determining whether a weapon is concealed therein.

Pat-Down Search

When feasible, a pat-down search should be conducted: (1) outside the view of others, including students; (2) in the presence of a school administrator or adult witness; and (3) by a certificated employee or liaison police officer of the same sex as the student.

A pat-down search conducted by school personnel shall be limited to clothing for the purpose of discovering items that may have activated the metal detecting device. If school personnel conducting a pat-down search feel an object that may have activated the metal detecting device or may be other prohibited contraband, the individual will be asked to remove it.

Immediately following a pat-down search, a written report shall be made by the school authority who conducted the pat-down search and given to the Superintendent.

Revised: June 2022 Adopted: 2022

7:140-AP

Students 5 4 1

Exhibit - Letter to Parents/Guardians Regarding the Right to Privacy in the School **Setting Act**

On District letterhead

When may school officials require a student to share the content from his or her account or Re: profile on a social networking website?

Dear Parents/Guardians:

State law requires the District to notify students and their parents/guardians of each of the following:

- School officials may not request or require a student or his or her parents/guardians to provide a password or other related account information to gain access to the student's account or profile on a social networking website. Examples of social networking websites and platforms include Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, TikTok, and Snapchat.
- School officials may conduct an investigation or require a student to cooperate in an investigation if there is specific information about activity on the student's account on a social networking website that violates a school behavior rule or policy. In the course of an investigation, the student may be required to share the content that is reported in order to allow school officials to make a factual determination.

Please contact the school if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Building Principal

Revised: December 2020 Adopted: January 2021

<u>Students</u>

Agency and Police Interviews

The Superintendent shall develop procedures to manage requests by agency officials or police officers to interview students at school. Procedures will:

- 1. Recognize individual student rights and privacy,
- 2. Recognize the potential impact an interview may have on an individual student,
- 3. Minimize potential disruption,
- 4. Foster a cooperative relationship with public agencies and law enforcement, and
- 5. Comply with State law including, but not limited to, ensuring that before a law enforcement officer, school resource officer, or other school security person detains and questions on school grounds a student under 18 years of age who is suspected of committing a criminal act, the Superintendent or designee will:
 - a. Notify or attempt to notify the student's parent/guardian and document the time and manner in writing;
 - b. Make reasonable efforts to ensure the student's parent/guardian is present during questioning or, if they are not present, ensure that school employees (including, but not limited to, a school social worker, psychologist, nurse, counselor, or any other mental health professional) are present during the questioning; and
 - c. If practicable, make reasonable efforts to ensure a trained law enforcement officer to promote safe interactions and communications with the student is present during questioning.

LEGAL REF .:

105 ILCS 5/10-20.64, 5/22-88.

55 ILCS 80/, Children's Advocacy Center Act.

325 ILCS 5/, Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. 720 ILCS 5/31-1 et seq., Interference with Public Officers Act. 725 ILCS 120/, Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act.

CROSS REF .:

5:90 (Abused and Neglected Child Reporting), 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:140 (Search and Seizure), 7:190 (Student Behavior)

Revised: December 2021 Adopted: January 2022

Administrative Procedure - Agency and Police Interviews

The III. Council of School Attorneys, with participation from the DuPage County State's Attorney's Office and Regional Superintendent of Schools, developed *Guidelines for Interviews of Students at School by Law Enforcement Authorities* to assist law enforcement authorities and school officials in determining when it is appropriate for law enforcement authorities or the III. Dept. of Children and Family Services to interview students while the students are at school or participating in school-related activities. The document is available on the Illinois Association of School Boards website: www.iasb.com/law/ICSAGuidelinesforInterviewsofStudents.pdf.

Revised: June 2023 Adopted: July 2023

Student Appearance

A student's appearance, including dress and hygiene, must not disrupt the educational process or compromise standards of health and safety. The District does not prohibit hairstyles historically associated with race, ethnicity, or hair texture, including, but not limited to, protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twists. Students who disrupt the educational process or compromise standards of health and safety must modify their appearance. Procedures for guiding student appearance will be developed by the Superintendent or designee and included in the Student Handbook(s).

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/2-3.25 and 5/10-22.25b.

Tinker v. Des Moines Indep. Sch. Dist., 393 U.S. 503 (1969).

CROSS REF .:

7:10 (Equal Educational Opportunities), 7:130 (Student Rights and

Responsibilities), 7:165 (School Uniforms), 7:190 (Student Behavior)

Revised: December 2021 Adopted: January 2022

STUDENTS

Closed Campus

Students are to remain in their assigned building and on the school's grounds continuously from the time of reporting to the time of departure for the day, unless permission to leave is granted by the Building Administrator or a designee or is otherwise excused. A student may, however, be excused during the student's lunch period provided the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) have granted written or verbal permission.

A student may, however, accompany parent(s)/guardian(s) for lunch providing: (1) student's parent(s)/guardian(s) notify school on that day prior to lunch, (2) student's parent(s)/guardian(s) report to school office to receive student, and (3) student's parent(s)/guardian(s) return student to office prior to beginning of student's next class.

CROSS REF.: 7.90, 7.190

Adopted: September 18, 1995

Students |

School Uniforms

Students are encouraged to wear school uniforms to school on all school attendance days, in order to maintain and promote orderly school functions, student safety, and a positive learning environment. The Building Principal is authorized to designate days on which this uniform policy is relaxed.

The Superintendent or designee shall designate a school-wide uniform after receiving input from school staff members, parents, and interested community members. Students may:

- 1. Display religious messages on items of clothing to the same extent they are permitted to display other messages;
- 2. Wear attire that is part of the student's religious practice;
- 3. Wear or display expressive items, such as a button, as long as such items do not contribute to disruption by substantially interfering with discipline or with the rights of others; and
- Wear the uniform of a nationally recognized youth organization such as Boy Scouts or Girl Scouts on regular meeting days.

No student shall be denied attendance at school, penalized, or otherwise subject to compliance measures for failing to wear a uniform because of:

- 1. Personal choice;
- 2. Insufficient time in which to comply with this policy;
- 3. Financial hardship;
- 4. Hairstyles, including hairstyles historically associated with race, ethnicity, or hair texture, including, but not limited to, protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twists; or
- 5. Religious objection by the student's parent/guardian to the student's compliance with this policy or the applicable uniform, if they have provided the Superintendent with a signed statement detailing their objection.

Any student eligible for reduced or free lunches, or for a waiver of student fees, is eligible for financial assistance toward the purchase of school uniforms. The Superintendent or designee shall develop a process for informing parents/guardians of the availability of financial assistance and a method to process financial requests.

No student shall be suspended or expelled from school, or receive a lowered academic grade, because of failing to comply with this policy.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop incentives and positive reinforcement measures to encourage full compliance.

LEGAL REF:

105 ILCS 5/2-3.25, and 5/10-22.25b.

CROSS REF:

4:140 (Waiver of Student Fees), 7:160 (Student Appearance), 7:190 (Student

Behavior)

Revised: December 2021

Adopted: January 2022

<u>Vandalism</u>

The School Board will seek restitution from students and their parents/guardians for vandalism or other student acts that cause damage to school property.

LEGAL REF.:

740 ILCS 115/.

CROSS REF.:

7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:190 (Student Behavior)

Revised: June 2019

Adopted: August 2019

1 ;

F* 355

Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment

Bullying, intimidation, and harassment diminish a student's ability to learn and a school's ability to educate. Preventing students from engaging in these disruptive behaviors and providing all students equal access to a safe, non-hostile learning environment are important District goals.

Bullying on the basis of actual or perceived race, color, national origin, military status, unfavorable discharge status from the military service, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender-related identity or expression, ancestry, age, religion, physical or mental disability, order of protection status, status of being homeless, or actual or potential marital or parental status, including pregnancy, association with a person or group with one or more of the aforementioned actual or perceived characteristics, or any other distinguishing characteristic is prohibited in each of the following situations:

- 1. During any school-sponsored education program or activity.
- While in school, on school property, on school buses or other school vehicles, at designated school bus stops waiting for the school bus, or at school-sponsored or school-sanctioned events or activities.
- Through the transmission of information from a school computer, a school computer network, or other similar electronic school equipment.
- Through the transmission of information from a computer that is accessed at a nonschoolrelated location, activity, function, or program or from the use of technology or an electronic device that is not owned, leased, or used by the School District or school if the bullying causes a substantial disruption to the educational process or orderly operation of a school. This paragraph (item #4) applies only when a school administrator or teacher receives a report that bullying through this means has occurred; it does not require staff members to monitor any nonschool-related activity, function, or program.

Definitions from 105 ILCS 5/27-23.7

Bullying includes cyberbullying and means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or electronically, directed toward a student or students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

- 1. Placing the student or students in reasonable fear of harm to the student's or students' person or property;
- 2. Causing a substantially detrimental effect on the student's or students' physical or mental health,
- 3. Substantially interfering with the student's or students' academic performance; or
- 4. Substantially interfering with the student's or students' ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by a school.

Bullying may take various forms, including without limitation one or more of the following: harassment, threats, intimidation, stalking, physical violence, sexual harassment, sexual violence, theft, public humiliation, destruction of property, or retaliation for asserting or alleging an act of bullying. This list is meant to be illustrative and non-exhaustive.

7:180

Cyberbullying means bullying through the use of technology or any electronic communication, including without limitation any transfer of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds, data, or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic system, photo-electronic system, or photo-optical system, including without limitation electronic mail, Internet communications, instant messages, or facsimile communications. Cyberbullying includes the creation of a webpage or weblog in which the creator assumes the identity of another person or the knowing impersonation of another person as the author of posted content or messages if the creation or impersonation creates any of the effects enumerated in the definition of bullying. Cyberbullying also includes the distribution by electronic means of a communication to more than one person or the posting of material on an electronic medium that may be accessed by one or more persons if the distribution or posting creates any of the effects enumerated in the definition of bullying.

Restorative measures means a continuum of school-based alternatives to exclusionary discipline, such as suspensions and expulsions, that: (i) are adapted to the particular needs of the school and community, (ii) contribute to maintaining school safety, (iii) protect the integrity of a positive and productive learning climate, (iv) teach students the personal and interpersonal skills they will need to be successful in school and society, (v) serve to build and restore relationships among students, families, schools, and communities, (vi) reduce the likelihood of future disruption by balancing accountability with an understanding of students' behavioral health needs in order to keep students in school, and (vii) increase student accountability if the incident of bullying is based on religion, race, ethnicity, or any other category that is identified in the Ill. Human Rights Act.

School personnel means persons employed by, on contract with, or who volunteer in a school district, including without limitation school and school district administrators, teachers, school social workers, school counselors, school psychologists, school nurses, cafeteria workers, custodians, bus drivers, school resource officers, and security guards.

Bullying Prevention and Response Plan

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and maintain a bullying prevention and response plan that advances the District's goal of providing all students with a safe learning environment free of bullying and harassment. This plan must be consistent with the requirements listed below; each numbered requirement, 1-12, corresponds with the same number in the list of required policy components in 105 ILCS 5/27-23.7(b) 1-12.

- 1. The District uses the definition of bullying as provided in this policy.
- 2. Bullying is contrary to State law and the policy of this District. However, nothing in the District's bullying prevention and response plan is intended to infringe upon any right to exercise free expression or the free exercise of religion or religiously based views protected under the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution or under Section 3 of Article I of the Illinois Constitution.
- 3. Students are encouraged to immediately report bullying. A report may be made orally or in writing to the Nondiscrimination Coordinator, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, Dean of Students, a Complaint Manager, or any staff member with whom the student is comfortable speaking. Anyone, including staff members and parents/guardians, who has information about actual or threatened bullying is encouraged to report it to the District named officials or any staff member. The District named officials and all staff members are available for help with a bully or to make a report about bullying. Anonymous reports are also accepted; however, this shall not be construed to permit formal disciplinary action solely on the basis of an anonymous report.

Nondiscrimination Coordinator:

Kristi	na	Ga	urdi	ner			
Name 806	ı l	, S#	5+				
1 11							
Address Kgare	ne	CC.	faict	fieldc	. ۱۲۶م	com	
Eman 618.8							
Telephone							

Complaint Managers:

Comb	
April Smith	Joshua Kissen
TIPELI CITATION	Name
Name	200 W Center St
806 N 1 St.	Address
Address	Address of the Carlotte Con
asmithe fairfield colts.com	jkissen@fairfieldcolts.com
USMITHE TANTION	Email
Email	618-842-2679
618.842.6501	m 1 - 1 - no
Telephone	Telephone
I GIODIOAN	a distribute the

- 4. Consistent with federal and State laws and rules governing student privacy rights, the Superintendent or designee shall promptly inform the parent(s)/guardian(s) of every student involved in an alleged incident of bullying and discuss, as appropriate, the availability of social work services, counseling, school psychological services, other interventions, and restorative measures.
- 5. The Superintendent or designee shall promptly investigate and address reports of bullying, by, among other things:
 - a. Making all reasonable efforts to complete the investigation within 10 school days after the date the report of a bullying incident was received and taking into consideration additional relevant information received during the course of the investigation about the reported bullying incident.
 - b. Involving appropriate school support personnel and other staff persons with knowledge, experience, and training on bullying prevention, as deemed appropriate, in the investigation process.
 - c. Notifying the Building Principal or school administrator or designee of the reported incident of bullying as soon as possible after the report is received.
 - d. Consistent with federal and State laws and rules governing student privacy rights, providing parents/guardians of the students who are parties to the investigation information about the investigation and an opportunity to meet with the Building Principal or school administrator or his or her designee to discuss the investigation, the findings of the investigation, and the actions taken to address the reported incident of bullying.

The Superintendent or designee shall investigate whether a reported incident of bullying is within the permissible scope of the District's jurisdiction and shall require that the District provide the victim with information regarding services that are available within the District and community, such as counseling, support services, and other programs.

Page 3 of 6

- 6. The Superintendent or designee shall use interventions to address bullying, that may include, but are not limited to, school social work services, restorative measures, social-emotional skill building, counseling, school psychological services, and community-based services.
- 7. A reprisal or retaliation against any person who reports an act of bullying **is prohibited**. Any person's act of reprisal or retaliation will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including discharge with regard to employees, or suspension and/or expulsion with regard to students.
- 8. A student will not be punished for reporting bullying or supplying information, even if the District's investigation concludes that no bullying occurred. However, a person who is found to have falsely accused another of bullying, as a means of retaliation, as a means of bullying, or provided false information will be treated as either: (a) bullying, (b) student discipline up to and including suspension and/or expulsion, and/or (c) both (a) and (b) for purposes of determining any consequences or other appropriate remedial actions.
- 9. The District's bullying prevention and response plan is based on the engagement of a range of school stakeholders, including students and parents/guardians.
- 10. The Superintendent or designee shall post this policy on the District's website, if any, and include it in the student handbook, and, where applicable, post it where other policies, rules, and standards of conduct are currently posted. The policy must be distributed annually to parents/guardians, students, and school personnel (including new employees when hired), and must also be provided periodically throughout the school year to students and faculty.
 - 11. Pursuant to State law and policy 2:240, *Board Policy Development*, the Board monitors this policy every two years by conducting a review and re-evaluation of this policy to make any necessary and appropriate revisions. The Superintendent or designee shall assist the Board with its re-evaluation and assessment of this policy's outcomes and effectiveness. Updates to this policy will reflect any necessary and appropriate revisions. This process shall include, without limitation:
 - a. The frequency of victimization;
 - b. Student, staff, and family observations of safety at a school;
 - c. Identification of areas of a school where bullying occurs;
 - d. The types of bullying utilized; and
 - e. Bystander intervention or participation.

The evaluation process may use relevant data and information that the District already collects for other purposes. Acceptable documentation to satisfy the re-evaluated policy submission include one of the following:

- 1) An updated version of the policy with the amendment/modification date included in the reference portion of the policy;
- If no revisions are deemed necessary, a copy of board minutes indicating that the policy was re-evaluated and no changes were deemed to be necessary; or
- 3) A signed statement from the Board President indicating that the Board re-evaluated the policy and no changes to it were necessary.

The Superintendent or designee must post the information developed as a result of the policy re-evaluation on the District's website, or if a website is not available, the information must be provided to school administrators, Board members, school personnel, parents/guardians,

- and students. Reviews and re-evaluations in years they are due must be submitted to ISBE by September 30.
- 12. The Superintendent or designee shall fully implement the Board policies, including without limitation, the following:
 - a. 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*. A student may use this policy to complain about bullying.
 - b. 2:265, *Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure*. Any person may use this policy to complain about sexual harassment in violation of Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972.
 - c. 6:60, Curriculum Content. Bullying prevention and character instruction is provided in all grades in accordance with State law.
 - d. 6:65, Student Social and Emotional Development. Student social and emotional development is incorporated into the District's educational program as required by State law.
 - e. 6:235, Access to Electronic Networks. This policy states that the use of the District's electronic networks is limited to: (1) support of education and/or research, or (2) a legitimate business use.
 - f. 7:20, *Harassment of Students Prohibited*. This policy prohibits any person from harassing, intimidating, or bullying a student based on an identified actual or perceived characteristic (the list of characteristics in 7:20 is the same as the list in this policy).
 - g. 7:185, *Teen Dating Violence Prohibited*. This policy prohibits teen dating violence on school property, at school sponsored activities, and in vehicles used for school-provided transportation.
 - h. 7:190, Student Behavior. This policy prohibits, and provides consequences for, hazing, bullying, or other aggressive behaviors, or urging other students to engage in such conduct.
 - i. 7:310, Restrictions on Publications; Elementary Schools, and 7:315, Restrictions on Publications; High Schools. These policies prohibit students from and provide consequences for: (1) accessing and/or distributing at school any written, printed, or electronic material, including material from the Internet, that will cause substantial disruption of the proper and orderly operation and discipline of the school or school activities, and (2) creating and/or distributing written, printed, or electronic material, including photographic material and blogs, that causes substantial disruption to school operations or interferes with the rights of other students or staff members.

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/10-20.14, 5/10-22.6(b-20), 5/24-24, and 5/27-23.7.

405 ILCS 49/, Children's Mental Health Act. 775 ILCS 5/1-103, Ill. Human Rights Act. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §§1.240, 1.280, and 1.295.

CROSS REF.:

2:240 (Board Policy Development), 2:260 (Uniform Grievance Procedure), 2:265 (Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure), 4:170 (Safety), 5:230 (Maintaining Student Discipline), 6:60 (Curriculum Content), 6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development), 6:235 (Access to Electronic Networks), 7:20 (Harassment of Students Prohibited), 7:185 (Teen Dating Violence

Prohibited), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:220 (Bus Conduct), 7:230 (Misconduct

by Students with Disabilities), 7:240 (Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities), 7:285 (Anaphylaxis Prevention, Response, and Management Program), 7:310 (Restrictions on Publications; Elementary

Schools), 7:315 (Restrictions on Publications; High Schools)

Revised: Oct. 22 Adopted: Dec. 22

7:180

Administrative Procedure - Prevention, Identification, Investigation, and Response to Bullying

The strategic components for integrating an anti-bullying program into the District's existing policies and procedures are listed below. Each component lists specific implementation steps along with resources and accompanying exhibits. The Superintendent or designee, at the District-level, or the Building Principal or designee, at the Building-level, is responsible for the integration of these components. Use the local conditions of the community and other available resources to determine the best implementation methods. At times, support from the School Violence Prevention Team (see 4:170-AP7, Targeted School Violence Prevention Program) may be appropriate as bullying and threats of school violence often arise from the same behavior pattern(s), i.e., interpersonal aggression.

Preventing Bullying

- 1. Review 7:180-AP1, E1, Resource Guide for Bullying Prevention.
- 2. Assess the District's Conditions for Development and Learning. Below are resources that discuss and provide information about how to implement school climate measurement instruments:

School Bullying Prevention Task Force Report, Selection of School Climate Measures, p. 19 at: www.isbe.net/Documents/sbptf report 030111.pdf.

Safe Supportive Learning's School Climate Measurement compendium at: safesupportiveschools.ed.gov/index.php?id=133.

Identifying Bullying

- 1. Post 7:180-AP1, E2, Be a Hero by Reporting Bullying, in school buildings, student handbooks, online, etc.
- 2. Train staff to recognize and accept reports of bullying, 7:180-AP1, E3, Memo to Staff Regarding Bullying.
- 3. Inform parents about the District's anti-bullying program, 7:180-AP1, E4, Memo to Parents/Guardians Regarding Bullying.
- 4. Inform students how to make a report, including an anonymous report, i.e., complete and submit 7:180-AP1, E5, Report Form for Bullying.

Investigating Reports of Bullying

- 1. Conduct a prompt, thorough and impartial investigation upon receiving a report.
- 2. Review the report, i.e., 7:180-AP1, E5, Report Form for Bullying.
- 3. Interview the listed aggressor(s), target(s) and witnesses using 7:180-AP1, E6, Interview Form for Bullying Investigation.

Responding to Bullying

- 1. Complete 7:180-AP1, E7, Response to Bullying.
- 2. Notify the District's Non-Discrimination Coordinator if the findings indicate that the behavior was based upon the protected statuses listed in 7:20, *Harassment of Students Prohibited*.

- 3. Communicate and partner with the parents/guardians of the students involved. Ask parents/guardians, "How can we help you and your child?"
- 4. Stop the behavior(s).
- 5. Eliminate any hostile environment(s) and its effects (see Preventing Bullying #2, above).
- 6. Prevent the bullying from happening again.
- 7. Implement appropriate interventions for the target, aggressor, and District.
- 8. Address any findings of repeated inaccurate accusations against an alleged-aggressor that are beginning to impede his or her education, e.g., reverse bullying.
- 9. Follow-up with target, aggressor and their parent(s)/guardian(s) to ensure subsequent bullying has not occurred and no new concerns have arisen.

Revised: May/June 2018

Adopted: July 2018

Students 5 4 1

Exhibit - Resource Guide for Bullying Prevention

General Resources

Safe2Help Illinois:

www.safe2helpil.com/

III. State Board of Education School Bullying Prevention Task Force Report:

www.isbe.net/Documents_SBPTF/sbptf_report_030111.pdf

Resources section of the website managed by the U.S. Department of Health & Human Services:

www.stopbullying.gov

Bullying in Schools - Cops - U.S. Department of Justice:

https://cops.usdoj.gov/RIC/Publications/cops-w0018-pub.pdf

Restorative Discipline Resources

Positive Behavior Intervention & Supports (PBIS):

www.pbis.org/

Social and Emotional Learning Standards:

www.isbe.net/Documents/SEL-Standards.pdf

Dignity in Schools:

http://dignityinschools.org/take-action/model-school-code/

Illinois Balanced and Restorative Justice:

https://ibarj.org/

Conditions for Development and Learning; Data Collection Resources

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)'s Measuring Bullying Victimization, Perpetration, and Bystander Experiences: A Compendium of Assessment Tools:

www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/bullycompendium-a.pdf

Safe Supportive Learning's School Climate Survey Compendium:

https://safesupportivelearning.ed.gov/topic-research/school-climate-measurement/school-climate-survey-compendium

CDC's Youth Violence: Measuring Violence-Related Attitudes, Behaviors, and Influences Among Youths: A Compendium of Assessment Tools - Second Edition:

https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/yv_compendium.pdf

CDC's Intimate Partner Violence and Sexual Violence Victimization Assessment Instruments for Use in Healthcare Settings, Version 1:

https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/ipv/ipvandsvscreening.pdf

World Health Organization's Creating an environment for emotional and social well-being: an important responsibility of a health promoting and child-friendly school.

https://apps.who.int/iris/handle/10665/42819

Rachel's Challenge:

https://rachelschallenge.org

Revised: April 2023 Adopted: May 2023

Page 2 of 2

Exhibit - Be a Hero by Reporting Bullying

Who reports?	YOU, if you have information about bullying, harassment, and/ a threat of one of these actions. It doesn't matter whether you a the target of bullying or think someone is being bullied, plea report it!		
What do I report?	Any activity that targets someone to be hurt in any way. Bullying, harassment, and threats take many forms. One thing they have in common — someone is targeted to be hurt. Examples of these hurtful behaviors include unwanted teasing, intimidation, physical violence, humiliation, spreading false rumors, social exclusion, or theft or destruction of property. Bullying, harassment, and threats may occur almost anywhere students go — in school buildings, on school grounds or buses, or at bus stops, for example. Bullying or harassing may also occur using		
	social networking sites or cell phones.		
When should I report?	As soon as possible.		
Where or how do I report?	E5, Report Form for Bullying. You may make an anonymous tip.		
Why should I report?	Fear and abuse have no place in our school. Be a hero and report bullying. If you are being bullied, a report will help you and other students who may also be targeted for bullying.		
What will happen after I report?	 An Administrator will: Acknowledge and review your report. Treat your report with privacy and respect its sensitive nature. Investigate your report. The school will not bring student who bully and those they bully into the same room to confront each other. All interviews will be private. Take appropriate action that may include increase monitoring and supervision, restructuring schedules additional resources, and disciplinary action for conductode violations, among others. Provide you with feedback, if appropriate. 		
Revised: April 2023 Adopted: May 2023			

Exhibit - Memo to Staff Regarding Bullying

On District or School Letterhead

Date

Re: Bullying

All staff members:

Please join me in stopping and preventing student bullying in our school. The purpose of this letter is to introduce you to our three-pronged approach that will help accomplish this goal.

First - If a student reports bullying to you, respond immediately and with compassion. Ask for the basic facts (who-what-when-where). Refer the report to my office. Give the student our form for reporting bullying, 7:180-AP1, E5, Report Form for Bullying.

Second - Provide me your feedback and concerns. Do you know of any bullying hot spots that need additional supervision or monitoring? Are there known bullies or targets of bullying?

Third - Intervene immediately to stop a bullying incident. When teachers or adults ignore bullying, students interpret it as acceptable behavior. Immediately contact administration and building security or law enforcement if the incident involves a weapon or other illegal activity.

Bullying is defined in School Board policy 7:180, Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment, as follows:

Bullying means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or electronically, directed toward a student or students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

- 5. Placing the student or students in reasonable fear of harm to the student's or students' person or property.
- 6. Causing a substantially detrimental effect on the student's or students' physical or mental
- 7. Substantially interfering with the student's or students' academic performance.
- 8. Substantially interfering with the student's or students' ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by a school.

Bullying may take various forms, including without limitation one or more of the following: harassment, threats, intimidation, stalking, physical violence, sexual harassment, sexual violence, theft, public humiliation, destruction of property, or retaliation for asserting or alleging an act of bullying. This list is meant to be illustrative and non-exhaustive.

The Board's entire policy may be found on the District's website. Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Building Principal

Revised: April 2023 Adopted: May 2023

Exhibit - Memo to Parents/Guardians Regarding Bullying

On District or School Letterhead

Date

Re: Bullying

Dear Parents/Guardians:

At our school, bullying of any kind, by any person, is unacceptable. All students should be free from worries about being bullied. Students who bully others must be taught other, appropriate ways of interacting with peers. The purpose of this letter is to provide you with information concerning the School District's anti-bullying program and to encourage you to help us identify students who are being bullied.

The School Board policy on bullying begins with this goals statement:

Bullying, intimidation, and harassment diminish a student's ability to learn and a school's ability to educate. Preventing students from engaging in these disruptive behaviors is an important District goal.

Bullying is defined as follows:

Bullying means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or electronically, directed toward a student that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

- 1. Placing the student in reasonable fear of harm to the student's person or property.
- 2. Causing a substantially detrimental effect on the student's physical or mental health.
- Substantially interfering with the student's academic performance.
- Substantially interfering with the student's ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by a school.

Bullying, intimidation, and/or harassment may take various forms, including without limitation: threats, stalking, physical violence, sexual harassment, theft, public humiliation, destruction of property, or retaliation for asserting or alleging an act of bullying.

I asked our school staff members to respond immediately and with compassion to a student who reports bullying or school violence. After evaluating the situation to determine if an immediate referral to my office is needed, a staff member will give the student our form for reporting bullying, 7:180-AP1, E5, Report Form for Bullying. I will inform you whenever your child is involved in a bullying report.

I also asked our staff members for their feedback and concerns specifically regarding locations that may be bullying hot spots needing additional supervision or monitoring or if there are any known bullies or targets of bullying in our building. I want to ask you to do the same thing. Please inform me if you know of any bullying hot spots in or around our school, or if you are aware of a known bully or target of bullying.

Finally, I requested our staff members to intervene immediately to stop a bullying incident. They will immediately contact building security and/- or law enforcement if the incident involves a weapon or other illegal activity.

Below are some of the signs that a young person is being bullied:

Does not want to go to school and refuses to explain the reason

- Talks about not having any friends
- Has unexplained bruises, cuts, scratches, or abrasions
- Has unexplained damage to clothing, possessions, books, etc.
- Frequently loses money or possessions
- Loses interest in school and/or has declining grades
- Becomes withdrawn and/or has stress or depression symptoms

These signs do not necessarily mean your child is being bullied, but if present, ask your child whether they are being bullied.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Building Principal

Revised: April 2023 Adopted: May 2023

Exhibit - Report Form for Bullying

To be completed by the bullying target, witness, or person with information about an incident of bullying and submitted to the Building Principal's office. Make readily accessible via website(s) and other publicized designated areas in schools.

Please print and check approp	oriate boxes.	
Name:	Date:	
☐ Student ☐ Parent	Staff Other	
. d	remain anonymous: Yes Your are reporting: Yes Time of Incident	3 ∐ NO
*Y	argets of bullying:	_ LI Dillion LI Diax
Person(s) being reported as a	ggressors engaged in bullying:	☐ Student ☐ Staff ☐ Other☐ Student ☐ Staff ☐ Other☐
Person(s) who witnessed the		☐ Student ☐ Staff ☐ Other☐ Student ☐ Staff ☐ Other
	my of these characteristics? (Check	all that apply).
☐ Race	☐ Color	☐ Nationality
□ Sex	☐ Sexual orientation	☐ Gender identity
☐ Pregnancy	☐ Gender-related expression	☐ Ancestry
☐ Age	☐ Religion	☐ Physical disability
☐ Mental disability	☐ Order of protection status	☐ Homeless status
☐ Marital status	☐ Parental status	
☐ Associated with person.	group with one or more of the abov	e actual or perceived characteristics

Page 1 of 2

☐ Other
☐ I do not know.
Student(s) were targeted for bullying in the following way(s): (Check all that apply.) □ Electronic devices (e.g., internet, social media platforms, text, email, cyberbullying, etc.) □ Written communication (e.g., handwritten notes, other written documents, email, etc.) □ Physical act or conduct (e.g., pushing, hitting, destruction of property, stalking, etc.) □ Verbal act or conduct (e.g., rumors, lies, name-calling, using derogatory slurs, etc.) □ Social (e.g., purposeful exclusion, causing psychological harm, etc.) □ Items depicting implied hatred or prejudice were worn, possessed or displayed
☐ Other (please explain):
Student(s) were targeted for bullying in the following place(s): (Check all that apply.) Classroom Locker room Extracurricular activity Bus Restroom Bus stop Gym School or related activity or event Other: Please tell us about the incident in your own words. Use as much detail as possible - what time did the incident(s) take place, who witnessed it, what was said, what types of interactions occurred (physical, written, social, electronic, etc.)
☐ The above information is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge. Signature:

7:180-AP1, E5

Page 2 of 2

Exhibit - Interview Form for Bullying Investigation

To be completed by the Building Principal or designe Use this form as a coversheet for each person intervi	e to obtain information about a bullying report. Tewed during the investigation.
Name of person interviewed:	Date:
Name of interviewer:	Title:
- Con Interviewer	

Instructions for Interviewer

- 1. Protect the identity of the student who reports. Begin a prompt, thorough and impartial investigation by interviewing witnesses separately in a private location with a school colleague present (not the school resource officer). Use the Questions section below to guide your notes while you interview the person listed above. Attach to 7:180-AP1, E7, Response to Bullving.
- 2. Make your notes on a separate document and attach them to this form.
- 3. Review and preserve any videos, photos, screenshots or other physical evidence and label it.
- 4. File this form, notes, and any other evidence provided in a designated investigation and response folder.
- 5. Use this form to complete 7:180-AP1, E7, Response to Bullying.
- 6. Create a Basic Facts section, i.e., who, what, where, when, why and how.
- 7. Record the actions and behavior that were experienced or observed (follow-up with leading questions to complete the description of what happened and its consequences, if necessary).
- Include open-ended questions. For example, ask "How are you feeling?" "How has what happened affected you?"

Questions

- 1. Has this happened before?
- 2. Do you fear for your safety? How? Where (at school, home, or both places)?
- 3. Do you fear that harm would come to any of your personal property? How?
- 4. In a developmentally appropriate manner, ask whether the target's health (physical, emotional, and/or mental) has been affected. How (seen by a doctor, missing school)?
- Has your academic performance been affected? How (increase in tardiness/absences, grades going down, missed assignments)?
- 6. Have you quit or modified attendance in any extracurricular activities?
- 7. Have you changed any of your usual routines at school (using different hallway, skipping lunch in lunchroom or using different lunch period, taking different route to school, etc.)?
- Why do you think this behavior is happening?
- 9. What will help make you feel safe?

Revised: April 2023 Adopted: May 2023

Exhibit - Response to Bullying

Exhibit - Response to Bullying	1 -t for the school office's
To be completed by the Building Principal and attac designated bullying report investigation and respon- coversheet only (not attachments) in each listed student student names other than the student's name for which is	's temporary school student record. Redact all
Investigator:	
Investigation File an interview form for each party interviewed in the	e designated investigation and response folder.
☐ Check here to indicate that all interview forms hav	e been properly completed and filed.
Target:	Date:
Aggressor:	Date:
Witnesses:	Date:
W IIII	Date:
Are there any prior documented incidents by the aggr	Date:
Findings ☐ Bullying ☐ Other: ☐ Aggressor motivated by protected characteristics Prohibited.	s listed in policy 7:20, Harassment of Students
Duthing Investigation Response	
Response and Plan for Target (Check all that apply	and include descriptions.)
Contact parent/guardian:	Date.
Circle contact method: Phone Email Letter	In-person Other:
☐ Safety plan:	
☐ Increase staff supervision:	
☐ Education:	
☐ District resources: (Student Services/IDEA/504)	
Other:	
Target follow-up scheduled date:	Date and initial completed:

Parent/guardian follow-up date: Date and initial completed:	
Circle contact method: Phone Email Letter In-person Other:	
Provide parent/guardian with copies of Board policies 2:260 and 7:180. Date:	
Response and Plan for Aggressor (Check all that apply and include descriptions.)	
☐ Contact parent/guardian:	
Circle contact method: Phone Email Letter In-person Other:	
☐ 7:190-E1, Aggressive Behavior Reporting Letter and Form sent Date:	
☐ Provide parent/guardian with copies of Board policies 2:260 and 7:180 Date:	
Restorative Responses	
☐ Safety plan:	
☐ Increase staff supervision:	
☐ Education:	
☐ Non-District affiliated psychological services :	
☐ Alternative school assignment:	
☐ Minimize contact with target:	
☐ District resources (Student Services/IDEA/504):	
Other:	
Punitive Responses	
☐ Loss of privileges:	
☐ Detention:	
☐ Suspension:	
☐ Expulsion:	
☐ Community agency service:	
☐ Reciprocal Reporting Act utilized: ☐Yes ☐No	
☐ Report to School Resource Officer/Law Enforcement:	
☐ Other:	*
Aggressor follow-up date: Date and initial completed	***************************************
Circle contact method: Phone Email Letter In-person Other:	4.
Parent/guardian follow-up date: Date and initial completed	1.
Circle contact method: Phone Email Letter In-person Other:	a.*
☐ Contact District complaint manager:	

☐ Target response	mplementation:	
☐ Aggressor respon	nse implementation:	,
☐ Systemic culture	/climate intervention:	
☐ Referral to addre	ess needs for ideal conditions for developmental lear	ning:
☐ Other:		
Submit reports to:	☐ Building Principal (if not the investigator)	Date:
	☐ Superintendent	Date:
Signature of invest	igator:	Date:
DYP.1004000 2 07 2221		

<u>Students</u>

Teen Dating Violence Prohibited

Engaging in teen dating violence that takes place at school, on school property, at school-sponsored activities, or in vehicles used for school-provided transportation is prohibited. For purposes of this policy, the term *teen dating violence* occurs whenever a student who is 13 to 19 years of age uses or threatens to use physical, mental, or emotional abuse to control an individual in the dating relationship; or uses or threatens to use sexual violence in the dating relationship.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and maintain a program to respond to incidents of teen dating violence that:

- 1. Fully implements and enforces each of the following Board policies:
 - a. 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*. This policy provides a method for any student, parent/guardian, employee, or community member to file a complaint if he or she believes that the School Board, its employees, or its agents have violated his or her rights under the State or federal Constitution, State or federal statute, Board policy, or various enumerated bases.
 - b. 2:265, *Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure*. This policy prohibits any person from engaging in sexual harassment in violation of Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972. Prohibited conduct includes but is not limited to sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking.
 - e. 7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited. This policy prohibits any person from harassing intimidating, or bullying a student based on the student's actual or perceived characteristics of sex; sexual orientation; gender identity; and gender-related identity or expression (this policy includes more protected statuses).
 - d. 7:180, Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment. This policy prohibits students from engaging in bullying, intimidation, and harassment at school, school-related events and electronically. Prohibited conduct includes threats, stalking, physical violence, sexual harassment, sexual violence, theft, public humiliation, destruction of property, or retaliation for asserting or alleging an act of bullying.
 - 2. Encourages anyone with information about incidents of teen dating violence to report them to any of the following individuals:
 - a. Any school staff member. School staff shall respond to incidents of teen dating violence by following the District's established procedures for the prevention, identification, investigation, and response to bullying and school violence.
 - b. The Nondiscrimination Coordinator, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, Dean of Students, or a Complaint Manager identified in policy 7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited.
 - 3. Incorporates age-appropriate instruction in grades 7 through 12, in accordance with the District's comprehensive health education program in Board policy 6:60, Curriculum Content. This includes incorporating student social and emotional development into the District's educational program as required by State law and in alignment with Board policy 6:65, Student Social and Emotional Development.

- 4. Incorporates education for school staff, as recommended by the Nondiscrimination Coordinator, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, Dean of Students, or a Complaint Manager.
- 5. Notifies students and parents/guardians of this policy.

Incorporated

by Reference:

7:180-AP1, (Prevention, Identification, Investigation, and Response to Bullying)

LEGAL REF .:

105 ILCS 110/3.10.

CROSS REF .:

2:240 (Board Policy Development), 2:260 (Uniform Grievance Procedure), 2:265 (Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure), 5:100 (Staff Development Program), 5:230 (Maintaining Student Discipline), 6:60 (Curriculum Content), 6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development), 7:20 (Harassment of Students Prohibited), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:220 (Bus Conduct), 7:230 (Misconduct

by Students with Disabilities), 7:240 (Conduct Code for Participants in

Extracurricular Activities)

Revised: August 2020 Adopted: October 2020

Exhibit - Memo to Parents/Guardians Regarding Teen Dating Violence

On District or School letterhead

Date

Re: Teen Dating Violence

Dear Parents/Guardians:

At our school, teen dating violence is unacceptable. We are committed to providing our students with a school environment where they can learn free from worries about school violence. The purpose of this letter is to inform you of School Board policy, 7:185, Teen Dating Violence Prohibited, which is a component of the District's anti-bullying program.

Research has shown that teen dating violence can form lifelong, unhealthy habits during young adults' formative years. Educating parents/guardians, students, and staff about teen dating violence can help us identify incidents of teen dating violence at school or school-related activities. The Board's policy states that teen dating violence occurs whenever a student uses or threatens to use physical, mental, or emotional abuse to control an individual in the dating relationship; or uses or threatens to use sexual violence in the dating relationship.

Students in grades 7 through 12 will receive age-appropriate instruction on teen dating violence including its warning signs and prevention. School staff will also receive training on handling the signs and incidents of teen dating violence. I have asked our school staff members to respond immediately and with compassion to a student who reports teen dating violence. After evaluating the situation to determine if an immediate referral to my office is needed, a staff member will give the student our form for reporting bullying, 7:180-AP1, E5, Report Form for Bullying.

Finally, I have directed staff members to intervene immediately to stop incidents of teen dating violence occurring at school. They will proceed under our District's procedures for responding to incidences of bullying and school violence.

Below are some warning signs that your child may be involved in teen dating violence:

- Name-calling and put-downs. Does one individual in the relationship call the other person names? Do they use insults to put the other person down?
- Extreme Jealousy. Does one individual in the relationship act overly jealous when the other talks to peers? Does one individual accuse the other of flirting even when it's innocent conversation?
- Making Excuses. Does one individual in the relationship make excuses for the other? Do they have to apologize for the other person's behavior?
- Canceling or changing plans. Does one individual cancel plans often, and at the last minute? Do the reasons make sense or sound untrue?
- Monitoring. Does one individual call, text message, or check up on the other constantly? Do they demand to know the other person's plans or with whom the other person was with?
- Uncontrolled Anger. Have you seen one individual lose his or her temper? Do they throw things - or break things - when angry? Does one individual in the relationship worry a lot about upsetting the other?
- Isolation. Has one individual in the relationship given up spending time with friends? Has that individual stopped doing activities that used to be important?
- Dramatic Changes. Have either of the individuals in the relationship had appearance changes? Have they lost or gained weight? Have their grades dropped? Do they seem depressed?

- Injuries. Does one individual in the relationship have unexplained injuries, or do they give explanations that don't make sense?
- Quick Progression. Did the relationship get serious very quickly?

These signs do not necessarily mean that your child is involved in teen dating violence, but, if present, talk to your child about teen dating violence.

For more information about this issue, please see the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's educational materials at:

www.cdc.gov/injury/features/dating-violence/index.html

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Building Principal

Revised: April 2023 Adopted: May 2023

Student Behavior

The goals and objectives of this policy are to provide effective discipline practices that: (1) ensure the safety and dignity of students and staff; (2) maintain a positive, weapons-free, and drug-free learning environment; (3) keep school property and the property of others secure; (4) address the causes of a student's misbehavior and provide opportunities for all individuals involved in an incident to participate in its resolution; and (5) teach students positive behavioral skills to become independent, self-disciplined citizens in the school community and society.

When and Where Conduct Rules Apply

A student is subject to disciplinary action for engaging in prohibited student conduct, as described in the section with that name below, whenever the student's conduct is reasonably related to school or school activities, including, but not limited to:

- 1. On, or within sight of, school grounds before, during, or after school hours or at any time;
- Off school grounds at a school-sponsored activity or event, or any activity or event that bears a reasonable relationship to school;
- 3. Traveling to or from school or a school activity, function, or event; or
- 4. Anywhere, if the conduct interferes with, disrupts, or adversely affects the school environment, school operations, or an educational function, including, but not limited to, conduct that may reasonably be considered to: (a) be a threat or an attempted intimidation of a staff member; or (b) endanger the health or safety of students, staff, or school property.

Prohibited Student Conduct

The school administration is authorized to discipline students for gross disobedience or misconduct, including but not limited to:

- 1. Using, possessing, distributing, purchasing, or selling tobacco or nicotine materials, including without limitation, electronic cigarettes.
- Using, possessing, distributing, purchasing, or selling alcoholic beverages. Students who are
 under the influence of an alcoholic beverage are not permitted to attend school or school
 functions and are treated as though they had alcohol in their possession.
- 3. Using, possessing, distributing, purchasing, selling, or offering for sale:
 - a. Any illegal drug or controlled substance, or cannabis (including marijuana, hashish, and medical cannabis unless the student is authorized to be administered a medical cannabis infused product under Ashley's Law).
 - b. Any anabolic steroid unless it is being administered in accordance with a physician's or licensed practitioner's prescription.
 - c. Any performance-enhancing substance on the Illinois High School Association's most current banned substance list unless administered in accordance with a physician's or licensed practitioner's prescription.

- d. Any prescription drug when not prescribed for the student by a physician or licensed practitioner, or when used in a manner inconsistent with the prescription or prescribing physician's or licensed practitioner's instructions. The use or possession of medical cannabis, even by a student for whom medical cannabis has been prescribed, is prohibited unless the student is authorized to be administered a medical cannabis infused product under Ashley's Law.
- e. Any inhalant, regardless of whether it contains an illegal drug or controlled substance: (a) that a student believes is, or represents to be capable of, causing intoxication, hallucination, excitement, or dulling of the brain or nervous system; or (b) about which the student engaged in behavior that would lead a reasonable person to believe that the student intended the inhalant to cause intoxication, hallucination, excitement, or dulling of the brain or nervous system. The prohibition in this section does not apply to a student's use of asthma or other legally prescribed inhalant medications.
- f. Any substance inhaled, injected, smoked, consumed, or otherwise ingested or absorbed with the intention of causing a physiological or psychological change in the body, including without limitation, pure caffeine in tablet or powdered form.
- g. Look-alike or counterfeit drugs, including a substance that is not prohibited by this policy, but one: (a) that a student believes to be, or represents to be, an illegal drug, controlled substance, or other substance that is prohibited by this policy; or (b) about which a student engaged in behavior that would lead a reasonable person to believe that the student expressly or impliedly represented to be an illegal drug, controlled substance, or other substance that is prohibited by this policy.
- h. Drug paraphernalia, including devices that are or can be used to: (a) ingest, inhale, or inject cannabis or controlled substances into the body; and (b) grow, process, store, or conceal cannabis or controlled substances.

Students who are under the influence of any prohibited substance are not permitted to attend school or school functions and are treated as though they had the prohibited substance, as applicable, in their possession.

- 4. Using, possessing, controlling, or transferring a weapon as that term is defined in the Weapons section of this policy, or violating the Weapons section of this policy.
- 5. Using or possessing an electronic paging device. Using a cellular telephone, video recording device, personal digital assistant (PDA), or other electronic device in any manner that disrupts the educational environment or violates the rights of others, including using the device to take photographs in locker rooms or bathrooms, cheat, or otherwise violate student conduct rules. Prohibited conduct specifically includes, without limitation, creating, sending, sharing, viewing, receiving, or possessing an indecent visual depiction of oneself or another person through the use of a computer, electronic communication device, or cellular phone. Unless otherwise banned under this policy or by the Building Principal, all electronic devices must be kept powered-off or silenced and out-of-sight during the regular school day unless: (a) the supervising teacher grants permission; (b) use of the device is provided in a student's individualized education program (IEP); (c) it is used during the student's lunch period, or (d) it is needed in an emergency that threatens the safety of students, staff, or other individuals.
- 6. Using or possessing a laser pointer unless under a staff member's direct supervision and in the context of instruction.

- 7. Disobeying rules of student conduct or directives from staff members or school officials. Examples of disobeying staff directives include refusing a District staff member's request to stop, present school identification, or submit to a search.
- 8. Engaging in academic dishonesty, including cheating, intentionally plagiarizing, wrongfully giving or receiving help during an academic examination, altering report cards, and wrongfully obtaining test copies or scores.
- 9. Engaging in hazing or any kind of bullying or aggressive behavior that does physical or psychological harm to a staff person or another student, or urging other students to engage in such conduct. Prohibited conduct specifically includes, without limitation, any use of violence, intimidation, force, noise, coercion, threats, stalking, harassment, sexual harassment, public humiliation, theft or destruction of property, retaliation, hazing, bullying, bullying using a school computer or a school computer network, or other comparable conduct.
- 10. Engaging in any sexual activity, including without limitation, offensive touching, sexual harassment, indecent exposure (including mooning), and sexual assault. This does not include the non-disruptive: (a) expression of gender or sexual orientation or preference, or (b) display of affection during non-instructional time.
- 11. Teen dating violence, as described in Board policy 7:185, Teen Dating Violence Prohibited.
- 12. Causing or attempting to cause damage to, or stealing or attempting to steal, school property or another person's personal property.
- 13. Entering school property or a school facility without proper authorization.
- 14. In the absence of a reasonable belief that an emergency exists, calling emergency responders (such as calling 911); signaling or setting off alarms or signals indicating the presence of an emergency; or indicating the presence of a bomb or explosive device on school grounds, school bus, or at any school activity.
- 15. Being absent without a recognized excuse; State law and School Board policy regarding truancy control will be used with chronic and habitual truants.
- 16. Being involved with any public school fraternity, sorority, or secret society, by: (a) being a member; (b) promising to join; (c) pledging to become a member; or (d) soliciting any other person to join, promise to join, or be pledged to become a member.
- 17. Being involved in gangs or gang-related activities, including displaying gang symbols or paraphernalia.
- 18. Violating any criminal law, including but not limited to, assault, battery, arson, theft, gambling, eavesdropping, vandalism, and hazing.
- 19. Making an explicit threat on an Internet website against a school employee, a student, or any school-related personnel if the Internet website through which the threat was made is a site that was accessible within the school at the time the threat was made or was available to third parties who worked or studied within the school grounds at the time the threat was made, and the threat could be reasonably interpreted as threatening to the safety and security of the threatened individual because of his or her duties or employment status or status as a student inside the school.
- Operating an unmanned aircraft system (UAS) or drone for any purpose on school grounds or at any school event unless granted permission by the Superintendent or designee.

21. Engaging in any activity, on or off campus, that interferes with, disrupts, or adversely affects the school environment, school operations, or an educational function, including but not limited to, conduct that may reasonably be considered to: (a) be a threat or an attempted intimidation of a staff member; or (b) endanger the health or safety of students, staff, or school property.

For purposes of this policy, the term possession includes having control, custody, or care, currently or in the past, of an object or substance, including situations in which the item is: (a) on the student's person; (b) contained in another item belonging to, or under the control of, the student, such as in the student's clothing, backpack, or automobile; (c) in a school's student locker, desk, or other school property; or (d) at any location on school property or at a school-sponsored event.

Efforts, including the use of positive interventions and supports, shall be made to deter students, while at school or a school-related event, from engaging in aggressive behavior that may reasonably produce physical or psychological harm to someone else. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that the parent/guardian of a student who engages in aggressive behavior is notified of the incident. The failure to provide such notification does not limit the Board's authority to impose discipline, including suspension or expulsion, for such behavior.

No disciplinary action shall be taken against any student that is based totally or in part on the refusal of the student's parent/guardian to administer or consent to the administration of psychotropic or psychostimulant medication to the student.

Disciplinary Measures

School officials shall limit the number and duration of expulsions and out-of-school suspensions to the greatest extent practicable, and, where practicable and reasonable, shall consider forms of nonexclusionary discipline before using out-of-school suspensions or expulsions. School personnel shall not advise or encourage students to drop out voluntarily due to behavioral or academic difficulties. Potential disciplinary measures include, without limitation, any of the following:

- 1. Notifying parent(s)/guardian(s).
- Disciplinary conference.
- Withholding of privileges. 3.
- Temporary removal from the classroom.
- Return of property or restitution for lost, stolen, or damaged property.
- 6. In-school suspension. The Building Principal or designee shall ensure that the student is properly supervised.
- 7. After-school study or Saturday study provided the student's parent/guardian has been notified. If transportation arrangements cannot be agreed upon, an alternative disciplinary measure must be used. The student must be supervised by the detaining teacher or the Building Principal or designee.
- Community service with local public and nonprofit agencies that enhances community efforts to meet human, educational, environmental, or public safety needs. The District will not provide transportation. School administration shall use this option only as an alternative to another disciplinary measure, giving the student and/or parent/guardian the choice.
- Seizure of contraband; confiscation and temporary retention of personal property that was used to violate this policy or school disciplinary rules.
- 10. Suspension of bus riding privileges in accordance with Board policy 7:220, Bus Conduct.

- 11. Out-of-school suspension from school and all school activities in accordance with Board policy 7:200, Suspension Procedures. A student who has been suspended may also be restricted from being on school grounds and at school activities.
- 12. Expulsion from school and all school activities for a definite time period not to exceed two calendar years in accordance with Board policy 7:210, Expulsion Procedures. A student who has been expelled may also be restricted from being on school grounds and at school activities.
- 13. Transfer to an alternative program if the student is expelled or otherwise qualifies for the transfer under State law. The transfer shall be in the manner provided in Article 13A or 13B of the School Code.
- 14. Notifying juvenile authorities or other law enforcement whenever the conduct involves criminal activity, including but not limited to, illegal drugs (controlled substances), lookalikes, alcohol, or weapons or in other circumstances as authorized by the reciprocal reporting agreement between the District and local law enforcement agencies.

The above list of disciplinary measures is a range of options that will not always be applicable in every case. In some circumstances, it may not be possible to avoid suspending or expelling a student because behavioral interventions, other than a suspension and expulsion, will not be appropriate and available, and the only reasonable and practical way to resolve the threat and/or address the disruption is a suspension or expulsion.

Corporal punishment is prohibited. Corporal punishment is defined as slapping, paddling, or prolonged maintenance of students in physically painful positions, or intentional infliction of bodily harm. Corporal punishment does not include reasonable force as needed to maintain safety for students, staff, or other persons, or for the purpose of self-defense or defense of property.

Isolated Time Out, Time Out, and Physical Restraint

Neither isolated time out, time out, nor physical restraint shall be used to discipline or punish a student. These methods are only authorized for use as permitted in 105 ILCS 5/10-20.33, State Board of Education rules (23 III.Admin.Code §§ 1.280, 1.285), and the District's procedure(s).

Weapons

A student who is determined to have brought one of the following objects to school, any schoolsponsored activity or event, or any activity or event that bears a reasonable relationship to school shall be expelled for a period of at least one calendar year but not more than two calendar years:

- 1. A firearm, meaning any gun, rifle, shotgun, or weapon as defined by Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code (18 U.S.C. § 921), firearm as defined in Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act (430 ILCS 65/), or firearm as defined in Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 (720 ILCS 5/24-1).
- 2. A knife, brass knuckles, or other knuckle weapon regardless of its composition, a billy club, or any other object if used or attempted to be used to cause bodily harm, including look-alikes of any firearm as defined above.

The expulsion requirement under either paragraph one or two above may be modified by the Superintendent, and the Superintendent's determination may be modified by the Board on a case-bycase basis. The Superintendent or designee may grant an exception to this policy, upon the prior request of an adult supervisor, for students in theatre, cooking, ROTC, martial arts, and similar programs, whether or not school-sponsored, provided the item is not equipped, nor intended, to do bodily harm.

This policy's prohibitions concerning weapons apply regardless of whether: (1) a student is licensed to carry a concealed firearm, or (2) the Board permits visitors, who are licensed to carry a concealed firearm, to store a firearm in a locked vehicle in a school parking area.

Re-Engagement of Returning Students

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain a process to facilitate the re-engagement of students who are returning from an out-of-school suspension, expulsion, or an alternative school setting. The goal of re-engagement shall be to support the student's ability to be successful in school following a period of exclusionary discipline and shall include the opportunity for students who have been suspended to complete or make up work for equivalent academic credit.

A school staff member shall immediately notify the office of the Building Principal in the event that he or she: (1) observes any person in possession of a firearm on or around school grounds; however, such action may be delayed if immediate notice would endanger students under his or her supervision, (2) observes or has reason to suspect that any person on school grounds is or was involved in a drug-related incident, or (3) observes a battery committed against any staff member. Upon receiving such a report, the Building Principal or designee shall immediately notify the local law enforcement agency, III. State Police (ISP), and any involved student's parent/guardian. School grounds includes modes of transportation to school activities and any public way within 1000 feet of the school, as well as school property itself.

Delegation of Authority

Each teacher, and any other school personnel when students are under his or her charge, is authorized to impose any disciplinary measure, other than suspension, expulsion, corporal punishment, or inschool suspension, that is appropriate and in accordance with the policies and rules on student discipline. Teachers, other certificated [licensed] educational employees, and other persons providing a related service for or with respect to a student, may use reasonable force as needed to maintain safety for other students, school personnel, or other persons, or for the purpose of self-defense or defense of property. Teachers may temporarily remove students from a classroom for disruptive

The Superintendent, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, or Dean of Students is authorized to impose the same disciplinary measures as teachers and may suspend students guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct from school (including all school functions) and from riding the school bus, up to 10 consecutive school days, provided the appropriate procedures are followed. The Board may suspend a student from riding the bus in excess of 10 school days for safety reasons.

Student Handbook

The Superintendent, with input from the parent-teacher advisory committee, shall prepare disciplinary rules implementing the District's disciplinary policies. These disciplinary rules shall be presented annually to the Board for its review and approval.

A student handbook, including the District disciplinary policies and rules, shall be distributed to the students' parents/guardians within 15 days of the beginning of the school year or a student's enrollment.

Incorporated by Reference:

7:190-AP4 (Use of Isolated Time Out, Time Out, and Physical Restraint)

LEGAL REF.:

20 U.S.C. §6081, Pro-Children Act of 1994. 20 U.S.C. §7961 <u>et seq</u>., Gun Free Schools Act.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.5b, 5/10-20.14, 5/10-20.28, 5/10-20.36, 5/10-21.7, 5/10-21.10, 5/10-22.6, 5/10-27.1A, 5/10-27.1B, 5/22-33, 5/24-24, 5/26-12, 5/27-23.7, and 5/31-3.

105 ILCS 110/3.10, Critical Health Problems and Comprehensive Health Education Act.

410 ILCS 130/, Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program.

410 ILCS 647/, Powdered Caffeine Control and Education Act.

430 ILCS 66/, Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §§ 1.280, 1.285.

CROSS REF.:

2:150 (Committees), 2:240 (Board Policy Development), 5:230 (Maintaining Student Discipline), 6:110 (Programs for Students At Risk of Academic Failure and/or Dropping Out of School and Graduation Incentives Program), 7:70 (Attendance and Truancy), 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:140 (Search and Seizure), 7:150 (Agency and Police Interviews), 7:160 (Student Appearance), 7:170 (Vandalism), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 7:185 (Teen Dating Violence Prohibited), 7:200 (Suspension Procedures), 7:210 (Expulsion Procedures), 7:220 (Bus Conduct), 7:230 (Misconduct by Students with Disabilities), 7:240 (Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities), 7:270 (Administering Medicines to Students), 7:310 (Restrictions on Publications; Elementary Schools), 7:315 (Restrictions on Publications; High Schools), 8:30 (Visitors to and Conduct on School Property)

Revised: Oct. 22 Adopted: Dec. 22

1

Student Handbook - Hazing Prohibited

Soliciting, encouraging, aiding, or engaging in hazing, no matter when or where it occurs, is prohibited. *Hazing* means any intentional, knowing, or reckless act directed to or required of a student for the purpose of being initiated into, affiliating with, holding office in, or maintaining membership in any group, organization, club, or athletic team whose members are or include other students.

Students engaging in hazing will be subject to one or more of the following disciplinary actions:

- 1. Removal from the extracurricular activities,
- 2. Conference with parents/guardians, and/or
- 3. Referral to appropriate law enforcement agency.

Students engaging in hazing that endangers the mental or physical health or safety of another person may also be subject to:

- 1. Suspension for up to 10 days, and/or
- 2. Expulsion for the remainder of the school term.

Revised: April 2023 Adopted: May 2023

Student Handbook - Gang Activity Prohibited

Students are prohibited from engaging in gang activity. A gang is any group of two or more persons whose purpose includes the commission of illegal acts.

No student shall engage in any gang activity, including but not limited to:

1. Wearing, using, distributing, displaying, or selling any clothing, jewelry, emblem, badge, symbol, sign, or other thing that are evidence of membership or affiliation in any gang;

2. Committing any act or omission, or using any speech, either verbal or non-verbal (such as gestures or hand-shakes) showing membership or affiliation in a gang; and

3. Using any speech or committing any act or omission in furtherance of any gang or gang activity, including but not limited to: (a) soliciting others for membership in any gangs, (b) requesting any person to pay protection or otherwise intimidating or threatening any person, (c) committing any other illegal act or other violation of school district policies, (d) inciting other students to act with physical violence upon any other person.

Students engaging in any gang-related activity will be subject to one or more of the following disciplinary actions:

Removal from extracurricular and athletic activities Conference with parent(s)/guardian(s) Referral to appropriate law enforcement agency Suspension for up to 10 days Expulsion not to exceed two calendar years

Revised: July 2020

Adopted: September 2020

Administrative Procedure - Guidelines for Reciprocal Reporting of Criminal Offenses **Committed by Students**

State law requires a reciprocal reporting system between the School District and local law enforcement agencies regarding criminal offenses committed by students. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and the School Code set requirements for the management and sharing of law enforcement records and other information about students if they have contact with local law enforcement. Implementation of reciprocal reporting procedures relies heavily on the District's parent-teacher advisory committee and Building Principals, in cooperation with local law enforcement agencies. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14. The parent-teacher advisory committee is a School Board committee and, thus, is subject to the Open Meetings Act. 5 ILCS 120/1.02. Local implementation of reciprocal reporting procedures may be modified based upon the District's and local law enforcement's specific implementation needs.

Guidelines for Reports from the District to Local Law Enforcement

When sharing information, school officials should be aware of State and federal laws regarding school student records. Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. §1232g; 34 C.F.R. Part 99; Illinois School Student Records Act, 105 ILCS 10/; 23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 375. Information kept by law enforcement professionals working in a school is not considered a school student record. 105 ILCS 10/2. Also, law enforcement records maintained by law enforcement agencies are not considered a school student record. 105 ILCS 5/22-20. For more detailed information about school student records and its definition, see 7:340-AP1, School Student Records.

- The Building Principal and/or the Police Department School Liaison Officer (Liaison Officer) will arrange meetings as needed between school officials and individuals representing law enforcement to share information. While not required by State law, meetings may enhance a cooperative relationship between the school and local law enforcement agencies. The following people should be invited to these meetings: dean, building principal, school counselor, State's Attorney, juvenile probation officer, and police department school liaison
- The Building Principal and the Liaison Officer will share information with the appropriate law enforcement agencies regarding the arrest of a student who is less than 17 years of age and is enrolled in the Building Principal's school when the arrest was for any offense listed in the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. 105 ÎLCS 5/10-20.14.
 - The reporter should identify the student by name and describe the circumstances of the alleged criminal activity. If the information is a school student record, local law enforcement officials must certify in writing that they will not disclose it to any other party except as provided by State law without the prior written consent of the student's parent/guardian. See administrative procedure 7:340-AP1, School Student Records, Section H. The written certification requirement is at 105 ILCS 10/6(6.5) and 20 U.S.C. §1232g(b)(1)(E)(ii)(II).
 - The report should be made as soon as possible after the Liaison Officer or Building Principal reasonably suspects that a student is involved in such activity.
 - The Building Principal's duty to report such activity arises only when the activity occurs on school property or off school grounds at a school-related function.

Guidelines for Reporting from Local Law Enforcement to the District

The information shared with the District from law enforcement agencies and the confidentiality of shared juvenile law enforcement records are managed under 105 ILCS 5/22-20 and 705 ILCS 405/1-7. These laws require the Building Principal to maintain all information and records that the District receives from local law enforcement separate from a student's official school student record. Unless otherwise indicated, the information received from local law enforcement may only be used by school staff having a legitimate educational or safety interest in the information to support (1) the proper rehabilitation of the student, and/or (2) the protection and safety of students and employees in the school.

- The State's Attorney shall provide to the Building Principal a copy of any delinquency dispositional order concerning any student regardless of age where the crime would be a felony if committed by an adult, or following any adjudication of delinquency for a violation 1. of Section 24-1, 24-3, 24-3.1, or 24-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (deadly weapon offenses). Access to this information is limited to only the Building Principal, the Superintendent, and any school counselor designated by either administrator. 705 ILCS 405/1-8(F), amended by P.A. 102-197.
- Local law enforcement may disclose the identity of a victim of aggravated battery, battery, attempted first degree murder, or another non-sexual violent offense to appropriate school officials if the presiding judge of the juvenile court approves the disclosure to prevent foreseeable violence. 705 ILCS 405/5-905(2.5).
- Local law enforcement may transmit juvenile law enforcement records relating to a minor who is arrested or taken into custody before his or her 17th birthday only if law enforcement believes that there is imminent threat of physical harm to students, school personnel, or others. 705 ILCS 405/1-7(A)(8), amended by P.A. 102-752, eff. 1-1-23, and 405/5-905(h). For an example of relevancy and implementation of this type of law enforcement information in a school building, see Board policy 4:190, Targeted School Violence Prevention Program.
- Local law enforcement agencies and all courts must report to the Building Principal the fact that a student enrolled in the building has been detained for proceedings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or for any crime or violation of a municipal or county ordinance. 105 ILCS
- 5. Local law enforcement may allow the Building Principal or appropriate school official(s) to inspect and copy juvenile law enforcement records concerning a minor enrolled in the school who has been arrested or taken into custody for violating the following Ill. laws: Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (deadly weapons); Ill. Controlled Substances Act; Cannabis Control Act; forcible felonies defined at Section 2-8 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act; Section 1-2 of the Harassing and Obscene Communications Act; Hazing Act; or Section 12 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (bodily harm); or Article 25 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (mob action and related offenses). 705 ILCS 405/1-7(A)(8)(A), and 405/5-905(h)(A).
 - 6. Local law enforcement shall provide a copy of all arrest records, and the State's Attorney shall provide a copy of all conviction records, to the Building Principal if the record involves a student who is arrested or taken into custody after his or her 17th birthday.
 - 7. Local law enforcement may disclose only oral information about a minor who is the subject of a current police investigation that is directly related to school safety. 705 ILCS 405/5-905(h). For an example of relevancy and implementation of this type of law enforcement

- information in a school building, see Board policy 4:190, Targeted School Violence
- 8. Local law enforcement and the State's Attorney may share or disclose information or records relating or pertaining to juveniles subject to the provisions of the Serious Habitual Offender Comprehensive Action Program when that information is used to assist in the early identification and treatment of habitual juvenile offenders. 705 ILCS 405/1-8(G).

LEGAL REF.:

20 U.S.C. §1232g, Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.14 and 5/22-20. 5 ILCS 120/1.02, Open Meetings Act.

105 ILCS 10/, 10/2, 10/6(6.5), Ill. School Student Records Act.

705 ILCS 405/1-7, 1-8(F), 1-8(G), and 5-905, Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

23 Ill. Admin. Code, Part 375, Student Records.

CROSS REF.:

2:150 (Committees), 4:190 (Targeted School Violence Prevention Program),

7:150 (Agency and Police Interviews), 7:340 (Student Records)

ADMIN PROC.:

7:150-AP (Agency and Police Interviews), 7:340-AP1 (School Student Records)

Adopted: Dec. 2022 Revised: Oct. 2022

Administrative Procedure - Use of Isolated Time Out, Time Out, and Physical

This administrative procedure applies to all students. Isolated time out, time out, and physical restraint shall only be used if the student's behavior presents an imminent danger of serious physical harm to the student or others, and other less restrictive and intrusive measures were tried and proven ineffective in stopping it. The District may not use isolated time out, time out, or physical restraint as discipline or punishment, convenience for staff, retaliation, a substitute for appropriate educational or behavioral support, a routine safety matter, or to prevent property damage in the absence of imminent danger of serious physical harm to the student or others. Any use of isolated time out, time out, or physical restraint by any staff member shall comply with the Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE) rules, Section 1.285, "Requirements for the Use of Isolated Time Out, Time Out, and Physical

For further guidance, see ISBE's Permanent Regulations for the Use of Time Out, Isolated Time Out, www.isbe.net/Pages/restraint-time-out.aspx. Note: The special education committee of the Ill. Guidance and Frequently Council of School Attorneys collaborated with ISBE on this guidance in its continuing commitment to help school boards and their districts comply with ISBE requirements.

A written record of each episode of isolated time out, time out, or physical restraint must be created by the Superintendent or designee using the ISBE Physical Restraint and Time Out form, available at: www.isbe.net/Pages/restraint-time-out.aspx. Additionally, ISBE's Physical Restraint, Time Out, and Isolated Time Out Bill of Rights, at: www.isbe.net/Documents/RTO-Bill-of-Rights.pdf, or a similar document can be provided to parents/guardians within one business day after each incident of isolated time out, time out, or physical restraint to meet notification requirements in 105 ILCS 5/10-22.33(g) and 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.285(g)(3).

Isolated time out, time out, and physical restraint are defined as follows:

Isolated time out - the involuntary confinement of a student alone in a time out room or other enclosure outside the classroom without a supervising adult in the time out room or enclosure. Isolated time out does not include a student-initiated or student-requested break, a student-initiated or teacher-initiated sensory break, including a sensory room containing sensory tools to assist a student to calm and de-escalate, an in-school suspension or detention, or any other appropriate disciplinary measure, including a student's brief removal to the hallway or similar environment.

Time Out - a behavior management technique for the purposes of calming or de-escalation that involves the involuntary monitored separation of a student from classmates with an adult trained under 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.285(i) for part of the school day, only for a brief time, in a non-locked setting. Time out does not include a student-initiated or student-requested break, a student-initiated or teacher-initiated sensory break, including a sensory room containing sensory tools to assist a student to calm and de-escalate, an in-school suspension or detention, or any other appropriate disciplinary measure, including a student's brief removal to the hallway or similar environment.

Physical restraint - holding a student or otherwise restricting a student's movements using a specific, planned technique. A physical restraint shall not impair a student's ability to breathe or communicate normally, obstruct a student's airway, or interfere with a student's ability to speak.

7:250-AP2

Prone physical restraint is a physical restraint in which a student is held face-down on the floor or other surface and physical pressure is applied to the student's body to keep the student in the prone position. Prone physical restraint is prohibited except in special education nonpublic facilities under 105 ILCS 5/14-7.02 when all of the criteria in 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.285(d)(4) are met. Prone physical restraint is entirely prohibited after the 2021-2022 school year. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.285(d)(4)(F).

Supine physical restraint is a physical restraint in which a student is held face up on the floor or other surface and physical pressure is applied to the student's body to keep the student in the supine position. Supine physical restraint is prohibited unless all of the criteria in 23 Ill.Admin.Code

Restraint does not include momentary periods of physical restriction by direct person-to-person contact, without the aid of material or mechanical devices, accomplished with limited force and designed to: (1) prevent a student from completing an act that would result in potential physical harm to himself, herself, or another or damage to property; or (2) remove a disruptive student who is unwilling to leave the area voluntarily.

The following also apply:

- 1. The circumstances under which isolated time out, time out, or physical restraint will be applied are limited to maintaining a safe and orderly learning environment, to the extent necessary to preserve the safety of the student and others. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.285(j)(1).
- The ISBE rules are adopted as the District's written procedure to be followed by staff for the use of isolated time out or physical restraint. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.285(j)(2).
- Staff members shall inform the Building Principal whenever isolated time out, time out, or physical restraint is used, and the Building Principal shall maintain the documentation required according to Section 1.285(j)(3). 23 III.Admin.Code §1.285(j)(3).
- The Building Principal shall investigate and evaluate any incident that results in an injury to the affected student, parent/guardian, staff member, or other individual. 23 Ill.Admin.Code
- 5. The Superintendent or designee shall compile an annual review of the use of isolated time out, time out, or physical restraint. The Building Principal shall report the following information to the Superintendent or designee in order to facilitate the report's compilation: 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.285(j)(5).
 - The number of incidents involving the use of these interventions;
 - The location and duration of each incident;
 - Identification of the staff members who were involved;
 - Any injuries or property damage that occurred; and
 - The timeliness of parental or guardian notification and timelines for agency notification and administrative review.

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/10-20.33.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §§1.280 and 1.285.

Revised: Oct. 2022

Adopted: Dec. 2022

<u>Students</u>

Administrative Procedure - Protocol for Responding to Students with Social, Emotional, or Mental Health Needs

Student Support Committee

Each Building Principal shall annually appoint a building-level Student Support Committee that shall have the tasks described in this Administrative Procedure. Committee members must be school staff members who are qualified by professional licensing or experience to address issues concerning students who may have social, emotional, or mental health needs. As needed on a case-by-case basis, the Student Support Committee may request the involvement of the Building Principal, relevant teachers, and the parents/guardians. Records produced and shared among Committee members may be subject to laws governing student records. Confidential information given by a student to a therapist is governed by the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act, 740 ILCS 110/.

Children's Mental Health Partnership's Plan and Annual Progress Reports

The Illinois Children's Mental Health Partnership (ICMHP) develops and updates its statewide Children's Mental Health Plan (CMH Plan). The CMH Plan is a statewide strategic blueprint or roadmap to promote and improve the children's mental health system and covers a range of recommendations and strategies necessary to reforming the children's mental health system in Illinois. By Dec. 30 of each year, the ICMHP must submit an annual progress report to the Governor for approval. The Student Support Committee will monitor the annual ICMHP progress report, available at: www.icmhp.org/our-work/our-annual-reports. The CMH Plan is available at: www.dhs.state.il.us/page.aspx?item=68168. After reviewing both websites, the Student Support Committee will decide how to implement its recommendations and strategies as appropriate within the resources available in the District.

Staff members should refer a student suspected of having social, emotional, or mental health needs to Referrals the building-level Student Support Committee. The Student Support Committee will review information about a referred student, including prior interventions, and suggest appropriate steps for referral and follow-up. The Student Support Committee may offer strategies to a referred student's classroom teachers and parents/guardians about ways they can manage, address, and/or enhance the student's social and emotional development and mental health. In addition, the Student Support Committee may recommend coordinated educational, social work, school counseling, student assistance services, and/or a case study evaluation, as well as referrals to outside agencies.

Referrals under this procedure are unrelated to the special education evaluation process and do not trigger the District's timeline for evaluations. However, the use of these procedures shall not circumvent the special education process. See Administrative Procedure 6:120-AP1, Special Education Procedures Assuring the Implementation of Comprehensive Programming for Children with Disabilities.

School Counseling, School Social Work, School Psychological, and School Nursing Services

The Student Support Committee may request school counselors, school social workers, school psychologists, and school nurses to provide support and consultation to teachers and school staff

Page 3 of 4 7:250-AP2

about strategies to promote the social and emotional development and mental health of all students. They may also be requested to provide screening and early detection approaches to identify students with social, emotional, and mental health needs.

School counselors, school social workers, school psychologists, and school nurses will inform parents/guardians of all issues that pose a health and/or safety risk; they will inform the Building Principal of any health or safety risks that are present in the school.

Psycho-Educational Groups

As appropriate, the Student Support Committee may recommend that a student participate in a variety of psycho-educational groups. These groups are typically led by school counselors, social workers, or psychologists, but are not structured as therapeutic services. Groups are designed to help students better understand issues and develop strategies to manage issues of concern to them that may, if not addressed, interfere significantly with the students' educational progress or school adjustment. Groups have a written curriculum that guides discussion over a set period of time, generally five weeks. A student may participate in a group without parent/guardian permission for one such time period; subsequent enrollment in the same group requires parent/guardian permission.

Students in a group who present significant concern and for whom therapeutic services must be considered will be referred to the social workers, psychologists, or school counselors for individual consultation. (See above description of these services.)

Erin's Law Counseling Options, Assistance, and Intervention

The Student Support Committee shall identify District and community-based counseling options for students who are affected by sexual abuse and grooming behaviors, along with options for victims of sexual abuse to obtain assistance and intervention. Community-based options must include a Children's Advocacy Center and sexual assault crisis center(s) that serve the District, if any.

School and Community Linkages

When possible, the Student Support Committee shall seek to establish linkages and partnerships with diverse community organizations with the goal of providing a coordinated, collaborative early intervention social and emotional development and mental health support system for students that is integrated with community mental health agencies and organizations and other child-serving agencies and systems.

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/10-23.13.

405 ILCS 49/, Children's Mental Health Act.

Adopted: Dec. 2022 Revised: Oct. 2022

Students

Student Handbook - Electronic Devices

Students may not use or possess electronic signaling (paging) devices or two-way radios on school Electronic Signaling Devices property at any time, unless the Building Principal specifically grants permission.

Cell Phones and Other Electronic Devices

The possession and use of smartphones, cell phones, and other electronic devices, other than paging devices and two-way radios, are subject to the following rules:

- They must be kept out of sight and in an inconspicuous location, such as a backpack, purse, or locker, unless use is authorized by the teacher or for the reasons in number two, below.
- They must be turned off or silenced during the regular school day unless: (a) the supervising teacher grants permission for them to be used; (b) use of the device is provided in a student's individualized education program (IEP); (c) the device is used during the student's lunch period; or (d) the device is needed during an emergency.
- 3. They may not be used in any manner that will cause disruption to the educational environment or will otherwise violate student conduct rules.
- They may not be used for creating, sending, sharing, viewing, receiving, or possessing indecent visual depictions or non-consensual dissemination of private sexual images as defined in State law, i.e., sexting. Possession is prohibited regardless of whether the depiction violates State law. Any cellular phone or electronic device may be searched upon reasonable suspicion of sexting or other violations of policy. All sexting violations will require school administrators to follow student discipline policies in addition to contacting the police and reporting suspected child abuse or neglect when appropriate.

Electronic study aids may be used during the school day if:

- 1. Use of the device is provided in the student's IEP, or
- 2. Permission is received from the student's teacher; e.g., Bring Your Own Technology (BYOT)

Examples of electronic devices that are used as study aids include: devices with audio or video recording, MP3 players, some cellular phones, smartphones, laptop computers, Chromebooks®, and tablet computers or devices, e.g., iPads®.

Examples of electronic devices that are not used as study aids include: hand-held electronic games, MP3 players used for a purpose other than a study aid, global positioning systems (GPS), radios, and cellular and smartphones (with or without cameras) used for a purpose other than a study aid.

The use of technology as educational material in a curriculum-based program is not a necessity but a privilege, and a student does not have an absolute right to use his or her electronic device while at school. If applicable, using technology as a study aid must always follow the established rules for the BYOT program. Using technology at all other times must always follow the established rules for cellular and smartphones and other electronic devices at school.

The School District is not responsible for the loss or theft of any electronic device brought to school.

Revised: December 2021 7:190-AP5

Adopted: January 2022

Page 1 of 1

Students

Administrative Procedure - Guidelines for Investigating Sexting Allegations

Establishing procedures with local law enforcement agencies and State's attorneys to investigate allegations of sexting protects the District, its staff and its students from the broad legal implications that sexting allegations present. This administrative procedure contains three sections:

1. Glossary of Terms

2. Preparation of Guidelines for Investigating Sexting Allegations

3. Investigation and Management of Sexting Allegations

Glossary of Terms

Electronic device: any type of electronic communication device, defined in the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 at 705 ILCS 405/3-40(a). It includes, but is not limited to, a wireless telephone, personal digital assistant, or a portable or mobile computer, that is capable of transmitting images or pictures. This includes cellular telephones (see www.thesaurus.com/, listing cellular and wireless telephones as synonyms). For more discussion, see f/n 3 in administrative procedure 7:190-AP5, Student Handbook - Electronic Devices.

Sexting: a portmanteau word of sex and texting with no clear definition. It is commonly explained as the act of sending sexually explicit photos, images, or messages electronically, primarily by mobile phone or the internet. For purposes of this procedure, it also includes:

- 1. Indecent visual depiction, which under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 means a depiction or portrayal in any pose, posture, or setting involving a lewd exhibition of the unclothed or transparently clothed genitals, pubic area, buttocks, or, if such person is female, a fully or partially developed breast of the person (705 ILCS 405/3-40(a) (enacted to provide law enforcement officials an alternative to bringing child pornography charges against minors in possession of indecent visual depictions through placing them under the supervision of iuvenile courts)), or
- 2. Non-consensual dissemination of private sexual images, which under the Criminal Code of 2012 is a crime that is committed when a person:
 - a. intentionally disseminates an image of another person:

i. who is at least 18 years of age; and

- ii. who is identifiable from the image itself or information displayed in connection with the image; and
- iii. who is engaged in a sexual act or whose intimate parts are exposed, in whole or in part; and

b. obtains the image under circumstances in which a reasonable person would know or understand that the image was to remain private; and

knows or should have known that the person in the image has not consented to the dissemination (720 ILCS 5/11-23.5(b)).

Preparation of Guidelines for Investigating Sexting Allegations

This section identifies best practices to create guidelines for investigating sexting allegations at the District-wide level. The Superintendent should discuss this procedure with local law enforcement agencies and State's attorneys to minimize the potential legal implications for students and administrators that managing sexting in school presents. Customize the procedure to each District's specific needs.

Actor	Action
Superintendent or designee	Convene a meeting with the Board Attorney, local law enforcement agencies, and State's attorney to determine best practices and procedures for investigating sexting in the District. Use the Investigation and Management of Sexting Allegations section (see below) as a template for discussion at the meeting and customize it to meet local considerations as necessary. Ask the Board Attorney to provide direction about searching student owned electronic devices in Step 2: Isolate Evidence / Confiscate Device in the Investigation and Management of Sexting Allegations section (see below).
	Searching electronic devices involves Fourth Amendment search and seizure and the federal Stored Communication Act (SCA) (18 U.S.C. §2701) issues. Generally asking for permission, calling the parents to come and look through the phone, or getting a warrant solves this issue. Note: See Searching and Seizing Computers and Obtaining Electronic Evidence Manual (Sept. 2009), Chapter 3, The Stored Communication Act, at:
	https://www.justice.gov/file/442111/download
	and Orin S. Kerr, A User's Guide to the Stored Communications Act, and a Legislator's Guide to Amending It, George Washington Law
	Review (Aug. 2004), at: courses.ischool.berkeley.edu/i205/s10/readings/week10/kerr-
	storedcomm.ndf.
	Identify and list all State's attorneys and local law enforcement agencies with jurisdiction over the District's boundaries. Provide this list to all Building Principals in the District.
	Provide the local State's attorney offices and law enforcement agencies with an annual list of school buildings and the names of each building's administrators that are located within their jurisdictions.
	Invite local State's attorney offices and law enforcement agencies to meet with District school officials to provide input on how the District should manage sexting.
	Add an agenda item about sexting to a Parent Teacher Advisory Committee meeting (see policy 2:150, Committees). Include information from discussions with State's attorneys and local law enforcement about the issue Discuss local considerations for:
	 Disciplinary actions and consequences in response to sexting; and Sexting education and prevention efforts.
	Consider adding information about the negative consequences of sexting to the District's sex education curriculum. See, U.S. Dept. of Justice (DOJ) Guide titled Citizen's Guide to United States Federal Child Exploitation and Obscenity Laws, at:

Actor	Action america-when-privates-go-public-premieres-on-valentines-day/.
	Consider adding the above resources to 4:170-AP2, E4, Exhibit-Letter to Parents/Guardians About Preventing and Reducing Incidences of Sexting. Convene a meeting with Building Principals to inform them of the District's Investigation and Management of Sexting Allegations procedures (see below). Raise awareness of and increase educational opportunities about sexting as necessary. Follow the Parent Teacher Advisory Committee's recommendations for providing sexting education and prevention efforts. Invite the local State's attorney and local law enforcement to participate in the District's education and prevention efforts.
Building Principals	Educate building staff members about the procedures for Investigation and Management of Sexting Allegations (see below). Follow the Investigation and Management of Sexting Allegations.

Investigation and Management of Sexting Allegations

This section relies upon the Building Principal or designee to manage several practical and legal implications when conducting sexting allegation investigations.

implications when conducting sexting allegation investigations.			
Actor	Action		
Building Principal or designee	Step 1: Investigate Determine where actions took place. Contact parents/guardians of all students involved. Contact the Superintendent and request permission to contact the Board Attorney. Step 2: Isolate Evidence / Confiscate Device NEVER transfer or store depictions on personal or school electronic devices to minimize accusations of possession of child pornography. (See 720 ILCS 5/11-20.1 et seq., 720 ILCS 5/11-23.5(c) (provides an exception on transfer of an image for a lawful purpose), and 18 U.S.C. §§2251, 2252, and 2252A). Also see the DOJ's Child Exploitation and Obscenity Section discussing child pornography issues, available at: www.justice.gov/criminal-ceos . Contact the Board Attorney for guidance to determine whether to involve local law enforcement or manage the situation within the District's disciplinary policy. See Joshua D. Herman, Criminal Law. Sexting: It's No Joke, It's a Crime. Illinois Bar Journal, Volume 98, No. 4, P. 192 at f/n 42 (published April 2010), at: www.isba.org/ibj/2010/04/criminallaw , (quoting an attorney in the Ill. Attorney General's High Tech Crimes Bureau who advises school administrators to immediately confiscate devices with such material on them and report the incident to law enforcement immediately, stating that possession of a sext message that is child pornography is no different than possessing a "kilo of"		

Actor	Action
	cocaine.") Follow Board policy 7:140, Search and Seizure and 7:150-AP, Agency and Police Interviews.
	Follow the Board Attorney's direction regarding searches of student owned technological devices. See Preparation of Guidelines for Investigating Sexting Allegations (above).
	Step 3: Follow the reporting requirements of Board policy 5:90,
	A sexted image may constitute child abuse depending upon the visual depiction or image, the ages of the individuals involved, and other circumstances. See 325 ILCS 5/3 and 705 ILCS 405/2-3(2) which includes sex offenses defined at 720 ILCS 5/1-1 et seq. School personnel are granted broad immunities against civil and criminal claims for filing reports in good faith, even if the report is unfounded. In contrast, school personnel who willfully fail to report may be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor (325 ILCS 5/4(m)) and face suspension or revocation of their licenses, endorsements, or approvals (105 ILCS 5/21B-75, amended by P.A.s 102-552 and 102-702, eff. 7-1-23)
	Step 4: Determine appropriate disciplinary actions for all students
	Evaluate disciplinary options. Remember that a student who forwards sexts of himself or herself likely expected the depiction to remain private. As a result, consider the social stigma, bullying, harassment, and severe embarrassment issues involved in the issue.
	Provide an equivalent discipline to all students involved in the creation, dissemination and storage of the sexted image, whenever possible.
	See Sorenen, Vitale, and Haase, Sexting at School: Lessons Learned the Hard Way. National School Board Association, Council of School Attorney's Inquiry & Analysis, f/n 40 (published February 2010), and available at: http://kycss.org/ns/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/SSI-Sexting-Handout-NSBA-Sexting-at-School-Lessons-Learned-the-Hard-Way.pdf . It discusses several sex equality claims against school districts for punishing students differently when they are involved in the same incident.
	For situations that may require unequal punishment, contact the Superintendent so that he or she may consult the Board Attorney.
	Step 5: Prepare a plan to prevent harassment and bullying of
	Remind the students and their parents/guardians of the Board policies 7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited; 7:180, Prevention of and Response to Bullying Intimidation and Harassment; and 7:185, Teen Dating Violence Prohibited.
	Instruct involved students not to harass anyone involved in the sexting incident and keep the issues confidential.

Actor	Action Action is a selection of available, it
	Consider involving the social worker or school counselor, if available, in
	the process to assist students.
	Follow 7:180, Prevention of and Response to Bullying Intimidation and Harassment, for students who violate the policy.
Revised: April 2023	
Adopted: May 2023	

Page 5 of 5

Students

Administrative Procedure - Student Discipline Guidelines

The intent of these guidelines is to enhance school climate, improve school discipline practices, and ensure that students are disciplined without discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, gender, disability, or other protected status. Data collected from Ill. school districts on student discipline is available at www.isbe.net/Pages/Expulsions-Suspensions-and-Truants-by-District.aspx.

Recordkeeping

- 1. Develop and implement a District-wide uniform discipline referral form that documents each of the following:
 - Student name
 - Identity of staff member making referral
 - Date and time of incident
 - Location of incident
 - Description of incident
 - Description of interventions attempted prior to incident
 - Description of the incident's effect on other students and/or the learning environment
 - Parent/guardian contact made (when, how, and by whom)
 - Maintain each of the following data related to student discipline referrals:
 - Race of the student referred for discipline
 - Gender of the student referred for discipline
 - Disability status of the student referred for discipline
 - Basis for the referral d.
 - Identity of the staff member making referral
 - Race of the staff member making referral f.
 - Gender of the staff member making referral
 - Basis for imposing or not imposing discipline h.
 - Description of discipline imposed, if any, and the rationale for its selection
 - Whether the referral was made to the school resource officer (SRO) or law enforcement
 - Basis for making the referral to the SRO or law enforcement (if applicable)
 - Whether there were any criminal charges filed as a result of the student's misconduct
 - m. If the student received an exclusionary consequence (out-of-school suspension or expulsion) for his/her misconduct, whether the student was offered any academic or behavior support services and, if so, which support services

Periodic Review and Self-Monitoring

Review the following on a periodic basis and at least annually:

- 1. Discipline-related District policies and procedures
 - a. Such policies may include:
 - 7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited
 - 7:70, Attendance and Truancy
 - 7:130, Student Rights and Responsibilities
 - 7:140, Search and Seizure
 - 7:150, Agency and Police Interviews
 - 7:160, Student Appearance
 - 7:165, School Uniforms
 - 7:170, Vandalism
 - 7:180, Prevention and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment
 - 7:185, Teen Dating Violence Prohibited
 - 7:190, Student Behavior
 - 7:200, Suspension Procedures
 - 7:210, Expulsion Procedures
 - 7:220, Bus Conduct
 - 7:230, Misconduct by Students With Disabilities
 - 7:240, Conduct Code For Participants in Extracurricular Activities
 - 7:250, Student Support Services
 - 7:310, Restrictions on Publications; Elementary Schools
 - This review should:
 - 1) Include input from all members of the school community (administrators, staff, students, parents/guardians, volunteers and community members). Such input may be obtained through school climate surveys, school forums, and the District's parent-teacher advisory committee (established per 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14) and the behavior interventions committee for students with disabilities (established per 105 ILCS 5/14-8.05).
 - 2) Ensure policies and procedures (e.g., an individual school's conduct code) have clear definitions of prohibited student conduct, especially those entailing the subjective exercise of discretion.
 - 3) Attempt to incorporate alternative disciplinary measures into Board policies and procedures.
 - 4) Implement a system of Positive Behavioral Interventions and Support (PBIS) or, if PBIS has been implemented, analyze and monitor its effectiveness and ways to improve it.

2. Discipline data

- a. Data review should analyze each of the following:
 - 1) Number of referrals by teacher/staff member.
 - 2) Race/gender/disability status of referred students by teacher/staff member.
 - 3) Overall percentage of student disciplinary referrals by race, gender, and disability status versus the overall percentage of said student groups in the school and District.
 - 4) Overall percentage of student disciplinary referrals for a specific offense (i.e., tardy, dress code violation) by race, gender, and disability status versus the overall percentage of said student groups in the school and District.
 - 5) Overall percentage of student disciplinary referrals resulting in an exclusionary consequence by race, gender, and disability status versus the overall percentage of said student groups in the school and District.
 - 6) Overall percentage of student disciplinary referrals resulting in a referral to law enforcement by race, gender, and disability status versus the overall percentage of said student groups in the school and District.
 - 7) Comparison of discipline imposed for the same or similar offense for students of different races, gender, and disability statuses.
- b. Compare the District's student discipline data with the data from other school districts. As required by 105 ILCS 5/2-3.162, by Oct. 31 annually, ISBE prepares a report on student discipline from data collected from all III. school districts. The report includes data on the issuance of out-of-school suspensions, expulsions, and removals to alternative settings in lieu of another disciplinary action, disaggregated by race and ethnicity, gender, age, grade level, whether a student is an English learner, incident type, and discipline duration. It is available at www.isbe.net/Pages/Expulsions-Suspensions-and-Truants-by-District.aspx.
- c. According to 105 ILCS 5/2-3.162:
 - 1) School districts that are identified in the top 20% of any of the metrics for three consecutive years must submit a plan identifying its strategies to reduce the use of exclusionary disciplinary practices or racial disproportionality or both, if applicable.
 - 2) The plan must be approved by the school board and posted on the district's website. Within one year after being identified, the school district must submit to ISBE and post on the district's website a progress report describing the plan's implementation and the results achieved.
- d. If there are any *red flags* resulting from the data analysis, the discipline committee should meet to determine if there are comparably effective alternative practices or policies that would meet the school's stated educational goal with less of a burden or adverse impact on the disproportionately affected group.

Training

- 1. Annually train all District staff and school-based law enforcement on each of the following:
 - a. The District's discipline-related policies and procedures, including which behaviors fall into categories of misconduct defined therein so that there is consistency in application.

- b. How to apply school discipline policies, procedures, and practices in a fair and equitable manner so as not to disproportionately impact students of color, students of a particular gender, students with disabilities, or at-risk students.
- c. Effective classroom management strategies, recognizing that the removal of students from the classroom is to be used as a last resort.
- d. How to engage students and support positive behavior, including through any PBIS program implemented in the District.
- Classroom management techniques and resources available to staff who are having difficulty with classroom management.
- The role that school-based law enforcement is expected to play in the discipline process, including when it is or is not appropriate to refer a student to school-based law enforcement.
- 2. Provide ongoing professional development on the adverse consequences of exclusion and justice system involvement, effective classroom management strategies, culturally responsive discipline, the appropriate and available supportive services for the promotion of student attendance and engagement, and developmentally appropriate disciplinary methods that promote positive and healthy school climates to administrators, teachers, staff, school board members, and SROs.

Notice

Annually notify students and parents/guardians of the District's discipline-related policies and procedures.

- 1. Use varied communication methods, such as student handbooks, District or school websites, posters, classroom instruction, assemblies, etc.
- Ensure such notice is provided in an age-appropriate, easily understood manner.
- Ensure such notice is provided in multiple languages.
- Explain to students:
 - a. The District's discipline-related policies and procedures, including which behaviors fall into categories of misconduct.
 - Their particular school's discipline-related procedures and conduct codes, including which behaviors fall into categories of misconduct.
 - c. Behavior expectations.
 - d. Resources and support services available to students.

Collaboration with Law Enforcement

- 1. Annually train SROs on the District's discipline-related policies and procedures (if applicable).
- Review the District's reciprocal reporting agreement with local law enforcement agencies to determine if revisions are necessary.
- 3. Develop and enter into a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with local law enforcement agencies. The MOU should clearly define law enforcement's role in the District's schools. Follow an existing MOU and suggest modifications as the need arises.

Resources

Dear Colleague letter, issued by the Civil Rights Division of the U.S. Dept. of Justice and the Office for Civil Rights of the U.S. Dept. of Education at: www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/letters/colleague-201401-title-vi.pdf.

Note: These guidance documents were rescinded by a joint Dear Colleague letter dated 12-21-18, at: www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/letters/colleague-201812.pdf.

Civil Rights Data Collection at: www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/data.html?src=rt.

ISBE Data Analysis of Expulsions, Suspensions, and Truants by District at: www.isbe.net/Pages/Expulsions-Suspensions-and-Truants-by-District.aspx.

Revised: October 2019

Adopted: December 2019

<u>Students</u>

Administrative Procedure - Student Re-Engagement Guidelines

Actor	Action
Building Principal and/or Dean of	Determine on a case-by-case basis whether a re-engagement conference and/or a re-engagement plan is/are appropriate.
Students or designee(s), student's teacher	School boards must adopt a policy on the re-engagement of students who are returning from an exclusionary discipline or an alternative school. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6(b-25). See 7:190, Student Behavior.
	While neither a re-engagement conference nor a re-engagement plan is mandatory, one or both will advance "supporting the student's ability to be successful in school following a period of exclusionary discipline," from Board policy 7:190, Student Behavior.
	As appropriate:
	1. Initiate and schedule a <i>re-engagement conference</i> with the suspended or expelled student and the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) for a time soon after the student is excluded. If the student is expelled, a second re-engagement conference may be needed before the student's scheduled return date.
	2. Develop a re-engagement plan for each student who is returning from an exclusionary discipline. The plan may address each of the following, as determined on a case-by-case basis:
	a. Appropriate and available support services, if any, during the period of exclusionary discipline. For students who are suspended out-of-school for longer than 4 days (5-10 days), districts are required to: (1) provide "appropriate and available support services" during the period of their suspension, (2) determine what are the "appropriate and available support services," and (3) document whether such services are to be provided or whether there are no "appropriate and available support services." 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6(b-25). Districts may refer students who are expelled to "appropriate and available support services." 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6(b-25).
	b. Provisions for a suspended student to continue work during an or of-school suspension or makeup academic credit, such as completing academic work; taking tests or exams; or enrolling in an alternative education program. Districts are required to do this for students who are suspended; it is optional whether to give expelled students this opportunity. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6(b-30).
	 Academic and behavioral re-engagement strategies and interventions, such as the following:

Actor	Action
	1) A plan for the student to receive tutoring (during school, after school, at an alternative site, etc.).
**************************************	 Regularly scheduled and/or impromptu meetings with counseling, guidance, or other staff members.
	 Steps to prevent future misconduct, such as avoiding certain other students and/or situations.
	4) Ways to develop the social and emotional skills to cope with adversity.
	5) An altered schedule.
	6) A communication plan between the school and the student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s).
	7) Completion of identified behavioral assessments, with the consent of the parent/guardian, and/or a safety plan where appropriate.
	3. Identify community resources that may help the student, such as mental health and behavioral support services and academic supports. Note: 20 ILCS 1705/76, added by P.A. 101-45, requires the III. Dept. of Public Health to create and maintain an online database and resource page on its website that contains mental health resources specifically geared toward school social workers, school counselors, parents, teachers, and school support personnel. See the database at: www.dhs.state.il.us. Also, the III. Public Aid Code, 305 ILCS 5/5-5.23(g), amended by P.A. 101-461, eff 7-1-20, requires the III. Dept. of Healthcare and Family Services to restructure the Family Support Program (formerly known as the Individual Care Grant program) to enable early treatment of youth, emerging adults, and transition-age adults with a serious mental illness or serious emotional disturbance.
Parent(s)/Guardian(s), Student, and Building Principal or Dean of Students, or designee(s)	If scheduled, attend the re-engagement conference during which the following occurs:
	1. Help the student understand why he or she was suspended or expelle
	2. Review the re-engagement plan, if any, and make adjustments as needed.
	3. Engage in identified community resources that may help the student, such as mental health and behavioral support services and academic supports.

Revised: October 2019

Adopted: December 2019

Students

Exhibit - Aggressive Behavior Reporting Letter and Form

Dear Parent(s)/Guardian(s):

Please be advised that your child engaged in behavior that, if repeated, could escalate into aggressive behavior, such as bullying. Illinois law requires school districts to notify the parent or guardian of a child who demonstrated behaviors that put him or her at risk for aggressive behavior.

The School Board policy on student behavior prohibits a student while at school or a school-related activity from: (1) engaging in any kind of bullying or aggressive behavior that causes physical or psychological harm to someone else, and/or (2) urging other students to engage in such conduct.

This early notification is intended to help all of us work together to avoid repetition of the behavior. Incident date_____ Student Incident time_____ Incident location_____ Reporting date_____ Reported by_____ Description of the behavior: (Reporters, be specific. Describe what happened, what harm resulted, the child's explanation, and any known or suspected causes for what happened.) Follow-up conference: I or someone from my office will telephone you to schedule an in-person meeting or telephone conference to discuss what occurred and ways to help your child, (1) be aware of how others were affected by the behavior, and (2) to understand boundaries and manage conflict. The following consequence(s) or intervention(s) is/are recommended: Counseling or other support services for your child. Providing opportunities for all individuals involved in an incident to reach a resolution. ☐ Enabling your child to make amends for the harm caused. Suggesting your child receive non-District affiliated services. [Insert other] The District is committed to helping those involved learn from this experience. Date **Building Principal** Revised: January 2022 Revised: December 2021

7:190-E1

Students

Exhibit - Student Handbook Checklist

The Checklist contains mandatory and recommended notices that schools should give to their students and the students' parents/guardians. Mandatory means the notices are legally required. Recommended means including the notices are a best practice. The Checklist is in the IASB Policy Reference Manual (PRM) format, and it lists corresponding policies, procedures, and exhibits in numerical order within each sub-headed category. A corresponding citation to the Illinois Principals Association Online Model Student Handbook (MSH) is also listed, if one exists. Any handbook should be reviewed by the Board Attorney before distribution to ensure that all mandatory notices are included as this Checklist is subject to change without notice. This Checklist is not a substitute for legal advice.

Mandatory Notices

udent Services	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Mandatory Topics Transportation	4:110, Transportation	4.10, Bus Transportation
	4:110, Transportation	4.10, Bus Transportation
Eligibility criteria for free and reduced lunch	4:130, Free and Reduced-Price Food Services 4:130-E, Free and Reduced-Price Food Services; Meal Charge Notifications	3.10, Fees, Fines & Charges; Waiver of Student Fees
Waiver of school fees along with the fee waiver application form	4:140, Waiver of Student Fees 4:140-AP, Fines, Fees, and Charges - Waiver of Student Fees 4:140-E1, Application for Fee Waiver 4:140-E3, Response to Application for Fee Waiver, Appeal, and Response to Appeal	3.10, Fees, Fines & Charges; Waiver of Student Fees 3.10-E1, Application for Fee Waiver
School Wellness (required if the District participates in the National School Lunch	6:50, School Wellness	
Program or Breakfast Program) Alternative learning opportunities	6:110, Programs for Students At Risk of Academic Failure and/or Dropping Out of Schoo	2.90, Credit for Proficiency, Non- District

TO	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Mandatory Topics	and Graduation Incentives Program	Experiences, Couse Substitutions and Accelerated Placement
otification to parents/guardians of aglish Learners regarding their ild's placement in, and formation about, the District's	6:160, English Learners	12.60, English Learners
nglish Learners programs Arental involvement under Title I only when the district receives itle I funds)	6:170, Title 1 Programs 6:170-AP1, Checklist of Development, Implementation, and Maintenance of Parent and Family Engagement Compacts for Title I Programs 6:170-AP1, E1, District-Level Parent and Family Engagement Compact 6:170-AP1, E2, School-Level Parent and Family Engagement Compact 6:170-AP2, Notice to Parents Required by Elementary and Secondary Education, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance, and Protection of Pupil Rights Laws	12.130, Parent Notices Required by the Every Student Succeeds Act
Notice to parents required by the Elementary and Secondary Education Act	6:170-AP2, Notice to Parents Required by Elementary and Secondary Education, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance, and Protection of Pupil Rights Laws	12.130, Parent Notices Required by the Every Student Succeeds Act
Surveys that request personal information from students	7:15, Student and Family Privacy Rights	11.10, Student Privacy Protections
Birth certificate requirements for enrollment	7:50, School Admissions and Student Transfers To and Fron Non-District Schools 7:50-AP, School Admissions and Student Transfers To and Fron Non-District Schools	n
Dental examinations	7:100, Health, Eye, and Dental Examinations; Immunizations and Exclusion of Students	Demail Estate
Eye examinations (K and stude	- I Doutal	5.10, Immunization,

7:190-E2

Towing	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Mandatory Topics enrolling in public school for the	Examinations; Immunizations; and Exclusion of Students	Health, Eye & Dental Examination
first time only) Vaccinations (influenza and meningococcal)	7:100, Health, Eye, and Dental Examinations; Immunizations; and Exclusion of Students	5.10, Immunization, Health, Eye & Dental Examination
Administration of medications (includes asthma inhalers and epinephrine injectors, opioid antagonists, and glucagon)	7:270, Administering Medicines to Students 7:270-AP1, Dispensing Medication 7:270-E1, School Medication Authorization Form	5.20, Student Medication 5.20-E1, Student Medication Authorization Form

tudent Programs	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Mandatory Topics Notice of instruction in recognizing and avoiding sexual abuse	6:60-AP1, Comprehensive Health Education Program 6:60-AP1, E1, Notice to Parents/Guardians of Sexual Abuse and Assault Awareness and Prevention Education; Requests to Examine Materials; Written Objection(s) and/or Opt-outs	12.40, Sex Education Instruction 12.40-E1, Notice to Parents on Sex Education Instruction
Free appropriate public education to students with disabilities Special education services to eligible children whether or not enrolled in the District	6:120, Education of Children with Disabilities 6:120-AP1, Special Education Procedures Assuring the Implementation of Comprehensive Programming for Children with Disabilities (downloadable from IASB website, www.iasb.com) 6:120-AP1, E1, Notice to Parents/Guardians Regarding Section 504 Rights	
Counseling options for students who are affected by sexual abuse and grooming behavior, along with options for victims of sexual abuse and grooming behavior to obtain assistance and intervention	7:250, Student Support Services 7:250-AP2, Protocol for Responding to Students with Social,	5.30, Guidance and Counseling

Student Responsibilities

Student Responsibilities		IPA MSH
Mandatory Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MOII
	6:190, Extracurricular and Co	9.10, Extracurricular and Athletic

TD .	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Mandatory Topics	6:190-AP, Academic Eligibility for Participation in Extracurricular Activities 7:240, Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities 7:240-AP1, Code of Conduct for Extracurricular Activities	Activities Code of Conduct
Absenteeism and truancy	7:70, Attendance and Truancy	2.10, Attendance 2.50, Truancy
Statement of district ownership of and right to search student lockers	7:140, Search and Seizure	8.10, Search and Seizure
Search procedures for school	7:140, Search and Seizure	8.10, Search and Seizure
grounds and lockers Notification regarding access to student accounts or profiles on social networking websites	7:140, Search and Seizure 7:140-E, Letter to Parents/Guardians Regarding the Right to Privacy in the School Setting Act	8.10, Search and Seizure
Bullying prohibited and reporting encouraged	7:180, Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment	6.40, Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, & Harassment 6.40-E1, Aggressive Behavior Reporting Form
Teen dating violence prohibited as reporting encouraged	nd 7:185, Teen Dating Violence Prohibited	6.45, Harassment and Teen Dating Violence Prohibited
Prohibition of electronic paging devices and making threat by Internet	7:190, Student Behavior	6.30, Student Behavior
All prohibited conduct in the school discipline code, including, but no limited to: 1. Controlled substances 2. Firearms and other weapons 3. E-cigarettes 4. Gangs and gang-related active 5. Sexting prohibited	Preventing and Reducing Incidences of Sexting 7:190, Student Behavior 7:190-AP5, Student Handbook -	6.30, Student Behavior

Page 4 of 14

	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Mandatory Topics aform parents/guardians when their hild engaged in aggressive ehavior along with the school's		6.40-E1, Aggressive Behavior Reporting Form
arly intervention procedures uspension and expulsion, and due rocess requirements	7:200, Suspension Procedures 7:210, Expulsion Procedures	6.30-E1, Short Term Out-of-School Suspension (1-3 Days) Reporting Form 6.30-E2, Long Term Out-of-School Suspension (4-10 Days) Reporting Form
School bus safety	7:220, Bus Conduct 4:110-AP3, School Bus Safety Rules	4.10, Bus Transportation
Videotape surveillance of buses (if applicable)		4.10, Bus Transportation
Behavior interventions (these may be developed through the Spec. Ed	7:230, Misconduct by Students With Disabilities	10.20, Discipline of Students with Disabilities
Coop if the district belongs to one Dress code	7:160, Student Appearance	1.170, Student Appearance 6.20, School Dress Code
All other conduct prohibited by Board policy - school discipline code	7:190, Student Behavior	6.30, Student Behavio

tudent Rights	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Mandatory Topics Notice of contact information for nondiscrimination and Title IX coordinator(s) and making reports or complaint of discrimination or	2:260, Uniform Grievance Procedure 2:265, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure	6.40, Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation & Harassment
Prohibition of discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, ancestry, age, religious beliefs, physical or mental disability, status as homeless, or actual or potential marital or parental status, including	2:265, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure	1.50, Equal Opportunity & Sex Equity

Mandatory Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
ex eduity and griotanes	2:260, Uniform Grievance Procedure 2:265, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure 7:10, Equal Educational Opportunities 7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited	1.50, Equal Opportunity & Sex Equity
Sexual harassment prohibited and grievance procedures and age-appropriate information about the sexual harassment policy	2:260, Uniform Grievance Procedure 2:265, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure 7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited 7:185, Teen Dating Violence Prohibited	6.45, Sexual Harassment & Teen Dating Violence Prohibited
Notify parents of their right to request their child's classroom teachers' qualifications	5:190-E1, Notice to Parents of Their Right to Request Their Child's Classroom Teachers' Qualifications	12.130, Parent Notices Required by the Every Student Succeeds Act
Educational rights of homeless students in the location where homeless children receive services	6:140, Education of Homeless Children	12.30, Homeless Child's Right to Education
Notice of parent and student rights under the Children's Privacy Protection and Parental	7:15, Student and Family Privacy Rights 7:15-E, Notification to Parents of Family Privacy Rights	11.10, Student Privacy Protections
Empowerment Act Notice to parents/guardians about social network passwords	T 10-1-110	6.70, Access to Student Social Networking Passwords & Websites
Notice concerning privacy and access rights to school student records	7:340, Student Records 7:340-AP1, E1, Notice to Parents/Guardians and Student of Their Rights Concerning a Student's School Records 7:340-AP1, E2, Using a Photography or Video Recording of a Student	ph nt
Disclosure of directory informat		11.20, Student

Page 6 of 14

	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Mandatory Topics	7:340-AP1, E2, Using a Photograph or Video Recording of a Student	
formation classified as directory formation and for objecting to isclosure of information	7:340-AP1, E1, Notice to Parents/Guardians and Students of Their Rights Concerning a Student's School Records	11.20, Student Records
Ailitary recruiting	7:340-AP1, E3, Letter to Parents and Eligible Students Concerning Military Recruiters and Postsecondary Institutions Receiving Student Directory Information 7:340-AP1, E4, Frequently Asked Questions Regarding Military Recruiter Access to Students and Student Information	11.20, Student Records
Student biometric information (when applicable)	7:340, Student Records 7:340-AP1, E5, Biometric Information Collection Authorization	11.30, Student Biometric Information
Notice to parents/guardians concerning student data collected schools and operators under the Student Online Personal Protectio Act	7:345-AP, E2, Student Data Privacy Notice to Parents About Educational Technology Vendor	. 1
Notice of disability accommodati	ion 8:70, Accommodating Individuals with Disabilities	1.110, Accommodating Individuals with Disabilities

General Information	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Mandatory Topics	4:160 Environmental Quality of	12.80, Pesticide Application Notice
Notice before a pesticide application	Buildings and Grounds 4:160-AP, Environmental Quality of Buildings and Grounds	
Availability of information concerning sex offenders	4:175-AP1, Criminal Offender Notification Laws; Screening 4:175-AP1, E1, Informing Parents/Guardians About Offender Community Notification	12.120, Violent Offender Community Notification
}	Laws	

7:190-E2

	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Mandatory Topics chool bus safety		1.10, Bus Transportation
Asbestos management plan, notice of availability		
Notice to parents/guardians and staff of IHSA's online training video about hands-only CPR and AED	4:170, Safety 4:170-AP6, E1, School Staff AED Notification Letter 4:165, Awareness and Prevention of	1.180, Awareness and
Evidence-informed educational information for parents/guardians on the warning signs of child sexual abuse and grooming, and assistance, referral, or resource information	Child Sexual Abuse and Grooming Behaviors	Prevention of Child Sexual Abuse, Grooming Behaviors, and Boundary Violations
Contact information for the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline, the Crisis Text Line, and either the Safe2Help Illinois helpline and/or a local suicide	7:290, Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention 7:290-AP, Resource Guide for Implementation of Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention Program	
prevention hotline Notice that a student athlete and his/her parent must sign acknowledgement of receiving the concussion policy (required only fo IHSA schools) School visitation rights notice	7:305, Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries 7:305-AP, Program for Managing	9.30, Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries
	8:95-E1, Letter Notifying Parents/Guardians of School Visitation Rights 8:95-E2, Verification of School Visitation	12.70, School Visitation Rights
Ill. State Board of Elections one- page document explaining voter registration process, available at www.elections.il.gov/ (high schoonly)		1.185, Faith's Law
Employee code of professional conduct	5:120, Employee Ethics; Code of Professional Conduct; Conflict Interest	

Recommended Notices

-			_
-	Student Services Recommended Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH

	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Recommended Topics formation regarding waiver of udent fees		3.10, Fees, Fines and Charges; Waiver of Student Fees
ire drill program, building specific lan	4:170, Safety 4:170-AP1, Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan	5.40, Safety Drill Procedures and Conduct
school safety plans, including evere weather and injury or sudden Ilness	4:170, Safety	2.100, Home and Hospital Instruction
Pargeted school violence prevention program, including threat assessment teams	4:190, Targeted School Violence Prevention Program 4:190-AP2, Threat Assessment Team (TAT)	
Home and hospital instruction	6:150, Home and Hospital Instruction	2.100, Home and Hospital Instruction
Student residency and tuition	7:60, Residence 7:60-AP1, Challenging a Student's Residence Status 7:60-AP2, Establishing Student Residency 7:60-AP2, E1, Letter of Residence from Landlord in Lieu of Lease 7:60-AP2, E2, Letter of Residence t be Used When the Person Seekin to Enroll a Student is Living wit a District Resident 7:60-AP2, E3, Evidence of Non- Parent's Custody, Control and Responsibility of a Student	'δ \
1 111 managific	7:140, Search and Seizure	4.20, Parking
Parking, building specific Health and school counselor and	T. J. G. word Comices	5.30, Guidance & Counseling
social work access Communicable and infectious disease	7:280, Communicable and Chroni Infectious Disease 7:280-AP, Managing Students win Communicable and Infectious Diseases	h 5.60, Head Lice
Students with diabetes	6:120-AP4, Care of Students with Diabetes	1.130, Care of Students with Diabetes 1.130-E1,

	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Recommended Topics		Authorization to Provide Diabetic Care
Medical cannabis administration	7:270-E2, School Medication Authorization Form - Medical Cannabis	5.20, Student Medication
Anaphylaxis prevention and response	7:285, Anaphylaxis Prevention, Response, and Management Program 7:285-AP, Anaphylaxis Prevention, Response, and Management Program	1.190, Prevention of Anaphylaxis
Telephone use, building specific		

udent Programs	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Recommended Topics		
Veighted grades	6:280-AP, Evaluating and Reporting Student Achievement	
District philosophy and goals	1:30, School District Philosophy 3:10, Goals and Objectives 6:10, Educational Philosophy and Objectives	
Remote Learning and/or e-learning program(s)	6:20, School Year Calendar and Day 6:20-AP, Remote and/or Blended Remote Learning Day Plan(s) 6:185, Remote Educational Program	
Anti-bias curriculum	6:60, Curriculum Content	
Driver education eligibility and requirements (high schools only)	6:60, Curriculum Content	a Di dia
Parental objections to sex education, family life instruction, and sexually transmitted diseases	6:60-AP1, E1, Notice to Parents/Guardians of Sexual Abuse and Assault Awareness and Prevention Education; Requests to Examine Materials; Written Objection(s) and /or Optouts	12.40, Sex Education Instruction 12.40-E1, Notice to Parents on Sex Education Instruction
Biking and Walking Safety Education	6:60-AP1, E2, Resources for Biking and Walking Safety Education	a oo Guadit for
Accelerated placement availability	6:135, Accelerated Placement Program	2:90, Credit for Proficiency, Non- District Experiences,

	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Recommended Topics	IIIII Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	Course Substitutions and Accelerated Placement
daptive physical education rogram exemption	6:310, High School Credit for Non- District Experiences; Course Substitutions; Re-Entering Students	2.80, Exemption from PE Requirement (Regular Education)
Bilingual education availability	6:160, English Learners	12.60, English Learners
Co-curricular activities	6:190, Extracurricular and Co- Curricular Activities	9.10, Extracurricular and Athletic Activities Code of Conduct
"No Pass, No Play"	6:190, Extracurricular and Co- Curricular Activities 6:190-AP, Academic Eligibility for Participation in Extracurricular Activities	
Parental right to review	6:210, Instructional Materials	11.10, Student Privacy Protections
instructional materials Acceptable use and Internet safety	6:235, Access to Electronic Network 6:235-AP1, Acceptable Use of the District's Electronic Networks 6:235-AP1, E1, Student Authorization for Access to the District's Electronic Networks 6:235-AP1, E2, Staff Authorization for Access to the District's Electronic Networks	7.10-E1, Internet Acceptable Use Sign-Off
Social promotion	6:280, Grading and Promotion 6:280-AP, Evaluating and Report Student Achievement	
High school graduation	6:300, Graduation Requirements	2007
Right of students with IEP to participate in graduation ceremo	6:300, Graduation Requirements	Completion
(high schools only) Physical education, including waiver of required classes	6:310, High School Credit for N District Experiences; Course Substitutions; Re-Entering Students	on- 2.80, Exemption from PE Requirement (Regular Education) 10.30, Exemption from PE Requirement

Page 11 of 14 7:190-E2

and Tonios	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Recommended Topics		(Special Education)
Class schedules, building specific		
Schedule of testing programs, ouilding specific	6:340, Student Testing and Assessment Program	and G. I-lives for
Student distribution of non- curricular material	7:310, Restrictions on Publications; Elementary Schools 7:310-AP, Guidelines for Student Distribution of Non-School Sponsored Publications; Elementary Schools 7:315, Restrictions on Publications; High Schools 7:315-AP, Guidelines for Student Distribution of Non-School Sponsored Publications; High Schools	7.20, Guidelines for Student Distribution of Non-School Sponsored Publications 7.27, Access to Non- School Sponsored Publications

eneral Information	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Recommended Topics	6:20, School Year Calendar and Day	
CHOOL Calculate		6.60, Field Trips
ield trip	6:240, Field Trips 6:240-AP, Field Trip Guidelines	
	7:80, Release Time for Religious Instruction/Observance	2.30, Release Time for Religious Instruction and Observance
Release time for students voting in	7:90, Release During School Hours	1
Extra-curricular drug and alcohol testing (if applicable)	7:240-AP2, Extracurricular Drug and Alcohol Testing Program 7:240-AP2, E1, Consent to Participate in Extracurricular Drug and Alcohol Testing Program	9.10, Extracurricular and Athletic Activities Code of Conduct
Eligibility to remove college entrance exams from student transcripts	7:340, Student Records	11.20, Student Records
Equal access to school facilities	8:20, Community Use of School Facilities	
Identification and registration of persons entering the school buildin	8:30, Visitors to and Conduct on School Property	1.40, Visitors
Statement that the handbook is:	2:240, Board Policy Development	1.20, Student

1. I Tonics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Recommended Topics 1. Only a summary of board policies governing the district; board policies are available to the public at the district office 2. A document that may be amended during the year without notice 3. Is a communication tool of all policies to persons expected to execute and comply with them		Handbook Acknowledgement 1.30, General School Information
Address of District offices, list of administrators, and contact information	2:250, Access to District Public Records 2:250-E2, Immediately Available District Public Records and Web- Posted Reports and Records	1.30, General School Information
Board members' names	2:250, Access to District Public Records 2:250-E2, Immediately Available District Public Records and Web- Posted Reports and Records	
List of District school addresses	2:250, Access to District Public Records 2:250-E2, Immediately Available District Public Records and Web Posted Reports and Records	1.30, General School Information

Special Circumstance Notifications

Special Circumstance Notificat	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Special Circumstance Topics Notification for unsafe school transfer choice	4:170, Safety 4:170-AP5, Unsafe School Choice Option	12.100, Unsafe School - Transfer
Notification of right to review teachers' qualifications	5:190, Teacher Qualifications 5:190-E1, Notice to Parents of Their Right to Request Their Child's Classroom Teachers' Qualifications 5:190-E2, Notice to Parents When Their Child Is Assigned To or Has Been Taught for at Least Four Straight Weeks By a Teacher Who Does Not Meet Applicable State Certification/Licensure Requirements 5:190-E3, Letter to Teacher Who Does Not Meet Applicable State	12.130, Parent Notices Required by the Every Student Succeeds Act

Special Circumstance Topics	rymstauce Tonics IASB PRM	
Special Circumstance 20pm	Certification/Licensure Requirements for the Grade Level and Subject Area of Assignment	
 Notice when: Student is being taught by a teacher who is not highly qualified, School identified as in need of improvement, Schools are identified for corrective action, Schools are identified for restructuring, There is eligibility for supplemental educational services, and The district offers voluntary school choice, if applicable. 	5:190-E2, Notice to Parents When Their Child Is Assigned To or Has Been Taught for at Least Four Straight Weeks By a Teacher Who Does Not Meet Applicable State Certification/Licensure Requirements 6:15, School Accountability	
Credit for proficiency	6:110, Programs for Students At Risk of Academic Failure and/or Dropping Out of School and Graduation Incentives Program	2.90, Credit for Proficiency, Non- District Experiences, Course Substitutions and Accelerated Placement

Revised: Oct. 22 Adopted: Dec. 22

Students 5 4 1

Exhibit - Memorandum of Understanding

Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs) vary by community. This exhibit contains two sample MOUs in two subheads: General Law Enforcement Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) and School Resource Officer (SRO) Memorandum of Understanding (MOU). Depending upon the needs in the District, each MOU is designed to stand alone or be combined into one MOU.

Use these sample MOUs to develop the District's MOU with (1) assistance from the Board Attorney, (2) careful attention to the footnotes, which provide instructions, information, best practice considerations, and other resources, (3) alignment of their sample language to the District's or its individual school building's local conditions and student discipline needs, (4) careful attention to [INSERT] the requested information and fill boxes and blanks with the information indicated in the final MOU, (5) deletions of all sample language not used from the final MOU, (6) deletions of all footnotes from the final MOU.

General Law Enforcement Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)

Table	of	Contents:
-------	----	-----------

- A. Introduction
- B. Definitions/Acronyms
- C. MOU Leadership Team
- D. District Authority over the **Educational Environment**
- E. Identified Needs for Services to Maintain the Educational Environment
- F. Annual Evaluation of MOU; Renewal; Termination
- G. Record Sharing
- H. Reciprocal Reporting of Criminal Offenses Committed by Students

The LLEA is organized and operates as follows:

- I. Live Feeds
- Cell Phone/ Electronic Device Searches J.
- K. Agency and Police Interviews
- L. Body-Worn Cameras (BWCs)
- M. General Provisions
 - 1. Scope of Agreement
 - Amendment 2.
 - 3. Assignment
 - 4. Notices
 - 5. Governing Law
 - 6. Non-Waiver of Breach
 - Severability
 - Enforcement

A.	Introduction
Α.	Introduction

Introduction In consideration of the mutual promises, terms, and conditions set forth in the sections below, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby expressly acknowledged, this Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) is entered into by [INSERT District's name] (District) and [INSERT Local Law Enforcement Agency's name] (LLEA)on the [INSERT DATES day of,
The District and LLEA agree that they may enter into and participate in joint programs and intergovernmental agreements with units of local government and other school districts to obtain or share services and to exercise, combine, or transfer any power or function, in any manner not prohibited by law or by ordinance (III. Constitution, Art. VII, Sec. 10, 5 ILCS 220/1 et seq., and Board Policy 1:20, District Organization, Operations, and Cooperative Agreements).
The District is organized and operates as follows:

Page 1 of 10

The District and LLEA further agree to the following sections:

B. Definitions/Acronyms

Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) - Defines a local law enforcement agency's role in schools and describes the respective duties of a school district and local law enforcement agencies (105 ILCS 5/10-20.14(b) encourages school districts to create memoranda of understanding (MOU) with law enforcement agencies). Its purpose is to prevent confusion, decrease conflict, and promote school safety.

Leadership Team (Team) - A group of designated key staff members from each party. These individuals will be responsible for the implementation of the MOU. They will communicate directly with each other

Local Law Enforcement Agency (LLEA) - A police department or State's Attorney's Office within the

Police Officer - A police officer employed by the LLEA but who is not specifically assigned to the District

School Resource Officer (SRO) - A police officer who is assigned to the District or any of its buildings through an intergovernmental agreement or a memorandum of understanding with the LLEA.

C. MOU Leadership Team (Team)

The following individuals are designated for the MOU Team as described in Section B, above.

The following individuals are don	3.5	
District Staff:		
LLEA Staff:		
LLEA Statt.		
	1 To dearmont	

D. District Authority Over the Educational Environment

The District has identified the need for a partnership with LLEA. LLEA will partner with District school officials to manage substantially disruptive student behavior and discipline issues. Collaboration between the District and LLEA and respect for the important role each party holds in connection with our community's youth are essential to the success of the mission of both parties. Where it is necessary for LLEA to be present on school property, its employees will conduct themselves according to the District's principles of schooling and interactions with minors, will not knowingly communicate false facts or lie to minors, and will always recognize the responsibility and authority of the District's officials to manage the educational environment and work with them to minimize any impact its actions might have upon that environment. The District's management authority includes the ability to order the LLEA to leave District

Both parties recognize that disciplining students is better left for District officials to manage, especially in light of 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14(b). If a student in the District is recommended for prosecution in a court of law, the Team conferences about the most appropriate form of discipline for the student. Final discretion regarding discipline lies with the District. Final discretion regarding whether to charge an individual with an ordinance, criminal, or traffic violation lies with the LLEA.

E. Identified Needs for Services to Maintain the Educational Environment

LLEA's activities shall align to the District's identified needs for creating and maintaining its educational environment. All services rendered by LLEA for the District shall seek to implement a partnership that creates effective and positive school student discipline that (a) functions in concert with efforts to address school safety and climate; (b) utilizes all appropriate and available behavioral and disciplinary interventions, including restorative measures as defined in 105 ILCS 5/27-23.7(b); (c) is clear, consistent, and equitable; and (d) reinforces positive behaviors.

The District's identified needs for services from LLEA are each of the following:

7:190-E3

- When requested, assistance with conducting inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment owned or controlled by the District for illegal drugs, weapons, or other illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs. If a search produces evidence that the student has violated or is violating either the law, local ordinance, or the District's policies or rules, such evidence may be seized by school authorities and turned over to law enforcement authorities, and disciplinary action may be taken. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6(e) and 10-22.10a.
- Utilization by Building Principals of proper law enforcement agency resources when the safety and welfare of students and teachers are threatened by illegal use of drugs and alcohol, by illegal possession or use of weapons, or by illegal gang activity. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.4a.
- Cooperation with the parent-teacher advisory committee to develop policy guideline procedures that establish and maintain a reciprocal reporting system between the District applicable local law enforcement agencies regarding criminal offenses committed by students. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14 and see Board Policy 2:150, Committees.
- Immediate required reporting to local law enforcement authorities by the superintendent of batteries committed against teachers, teacher personnel, administrative personnel, or educational support personnel. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.7, amended by P.A. 102-894.
- Immediate required notification by the Building Principal or his or her designee to a local law enforcement agency upon receiving a report that any person has been observed in possession of a firearm on school grounds, other than a law enforcement official engaged in the conduct of his or her official duties. 105 ILCS 5/10-27.1A.
- Upon receipt of a report from any school personnel regarding a verified incident involving a firearm in a school or on school owned or leased property, immediate required notification by the Superintendent or designee to the local law enforcement authorities of all such firearm-related incidents occurring in a school or on school property. 105 ILCS 5/10-27.1A.
- Upon receipt of a report from any school personnel regarding a verified incident involving prohibited drugs in a school or on school owned or leased property, immediate required reporting by the Superintendent or designee to the local law enforcement authorities of all such drug-related incidents occurring in a school or on school property. 105 ILCS 5/10-27.1B.
- Implementation of other sections of the School Code that authorize the District to work with LLEA for the purposes of keeping schools safe and providing education or training.

_	Based upon locally based District outcomes, the District has identified these additional needs:
i.	Based upon locally based bladtet of
	Dietrict which include each of the following:

- The LLEA has identified partnership needs from the District, which include each of the following:
 - Sharing required reports to applicable Building Principals whenever a child enrolled in the District is detained for proceedings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 (705 ILCS 405/), or for any criminal offense or any violation of a municipal or county ordinance (105 ILCS 5/22-20). The report shall include the basis for detaining the child, circumstances surrounding the events that led to the child's detention, and status of proceedings. The report shall be updated as appropriate to notify the Building Principal of developments and the disposition of the matter. Building Principals shall keep this information separate from the official school record of the student and ensure that it does not become part of the official school record of the student. Such information shall not be a public record and will be used solely by the appropriate school official or officials that the Building Principal determines have a legitimate educational or safety interest to aid in the proper rehabilitation of the child and to protect the safety of students and employees in the school. 105 ILCS 5/22-20.

- In accordance with administrative procedure 7:190-AP3, Guidelines for Reciprocal Reporting of Criminal Offenses Committed by Students, transmitting juvenile law enforcement records concerning a minor enrolled in any District school who has been arrested or taken into custody for certain offenses. 705 ILCS 405/1-7(A)(8)(A) and 405/5-905(1)(h)(A) and see Section H., Reciprocal Reporting of Criminal Offenses Committed by Students, below.
- Based upon locally-based LLEA outcomes, the LLEA has identified these additional needs:

Based upon locally-based LLEA outcomes, the LLEA has identified united

F. Annual Evaluation of MOU; Renewal; Termination

The parties will periodically review the MOU for relevancy, monitor its terms for effectiveness, and consider whether any modifications are required. This review may align with the School Board's annual policy review and monitoring calendar. The MOU will remain in effect and automatically renew from year to year unless terminated. Any party may terminate its participation in this MOU upon thirty (30) days prior written notice to the other(s).

G. Record Sharing

Both parties recognize the privacy protections of federal and State law in the disclosure of student records. When sharing information, State and federal laws regarding school student records apply. See the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (20 U.S.C. §1232g; 34 C.F.R. Part 99) and the Illinois School Student Records Act (105 ILCS 10/; 23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 375). The applicable federal and/or State law shall control, and the District may refuse disclosure requests by LLEA without a warrant or subpoena/court order. The SRO and LLEA's officers shall at all times recognize and comply with the confidentiality of student and education records and may only seek such records in accordance with the requirements of the District's Policy 7:340, Student Records.

School student records may only be released to the LLEA by the Building Principal. Information kept by law enforcement professionals working in a school is not considered a school student record. See 105 ILCS 10/2. Information derived from reports of law enforcement to principals regarding students detained for proceedings are not considered a school student record. 105 ILCS 5/22-20. The school student records definition and 7:340-AP1, School Student Records are incorporated into this agreement.

Within its standard operating procedures, the LLEA will include training for its officers about these laws, along with information about how to access the District's policies and procedures for school student records. For general guidance both parties will refer to Answers to FAQs Responding to a Subpoena (Illinois Council of School Attorneys, Revised October 2021) at:

www.iasb.com/IASB/media/School-Law/FAQ Responding to Subpoena.pdf.

H. Reciprocal Reporting of Criminal Offenses Committed by Students

As outlined in Section E.2.b., above, the District and LLEA's officers shall at all times recognize and comply with (a) the School Code requirements for a reciprocal reporting system regarding criminal offenses committed by students (105 ILCS 5/10-20.14), and (b) the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and the School Code's requirements for the management and sharing of law enforcement records and other information about students who have contact with LLEA.

The District's administrative procedure 7:190-AP3, Guidelines for Reciprocal Reporting of Criminal Offenses Committed by Students is incorporated into this MOU.

Nothing in this MOU is intended to impose upon any party a duty to report information to any other party that is not otherwise required by law. This MOU shall not be interpreted as making an obligation of a party mandatory that is otherwise discretionary under the law or vice versa. No party to this MOU waives any defenses or immunities it otherwise has under the law, including without limitation any immunities under the Sections 2-204 or 2-205 of the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act or the State Employee Indemnification Act. 5 ILCS 350/.

The District will provide access to its live feeds to one or more of its buildings in the event of a health or Live Feeds safety emergency. Access is strictly to allow LLEA tactical forces to become familiar with current conditions that underlie the health or safety emergency in the District's building(s).

Cell Phone/Electronic Device Searches

The established procedures between the parties for searching cell phones/electronic devices must be followed. Both parties agree that cell phone/electronic device searches involve Fourth Amendment search and seizure issues and the federal Stored Communication Act (SCA) (18 U.S.C. §2701) issues. Generally asking for permission, calling the parents to come and search the phone, or getting a warrant solves this issue. Investigations of sexting allegations shall follow administrative procedure, 7:190-AP6, Guidelines for Investigating Sexting Allegations, which is incorporated into this agreement.

K. Agency and Police Interviews

Board Policy 7:150, Agency and Police Interviews, and administrative procedure 7:150-AP, Agency and Police Interviews, are incorporated into this MOU and must be followed at all times.

Within its standard operating procedures, LLEA will include training for its officers about this policy and procedure, along with information about how to access the District's policies and procedures.

Before a student under 18 years of age who is suspected of committing a criminal act is detained and questioned on school grounds, a law enforcement officer, school resource officer, or other school security personnel will (a) notify or attempt to notify the student's parent/guardian, (b) document the time and manner of the notification or attempted notification, (c) make reasonable efforts to ensure the student's parent/guardian is present during questioning or, if not present, ensure that school personnel (including, but not limited to, a school social worker, school psychologist, school nurse, school counselor, or any other mental health professional) are present during the questioning, and (d) if practicable, make reasonable efforts to ensure a law enforcement officer trained in promoting safe interactions and communications with youth is present during questioning.

L. Body-Worn Cameras (BWCs)

All parties agree that any use of BWCs by officers must be subject to and in compliance with federal, state, and local regulations regarding the use and operation of them. The LLEA shall notify the District at least two weeks before its officers assigned to the District are to begin use of BWCs, and it will provide written information and training to the Building Principals and assistant principals of the schools in which the officers may enter. Training shall include the objectives and procedures for the use of BWCs in public and in schools. Every officer equipped with a BWC shall be trained in the operation of the equipment prior to its use. To maximize the effectiveness of the BWC and the integrity of the video documentation, officers shall adhere to the objectives and procedures outlined in this MOU and the LLEA's General Operations Orders or similar policies when they utilize BWCs. LLEA shall, if not otherwise prohibited by law, provide to the District copies of any such filming of students, parents, employees, or others upon school property, upon request for such copies by the District, as a law enforcement record. In the event that the LLEA receives advice that providing a copy of such videos is prohibited, the LLEA agrees to facilitate the availability of its officer(s) that made the video to testify, upon request by the District, in any school disciplinary hearing concerning his/her/their knowledge of the facts and circumstances of the videoed incident. Any such film or video taken by and kept in the possession of LLEA's officers may be considered law enforcement records under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 U.S.C. §1232g and 34 C.F.R. §99.8) and Ill. School Student Records Act (ISSRA) (105 ILCS 10/2(d)). Any copy of such film or video, if permitted by law to be provided to the District, may become an educational record of the District. The LLEA's officers shall at all times recognize and comply with the confidentiality of student and education records and may only seek such records in accordance with the requirements of Board Policy 7:340, Student Records, which is incorporated into the terms of this MOU.

M. General Provisions

Scope of Agreement

Nothing in this MOU is intended to impose upon any party a duty to report information to any other party that is not otherwise required by law. This MOU shall not be interpreted as making an obligation of a party mandatory that is otherwise discretionary under the law or vice versa. No party to this MOU waives any defenses or immunities it otherwise has under the law, including without limitation any immunities under Sections 2-204 and/or 2-205 of the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act or the State Employee Indemnification Act. 5 ILCS 350/.

No change or modification of this MOU shall be valid unless it is in writing and is signed by all parties.

Assignment

No party to this MOU may assign it or its rights or obligations.

4. Notices

All notices required pursuant to this MOU shall be in writing and sent by U.S. certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested or by overnight express delivery to the address of the party set forth below or as otherwise directed in writing by such party or as provided under applicable state law. Notice is deemed given three (3) days after being deposited in the U.S. Mail for certified mail delivery or one (1) day after being deposited with an overnight express delivery courier for delivery to the correct address.

Governing Law

This MOU shall be construed in accordance with and pursuant to the laws of the State of Illinois.

Non-Waiver of Breach

The failure of any party to insist upon strict performance of any of the terms or conditions of this MOU shall not be construed to be a waiver of such term or condition or any subsequent breach of it.

Severability

The invalidity or unenforceability of any particular provision of this MOU shall not affect the other provisions of it, and it shall be construed in all respects as if such invalid or unenforceable provision were omitted.

8. Enforcement

No party to this MOU shall be liable for any negligent or wrongful acts, either by omission or commission, chargeable to the other party. This MOU shall not be construed to create a duty owed by any party to any third party. The District and LLEA agree that the exclusive claims or remedies for breach of this MOU are limited to an action for specific performance or mandamus action or termination of the MOU. Each party waives any and all other claims and remedies, direct or indirect, by way of subrogation or otherwise, that it may have against the other party arising out of the performance or non-performance of any provision of this MOU.

portomina	
	Date
Board President	
	Date
Authorized Signatory for LLEA	

School Resource Officer (SRO) Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)

Table of Contents:

- A. Introduction
- B. Definitions/Acronyms
- C. MOU Leadership Team
- D. District Authority over the **Educational Environment**
- E. Funding; Payment for SROs; Chain of Command
- F. Ongoing Training of SROs
- G. SRO Selection Process; Qualifications & Certification
- H. SRO Employer; Assignments; Mentoring & Outreach; Supervision; Performance Evaluations; Conflict Resolution; Termination/Replacement; Extra Duties/Projects

A. Introduction

[INSERT Section A from General MOU here.]

B. Definitions/Acronyms

[INSERT Section B from General MOU here.]

C. MOU Leadership Team

[INSERT Section C from General MOU here.]

D. District Authority Over the Educational Environment

[INSERT Section D from General MOU, above. End Section D with this sentence: "The LLEA recognizes that assigning SROs to District buildings is not a substitute for effective student discipline policies."]

Funding; Payment for SROs; Chain of Command

	ding; Payment for SROs; Chain of Command Funding. Members of the Leadership Team (Team) will negotiate the terms for funding including any grant funding that is available. Any terms tied to grant funding, such as data collection include:
2.	Payment for SROs. The Team has agreed that the District shall compensate LLEA for the SROs in 10 equal installments commencing on August 15th of each fiscal year in the following amounts:
3.	Chain of Command. The Team shall develop a local, District-specific chain of command for the placement of SROs in school buildings. Each District administrator responsible for supervising and evaluating the SRO in his/her/their assigned building(s) shall be included in an individual SRO's District-specific chain of command.

F. Ongoing Training of SROs

Both parties agree that training is critical to the success of this partnership. The LLEA's assigned SROs (as defined in Section H below) will receive minimum in-service training and certification requirements as would normally apply to all other certified officers of LLEA through LLEA and/or local State's attorney offices. In addition, an ongoing District training calendar shall be developed for assigned SROs and District

Trainings will consist of updates from the District's School Board Attorney on current laws and difficult issues such as search and seizure, questioning, and requests for student records. In addition, trainings will delineate legal authority for when assigned SROs will be acting at the direction of a District official (reasonableness) or at the direction of LLEA (probable cause).

Other LLEA employees that are not SROs but have frequent contact with District buildings will be encouraged to attend any of these trainings.

All trainings, when possible, must occur during school breaks or at times that would least impact the District and should include: (1) emerging education issues, (2) state law training requirements, (3) mental health awareness training, (4) restorative justice (if applicable), and (5) record sharing.

G. SRO Selection Process; Qualifications & Certification

1. Selection Process. The Team shall develop formal screening criteria based upon the following Office of Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) characteristics: (1) likes kids — wants to, and is able to, work with kids; (2) has the right demeanor and people skills, including being calm, patient, approachable, and "able to put up gracefully with guff from kids;" (3) has experience as a patrol officer or road deputy; (4) has above-average integrity; (5) demonstrated willingness to work hard, be dependable and on time, be self-directed, and has the ability to teach. Other formal screening criteria shall include:

In addition, the Team shall designate the appropriate school officials in buildings to be assigned an SRO to provide input to LLEA on SRO applicants for open SRO positions, such as reviewing applications and memoranda of interest provided by candidates, sitting in on interviews of candidates and/or rating of applicants.

2. SRO Qualifications & Certification. The LLEA must ensure that the SRO has either of the following qualifications issued by the III. Law Enforcement Training Standards Board under Section 10.22 of the III. Police Training Act (50 ILCS 705/10.22): (1) a certificate of completion for the required course of instruction or (2) an approved waiver (prior experience and training only). The certificate of completion or waiver of it must be obtained within one year of assignment to the District. The SRO must possess, at minimum, 48 hours of National Association of School Resource Officer (NASRO) training, along with the following other qualifications:

H. SRO Employer; Assignments; Mentoring & Outreach; Supervision; Performance Evaluations; Conflict Resolution; Termination/Replacement; Extra Duties/Projects

- 1. Employer. SROs are employed by LLEA. The District does not employ any SROs that are assigned in any of its buildings. The District is not considered a joint employer of SROs for purposes of the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA). The SRO remains covered by the LLEA's insurance and continues to enjoy the immunities specific to his or her employment with LLEA. Section D, District Authority Over the Educational Environment, above shall apply to the District's specific responsibilities for supervision and performance evaluations of assigned SROs while in District school buildings as their duties pertain to fulfilling the identified needs and goals of a District building.
- 2. Assignments. For purposes of this section, SRO means a sworn police officer of LLEA who has been assigned to a District building pursuant to this MOU. SROs shall be assigned to District buildings by the LLEA with input from the MOU Leadership Team. Staffing issues at LLEA may take precedence to the assignment of an SRO to the District.
 - a. SRO Work Hours, Uniform, and Visibility on Campus. The SRO shall remain on school grounds during normal school hours, except when necessary to attend a law enforcement emergency, to attend any meetings or trainings described in this MOU, or on limited occasions to attend to official law enforcement business off campus. With the exception of emergency situations out of the SRO's control, the SRO shall give the SRO Supervisor and Building Principal(s) reasonable advanced notice of any times when the SRO is not expected to be on campus during normal school hours, and LLEA may provide a replacement SRO to the extent possible.

The SRO shall wear the official law enforcement uniform or other apparel issued by the LLEA at all times while serving on District property. The SRO shall make best efforts to maintain high visibility at all times when practical and safe to do so, especially in areas where incidents of crime or violence are most likely to occur.

- The SRO shall, whenever possible and in accordance with guidance from the Building Principal or designee, participate in or attend school functions during the SRO's regular duty hours in order to assure the peaceful operation of school-related programs.
- Student Search Assistance. When requested, assistance with conducting inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment owned or controlled by the District for illegal drugs, weapons, or other illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs. If a search produces evidence that the student has violated or is violating the law, local ordinance, or the District's policies or rules, such evidence may be seized by school authorities and/or turned over to law enforcement authorities, and disciplinary action may be taken. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6 and 10-22.10a.
- Administrative Hearings. Contingent upon pre-approval by the LLEA, the SROs will attend suspension review and/or expulsion hearings upon the request of school officials or the Superintendent. The SRO will be prepared to provide testimony on any actions that were taken by the SRO and any personally observed conduct witnessed by the SRO.

Goal Setting for Services in District.
entoring & Outreach. The SRO shall conduct himself or herself as a role model at all times and it facets of the job; shall seek to establish a strong rapport with staff, faculty, students, parents, and her members of the school community; and shall encourage students to develop positive attitude ward the school, education, law enforcement officers, and good citizenship in general.
repervision. With input from the LLEA and/or the MOO Team, the District with and Servicials to supervise SROs in District buildings based upon the individual SRO's needs, School Boar collicies, available local resources, specific school building needs, and geographical realities. Board expect excellence from SROs and commit to frequent communication between supervising chool officials and the SROs assigned to their buildings. The SRO and his or her supervising Distriction of the supervising Distriction of the supervising Distriction of the supervising Distriction.
Performance Evaluations. An instrument for SRO performance evaluations in the school performance evaluations. An instrument for SRO performance evaluation instrument for an SRO should incorporate data results from the Richard assessments, if available.
Conflict Resolution. If the District's expectation of excellence is not being met by an SRO, to supervising District official will report unresolved concerns to the SRO's direct law enforcements are at LLEA sooner rather than later. Addressing issues promptly helps increase understanding and minimize potential negative impact on the school environment. If that method of communications are solve the conflict, the Team has agreed to the following formal conflict resolution proceeds between the District and LLEA:
JOLYY OOM THE SEASON STATE OF THE SEASON STATE
Termination/Replacement of SROs. When paragraph 6, Conflict Resolution, above, has not be successful, the District may request that the SRO be removed from his or her assignment and replay with another SRO from LLEA. If a replacement is not immediately available, the District reserves right to terminate the SRO's assignment in a specific building until a replacement is available.
Extra Duties/Projects. The Team has negotiated the below terms for special projects and/or eduties:
III the first of the Point of t

Page 9 of 10

Date

Board President

3.

4.

5.

Authorized Signatory for LLEA

Date

Incorporated by reference: 1:20 (District Organization, Operations, and Cooperative Agreements), 2:150 (Committees), 7:150-AP (Agency and Police Interviews), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:190-AP3 (Guidelines for Reciprocal Reporting of Criminal Offenses Committed by Students), 7:190-AP6 (Guidelines for Investigating Sexting Allegations), 7:200 (Suspension Procedures), 7:210 (Expulsion Procedures), 7:340 (Student Records), 7:340-AP1 (School Student Records)

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/10-20.14(b), 5/10-20.68, 5/22-20, and 5/22-85.

50 ILCS 705/10.22, Ill. Police Training Act.

705 ILCS 405/1-7, 1-8(F), 1-8(G), and 5-905, Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

Revised: Oct. 22 Adopted: Dec. 22

Exhibit - Acknowledgement of Receiving Student Behavior Policy and Student Conduct Code

Board policy 7:190, Student Behavior, and the Student Conduct Code were developed to help all students receive quality instruction in a safe and positive educational environment. Board policy 7:190, Student Behavior, is contained in the Student Conduct Code.

Please review and discuss the Board policy on *Student Behavior* and the *Student Conduct Code* with your child, sign this sheet, and return it to your child's school. Should you have any questions, please contact your child's Building Principal.

Contact your civila b 25 and 1	4 4 7 1 10 1
You may access electronic copies of the Board policy o <i>Code</i> on the District website:	
Failure to return this acknowledgement and pledge will from being responsible for knowing and complying with on <i>Student Behavior</i> and the Student Conduct Code.	not relieve a student or the parent/guardian the rules contained within the Board policy
Acknowledgement	
I acknowledge receiving the Board policy on Student Board have reviewed them and understand the responsibilities of	chavior and the Student Conduct Code, and I contained in them.
Parent/Guardian:	Date:
I acknowledge receiving the Board policy on <i>Student</i> pledge to follow the <i>Student Behavior</i> policy and <i>Student</i> and positive school environment.	Behavior and the Student Conduct Code. In the Conduct Code and to help maintain a safe
Student:	Date:
Revised: December 2021	
Adopted: January 2022	

Suspension Procedures

In-School Suspension

The Superintendent or designee is authorized to maintain an in-school suspension program. The program shall include, at a minimum, each of the following:

- 1. Before assigning a student to in-school suspension, the charges will be explained and the student will be given an opportunity to respond to the charges.
- 2. Students are supervised by licensed school personnel.
- 3. Students are given the opportunity to complete classroom work during the in-school suspension for equivalent academic credit.

Out-of-School Suspension

The Superintendent or designee shall implement suspension procedures that provide, at a minimum, for each of the following:

- 1. A conference during which the charges will be explained and the student will be given an opportunity to respond to the charges before he or she may be suspended.
- 2. A pre-suspension conference is not required, and the student can be immediately suspended when the student's presence poses a continuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disruption to the educational process. In such cases, the notice and conference shall follow as soon as practicable.
- 3. An attempted phone call to the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).
- 4. A written notice of the suspension to the parent(s)/guardian(s) and the student, which shall:
 - Provide notice to the parent(s)/guardian(s) of their child's right to a review of the suspension;
 - b. Include information about an opportunity to make up work missed during the suspension for equivalent academic credit;
 - c. Detail the specific act of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in the decision to suspend;
 - d. Provide rationale or an explanation of how the chosen number of suspension days will address the threat or disruption posed by the student or his or her act of gross disobedience or misconduct; and
 - e. Depending upon the length of the out-of-school suspension, include the following applicable information:
 - For a suspension of 3 school days or less, an explanation that the student's continuing presence in school would either pose:
 - a) A threat to school safety, or
 - b) A disruption to other students' learning opportunities.
 - ii. For a suspension of 4 or more school days, an explanation:

- a) That other appropriate and available behavioral and disciplinary interventions have been exhausted,
- b) As to whether school officials attempted other interventions or determined that no other interventions were available for the student, and
- c) That the student's continuing presence in school would either:
 - i) Pose a threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of the school community, or
 - Substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation of the school.
- iii. For a suspension of 5 or more school days, the information listed in section 4.e.ii., above, along with documentation by the Superintendent or designee determining what, if any, appropriate and available support services will be provided to the student during the length of his or her suspension.
- 5. A summary of the notice, including the reason for the suspension and the suspension length, must be given to the Board by the Superintendent or designee.
- 6. Upon request of the parent(s)/guardian(s), a review of the suspension shall be conducted by the Board or a hearing officer appointed by the Board. At the review, the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may appear and discuss the suspension with the Board or its hearing officer and may be represented by counsel. Whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be the cause for the suspension, the Superintendent or designee shall invite a representative from a local mental health agency to consult with the Board. After presentation of the evidence or receipt of the hearing officer's report, the Board shall take such action as it finds appropriate. If the suspension is upheld, the Board's written suspension decision shall specifically detail items (a) and (e) in number 4, above.

LEGAL REF.:

Goss v. Lopez, 419 U.S. 565 (1975).

105 ILCS 5/10-20.14, 5/10-22.6.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.280.

CROSS REF.:

5:100 (Staff Development Program), 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities),

7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:220 (Bus Conduct)

Revised: December 2021 Adopted: January 2022

<u>Students</u>

Exhibit - Short Term Out-of-School Suspension (1-3 Days) Reporting Form

ear Pa	rent(s)/Guardian(s):
linois l hild wl	aw requires a School District to provide the following information to a parent/guardian of a to is suspended from school due to an act of gross disobedience or misconduct.
	Incident Date
student	
	handbook rule(s) and/or Board policy violated:
Date an	d time of pre-suspension conference with student:
or prop	conference was not held because the student's conduct posed an immediate danger to persons erty, list the date and time the pre-suspension conference will be conducted.)
Date(s)	of suspension:
Date s	adent is eligible to return to school:
	ption of incident: (List all pertinent information (date, time, location) regarding the specific of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in the decision to suspend.)
Ratio	nale for the specific duration of the suspension:
Y . Y	been further determined that: (At least one of the following must be completed.)
It has	Your child's continued presence at school poses a threat to school safety. Due to the egregious nature of your child's conduct (i.e., physical harm, violence, threat) and/or the history or record of your child's past conduct, school officials have determined that your history or record of your child's past conduct, school officials have determined that your
	child is likely to engage in similar conduct if the factors. These determinance child is likely to engage in similar conduct if the factors. These determinance child is likely to engage in similar conduct if the factors. These determinance child is likely to engage in similar conduct if the factors. These determinance child is likely to engage in similar conduct if the factors. These determinance child is likely to engage in similar conduct if the factors. These determinance child is likely to engage in similar conduct if the factors. These determinance child is likely to engage in similar conduct if the factors.

1	iolence, threat) and/or the history or record of your cave determined that (a) your child is likely to engage in b) the presence of your child at school will foster a chool is/are acceptable or tolerated. These determination of the following: (List explanation below.)	culture that his or her behavior(s) at
he leng been ex to addr and res check-it acaden	cool is required to make all reasonable efforts to resolve the of out-of-school suspensions. The following behavior hausted. (List all behavioral and disciplinary interventions the student's behavior or indicate if there are no appources; e.g., any previous correspondence with parent/check-out, functional behavioral analysis (FBA), behavior instructional group (SAIG), in-school suspension, outlines and resources.)	ions and resources previously utilized oppropriate and available interventions or guardians about the behavior, prioral improvement plan (BIP), social
directi Upon	the period of suspension, your child may not be prolled by the School District or at any School District ve constitutes a trespass and will be dealt with accordance turning to school, your child will be given an opportunation for equivalent academic credit.	dingly. nity to make up work missed during the
To dis	cuss this matter, you may contact the Building Princip ne suspension reviewed by the School Board or a hearing tedule a Board hearing, please send a written request want address of the Superintendent).	oal. Alternatively, you have the right to ng officer acting on the Board's behalf within ten (10) calendar days to (inser-
Build	ng Principal	Date
cc:	School Board	
Revi	ed: December 2021 ted: January 2022	

7:200-E1

Page 2 of 2

Exhibit - Long Term Out-of-School Suspension (4-10 Days) Reporting Form

Dear Parent(s)/Guardian(s):		
linois l hild wh	aw requires a School District to provide the following information to a parent/guardian of a o is suspended from school due to an act of gross disobedience or misconduct.	
	Incident Date	
tudent	and the standards	
	handbook rule(s) and/or Board policy violated:	
	d time of pre-suspension conference with student:	
(If this conference was not held because the student's conduct posed an immediate danger to p or property, list the date and time the pre-suspension conference will be conducted.)		
Date(s) of suspension:		
	udent is eligible to return to school:	
act(s)	ption of incident: (List all pertinent information (date, time, location) regarding the specific of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in the decision to suspend.) nale for the specific duration of the suspension:	
It has	been further determined that: (At least one of the following must be completed.) Your child's continued presence at school poses a threat to school safety of other students, staff, or members of the school community. Due to the egregious nature of your child's conduct (i.e., physical harm, violence, threat) and/or the history or record of your child's past conduct, school officials have determined that your child is likely to engage in similar conduct in the future. These determinations include, but are not limited to, one of more of the following additional reasons: (List explanation below.)	
II.	Your child's continued presence at school substantially disrupts, impedes, or interference with the operation of the school. Due to the egregious nature of your child's conduct (i.e.	

7:200-E2

the future, and/or (b	the determined that (a) your child is likely to engage in similar conduct in the presence of your child at school will foster a culture that his or her old is/are acceptable or tolerated. These determinations include, but are not of the following: (List explanation below.)
ne length of out-of-school seen exhausted (List all behalddress the student's behaves sesources; e.g., any previo	nake all reasonable efforts to resolve threats or disruptions and minimize suspensions. The following behavioral and disciplinary interventions have havioral and disciplinary interventions and resources previously utilized to havioral and disciplinary interventions and available interventions and have correspondence with parents or guardians about the behavior, checkerhavioral analysis (FBA), behavioral improvement plan (BIP), social oup (SAIG), in-school suspension, out-of-school suspension and/or other ss.)
controlled by the School directive constitutes a tre	pension, your child may not be present at school, on grounds owned or District or at any School District activity. Failure to comply with this espass and will be dealt with accordingly. an opportunity to complete missed assignments or work missed during the
suspension for equivalent Students that are suspen appropriate and available	ded out-of-school for longer than four (4) days must be provided with support services during the period of suspension. The following support your child: (Note that this requirement only applies to students who are for 5 through 10 school days. List all support services or indicate if no
To discuss this matter, yo	ou may contact the Building Principal.
Alternatively, you have	the right to have the suspension reviewed by the School Board or a hearing pard's behalf. To schedule a Board hearing, please send a written reques days to (insert name and address of the Superintendent).
Building Principal	Date
cc: School Board	

physical harm, violence, threat) and/or the history or record of your child's past conduct school, officials have determined that (a) your child is likely to engage in similar conduct in

Page 2 of 2 7:200-E2

Expulsion Procedures

The Superintendent or designee shall implement expulsion procedures that provide, at a minimum, for the following:

- 1. Before a student may be expelled, the student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) shall be provided a written request to appear at a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. The request shall be sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. The request shall:
 - Include the time, date, and place for the hearing.
 - Briefly describe what will happen during the hearing.
 - Detail the specific act of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in the decision to recommend expulsion.
 - d. List the student's prior suspension(s).
 - State that the School Code allows the School Board to expel a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case basis.
 - Ask that the student or parent(s)/guardian(s) or attorney inform the Superintendent or Board Attorney if the student will be represented by an attorney and, if so, the attorney's name and contact information.
 - Unless the student and parent(s)/guardian(s) indicate that they do not want a hearing or fail to appear at the designated time and place, the hearing will proceed. It shall be conducted by the Board or a hearing officer appointed by it. If a hearing officer is appointed, he or she shall report to the Board the evidence presented at the hearing and the Board shall take such final action as it finds appropriate. Whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be the cause for the recommended expulsion, the Superintendent or designee shall invite a representative from a local mental health agency to consult with the Board.
 - 3. During the expulsion hearing, the Board or hearing officer shall hear evidence concerning whether the student is guilty of the gross disobedience or misconduct as charged. School officials must provide: (1) testimony of any other interventions attempted and exhausted or of their determination that no other appropriate and available interventions were available for the student, and (2) evidence of the threat or disruption posed by the student. The student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) may be represented by counsel, offer evidence, present witnesses, cross-examine witnesses who testified, and otherwise present reasons why the student should not be expelled. After presentation of the evidence or receipt of the hearing officer's report, the Board shall decide the issue of guilt and take such action as it finds appropriate.
 - 4. If the Board acts to expel the student, its written expulsion decision shall:
 - a. Detail the specific reason why removing the student from his or her learning environment is in the best interest of the school.
 - Provide a rationale for the specific duration of the recommended expulsion.

- c. Document how school officials determined that all behavioral and disciplinary interventions have been exhausted by specifying which interventions were attempted or whether school officials determined that no other appropriate and available interventions existed for the student.
- d. Document how the student's continuing presence in school would (1) pose a threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of the school community, or (2) substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation of the school.
- 5. Upon expulsion, the District may refer the student to appropriate and available support services.

LEGAL REF .:

Goss v. Lopez, 419 U.S. 565 (1975).

105 ILCS 5/10-20.14, 5/10-22.6.

CROSS REF .:

5:100 (Staff Development Program), 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities),

7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:200 (Suspension Procedures), 7:230 (Misconduct by

Students with Disabilities)

Revised: December 2021 Adopted: January 2022

<u>Students</u>

Exhibit - Notice of Expulsion Hearing

Dear Parent(s)/Guardian(s):

Due to the act(s) of gross disobedience or misconduct described herein, a recommendation has been made to the School Board to expel your child from school. The School Code allows the School Board to expel a student for a definite time period not to exceed two (2) calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case basis.

	Incident Date
Student	
Student handbook rule(s) and/or Board policy violate	ed:
Length of the proposed expulsion:	
Description of the incident and a justification of information is contained in the Long Term Out-of-Sc attached to this letter. If there was no long term suspen misconduct resulting in recommendation to expel are d The following additional efforts to resolve threats out-of-school suspensions were also provided:	nsion, the specific acts of gross disobedience or lescribed in the attached sheet. or disruptions and minimize the length of

Evidence will be presented and the Board will decide:

- 1. Whether removing your child from his or her learning environment is in the best interest of the school;
- 2. What the rationale is for the specific duration of the recommended expulsion;
- 3. Whether all appropriate and available behavioral and disciplinary interventions were exhausted; and
- 4. Whether your child's continuing presence in school would either: (a) pose a threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of the school community, or (b) substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation of the school.

You are requested to appe the Board's behalf to deter	ar at a hearir mine if your	ng before the School Board or a hearing officer acting on child should be expelled from school.
Hearing Date	Time	Location

At the expulsion hearing, the Board or hearing officer will consider evidence concerning whether your child is guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct as charged and should be expelled from school. The hearing will be held in closed session. At this hearing you have each of the following rights:

- 1. To be present.
- 2. To be represented by counsel. You must inform the District if your child will be represented by an attorney and, if so, the attorney's name.
- 3. To offer evidence.
- 4. To present witnesses and cross-examine witnesses who testify.
- To present other reasons why your child should not be expelled.

After presentation of evidence or receipt of the hearing officer's report, the Board will decide the issue of guilt and take such actions as it finds appropriate.

Superintendent	Date	
----------------	------	--

School Board cc:

Copy of 7:200-E2, Long Term Out-of-School Suspension (4-10 Days) Reporting enclosure:

Form, or a list of the specific acts of gross disobedience or misconduct

Revised: December 2021 Adopted: January 2022

Bus Conduct

All students must follow the District's School Bus Safety Rules.

School Bus Suspensions

The Superintendent, or any designee as permitted in the School Code, is authorized to suspend a student from riding the school bus for up to 10 consecutive school days for engaging in gross disobedience or misconduct, including but not limited to, the following:

- 1. Prohibited student conduct as defined in School Board policy 7:190, Student Behavior.
- Willful injury or threat of injury to a bus driver or to another rider.
- 3. Willful and/or repeated defacement of the bus.
- 4. Repeated use of profanity.
- 5. Repeated willful disobedience of a directive from a bus driver or other supervisor.
- 6. Such other behavior as the Superintendent or designee deems to threaten the safe operation of the bus and/or its occupants.

If a student is suspended from riding the bus for gross disobedience or misconduct on a bus, the School Board may suspend the student from riding the school bus for a period in excess of 10 days for safety reasons. The District's regular suspension procedures shall be used to suspend a student's privilege to ride a school bus.

Academic Credit for Missed Classes During School Bus Suspension

A student suspended from riding the bus who does not have alternate transportation to school shall have the opportunity to complete or make up work for equivalent academic credit. It shall be the responsibility of the student's parent or guardian to notify the school that the student does not have alternate transportation.

Electronic Recordings on School Buses

Electronic visual and audio recordings may be used on school buses to monitor conduct and to promote and maintain a safe environment for students and employees when transportation is provided for any school related activity. Notice of electronic recordings shall be displayed on the exterior of the vehicle's entrance door and front interior bulkhead in compliance with State law and the rules of the Illinois Department of Transportation, Division of Traffic Safety.

Students are prohibited from tampering with electronic recording devices. Students who violate this policy shall be disciplined in accordance with the Board's discipline policy and shall reimburse the School District for any necessary repairs or replacement,

LEGAL REF.:

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. §1232g; 34 C.F.R. Part 99.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.14, 5/10-22.6, and 10/.

720 ILCS 5/14-3(m).

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 375, Student Records.

CROSS REF .:

4:110 (Transportation), 4:170 (Safety), 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:170 (Vandalism), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:200

(Suspension Procedures), 7:230 (Misconduct by Students with Disabilities),

7:340 (Student Records)

ADMIN. PROC.: 4:110-AP3 (School Bus Safety Rules)

Revised: July 2021 Adopted: Detober 2021

Administrative Procedure - Electronic Recordings on School Buses

Review of Electronic Recordings

Electronic video and audio recordings are viewed to investigate an incident reported by a bus driver, administrator, law enforcement officer working in the District, supervisor, student, or other person. They are also viewed at random.

Viewing and/or listening to electronic video and/or audio recordings is limited to law enforcement officers working in the District and District personnel. These individuals must have, (1) a law enforcement, security, or safety reason, or (2) a need to investigate and/or monitor student or driver conduct. A written log will be kept of those individuals viewing a video recording stating the time, name of individual viewing it, and date the video recording was viewed.

If the content of an electronic recording becomes the subject of a student disciplinary hearing, it will be treated like other evidence in the proceeding.

An electronic video or audio recording may be reused or erased after 14 days unless it is needed for an educational or administrative purpose.

Notice of Electronic Recordings 720 ILCS 5/14-3(m).

The Eavesdropping Act exempts electronic recordings on school buses from its coverage when transportation is provided for a school activity, provided the School Board adopted a policy authorizing their use. Notice of the adopted policy regarding video and audio recordings shall be: (1) clearly posted on the front door and interior of the school bus, (2) provided to students and parents/guardians, and (3) included in student handbooks and other documents.

Revised: July 2020

Adopted: September 2020

Misconduct by Students with Disabilities

Behavioral Interventions

Behavioral interventions shall be used with students with disabilities to promote and strengthen desirable behaviors and reduce identified inappropriate behaviors. The School Board will establish and maintain a committee to develop, implement, and monitor procedures on the use of behavioral interventions for children with disabilities.

Discipline of Special Education Students

The District shall comply with the Individuals With Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 and the Illinois State Board of Education's Special Education rules when disciplining special education students. No special education student shall be expelled if the student's particular act of gross disobedience or misconduct is a manifestation of his or her disability.

Individuals With Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, 20 U.S.C. LEGAL REF.:

§§1412, 1413, and 1415.

Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. §7151 et seq.

34 C.F.R. §§300.101, 300.530 - 300.536.

105 ILCS 5/10-22.6 and 5/14-8.05. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §226.400.

Honig v. Doe, 108 S.Ct. 592 (1988).

2:150 (Committees), 6:120 (Education of Children with Disabilities), 7:130 CROSS REF.:

(Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:200

(Suspension Procedures), 7:210 (Expulsion Procedures), 7:220 (Bus Conduct)

Revised! July 2021

adopted: October 2021

Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities

The Superintendent or designee, using input from coaches and sponsors of extracurricular activities, shall develop a conduct code for all participants in extracurricular activities consistent with School Board policy. The conduct code shall: (1) require participants in extracurricular activities to conduct themselves as good citizens and exemplars of their school at all times, including after school, on days when school is not in session, and whether on or off school property; (2) emphasize that hazing and bullying activities are strictly prohibited; and (3) notify participants that failure to abide by it could result in discipline, up to and including removal from the activity. Participants who violate the conduct code will be allowed to give an explanation before being progressively disciplined. The conduct code shall be reviewed by the Building Principal periodically at his or her discretion and presented to the Board.

Participants in extracurricular activities must abide by the conduct code for the activity and Board policy 7:190, Student Behavior. All coaches and sponsors of extracurricular activities shall annually review the conduct code with participants and provide participants with a copy. In addition, coaches and sponsors of interscholastic athletic programs shall provide instruction on steroid abuse prevention to students in grades 7 through 12 participating in these programs.

Extracurricular Drug and Alcohol Testing Program

The District maintains an extracurricular drug and alcohol testing program in order to foster the health, safety, and welfare of its students. Participation in extracurricular activities is a privilege and participants need to be exemplars. The program promotes healthy and drug-free participation.

Each student and his or her parents/guardians must consent to having the student submit to random drug and alcohol testing in order to participate in any extracurricular activity. Failure to sign the District's Consent to Participate in Extracurricular Drug and Alcohol Testing Program form will result in non-participation.

If a test is *positive*, the student will not participate in extracurricular activities until after a *follow-up* test is requested by the Building Principal or designee and the results are reported. The Building Principal or designee will request a *follow-up* test after such an interval of time that the substance previously found would normally be eliminated from the body. If this *follow-up* test is negative, the student will be allowed to resume extracurricular activities. If a *positive* result is obtained from the *follow-up* test, or any later test, the same previous procedure shall be followed.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop procedures to implement this policy. No student shall be expelled or suspended from school as a result of any verified positive test conducted under this program other than when independent reasonable suspicion of drug and/or alcohol usage exists. This program does not affect the District policies, practices, or rights to search or test any student who at the time exhibits cause for reasonable suspicion of drug and/or alcohol use.

Performance Enhancing Drug Testing of High School Student Athletes

The Illinois High School Association (IHSA) prohibits participants in an athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned by IHSA from ingesting or otherwise using any performance enhancing substance on its banned substance list, without a written prescription and medical documentation provided by a licensed physician who evaluated the student-athlete for a legitimate medical condition. IHSA administers a performance-enhancing substance testing program. Under this program, student athletes

are subject to random drug testing for the presence in their bodies of performance-enhancing substances on the IHSA's banned substance list. In addition to being penalized by IHSA, a student may be disciplined according to Board policy 7:190, Student Behavior.

LEGAL REF.:

Mahanoy Area Sch. Dist. v. B.L., 141 S.Ct. 2038 (2021).

Bd. of Educ. of Independent Sch. Dist. No. 92 v. Earls, 536 U.S. 822 (2002).

Vernonia Sch. Dist. 475 v. Acton, 515 U.S. 646 (1995).

Clements v. Bd. of Educ. of Decatur, 133 Ill.App.3d 531 (4th Dist. 1985). Kevin Jordan v. O'Fallon THSD 203, 302 Ill. App.3d 1070 (5th Dist. 1999).

Todd v. Rush County Schs., 133 F.3d 984 (7th Cir. 1998).

105 ILCS 5/24-24, 5/27-23.3, and 25/2.

CROSS REF .:

5:280 (Duties and Qualifications), 6:190 (Extracurricular and Co-Curricular Activities), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and

Harassment), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:300 (Extracurricular Athletics)

Revised: December 2021 Adopted: January 2022

Administrative Procedure - Code of Conduct for Extracurricular Activities

This Code of Conduct applies to all school-sponsored activities that are neither part of an academic class nor otherwise carry credit or a grade. Sponsors shall create a roster of students who are members or participants in an extracurricular activity and maintain attendance records.

The goal of the extracurricular program is to provide opportunities for students to pursue interests and develop life skills beyond the classroom. An additional goal of the athletic program is to develop the physical skills of student athletes, which will allow them to compete to the best of their ability within the School Board policies and the by-laws of any association of which the school is a member.

Members must conduct themselves at all times, including after school and on days school is not in session, as good citizens and exemplars of their school - they must behave in ways that are consistent with good sportsmanship, leadership, and appropriate moral conduct. They are expected to demonstrate good citizenship and exemplary conduct in the classroom, in the community, and during all facets of the activity.

The Code of Conduct below describes the expectations and goals of the extracurricular and athletic programs. This Code does not contain a complete list of inappropriate behaviors for students in extracurricular activities and athletics. This Code of Conduct will be enforced 365 days per year, 24 hours per day. A student may be excluded from activities or competition while the school is conducting an investigation regarding that student's conduct.

Students and their parents/guardians are encouraged to seek assistance from the student assistance program regarding alcohol or other drug problems. Family-referrals or self-referrals will be taken into consideration in determining consequences for Code of Conduct violations.

A student participating in an activity or athletic program will be subject to disciplinary action if he or Code of Conduct she violates this Code of Conduct for Extracurricular Activities. Violations will be treated cumulatively, with disciplinary penalties increasing with subsequent violations.

The student shall not:

- 1. Violate the District's policies or procedures on student behavior;
- 2. Use, possess, buy, sell, barter, or distribute a beverage containing alcohol (except for
- Use, possess, buy, sell, barter, or distribute tobacco or nicotine materials in any form, including without limitation, electronic cigarettes;
- 4. Use, possess, buy, sell, barter, or distribute cannabis in any form, unless exempted under
- 5. Use, possess, buy, sell, barter, or distribute any illegal substance (including mood-altering and performance enhancing drugs or chemicals) or paraphernalia;
- 6. Use, possess, buy, sell, barter, or distribute any object that is or could be considered a weapon or any item that is a look-alike weapon. This prohibition does not prohibit legal use of weapons in cooking and in sports, such as archery, martial arts practice, target shooting, hunting, and skeet;

- 7. Attend a party or other gathering and/or ride in a vehicle where alcohol, cannabis, and/or controlled substances are being consumed by minors;
- 8. Act in an unsportsmanlike manner;
- 9. Vandalize or steal;
- 10. Haze or bully other students;
- 11. Violate the written rules for the activity or sport;
- 12. Behave in a manner that disrupts or adversely affects the group or school;
- 13. Be insubordinate or disrespectful toward the activity's sponsors or team's coaching staff;
- 14. Falsify any information contained on any permit or permission form required by the activity

Hazing and bullying activities are strictly forbidden at any time and in any location. Hazing is any humiliating or dangerous activity expected of a student to belong to a team or group, regardless of his or her willingness to participate. (Adapted from the definition of hazing adopted by the National Federation of State High School Associations.) Bullying includes cyberbullying and means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or electronically, directed toward a student or students that has or can be reasonably predicted to place a student in reasonable fear of harm; cause a substantially detrimental effect on a student's physical or mental health; substantially interfere with a student's academic performance; or substantially interfere with a student's ability to participate in or benefit from school services, activities, or privileges. (Adapted from the definition of bullying included in the Board policy 7:180, Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment.)

Students who are accused of violating the Code of Conduct for Extracurricular Activities are entitled Due Process Procedures to the following due process:

- 1. The student shall be advised of the disciplinary infraction with which he or she is being
- 2. The student shall be entitled to a hearing before an appropriate administrator.
- 3. The student will be able to respond to any charges leveled against him or her.
- The student may provide any additional information he or she wishes for the administrator to
- The administrator, with the help of other staff members if needed, may interview material witnesses or others with evidence concerning the case.
- If the administrator finds, after reviewing the evidence, that the violation occurred, he or she will impose sanctions on the student, as follows:
 - Sanctions for violations other than drug and alcohol will be based on the nature of the offense and the number of offenses, and may include suspension from all activities or sports for one of the time periods described below:
 - A specified period of time or percentage of events, competitions, or practices
 - The remainder of the season or for the next season
 - The remainder of the student's high school career
 - Sanctions for drug and alcohol violations will be based on the following:

Í

First violation

- Use, possession, buying, selling, bartering, or distributing: A suspension of one third of the total number of performances, activities, or competitions or the remainder of the season, whichever is shorter. This penalty will be reduced if the student successfully completes a school-approved chemical awareness program.
- Attendance at a party or riding in a vehicle where alcohol, cannabis, and/or controlled substances are being consumed by minors: A suspension of one sixth of the total number of performances, activities or competitions, or the remainder of the season,
- The student will be required to practice with the group, regardless of the violation (unless suspended or expelled from school).

Second violation

- Use, possession, buying, selling, bartering, or distributing: A suspension of 12 weeks or one season, including suspension from all performances, activities, or competitions during this period. To participate again in any activities, the student must successfully participate in and complete a school-approved alcohol and other drug abuse assessment and follow all recommendations from that assessment.
- Attendance at a party or riding in a vehicle where alcohol, cannabis, and/or controlled substances are being consumed by minors: A suspension of one third of the season and all extracurricular group performances, activities, or competitions during this
- The student may be required to practice with the group (unless suspended or expelled from school).

Third violation

- Use, possession, buying, selling, bartering, or distributing: A suspension from extracurricular activities for the remainder of the student's high school career.
- Attendance at a party or riding in a vehicle where alcohol, cannabis, and/or controlled substances are being consumed by minors: A suspension of one calendar year from the date of the suspension, including all extracurricular activities during this period.
- The administrator will make a written report of his or her decision and rationale. The student may appeal the decision to the Building Principal.

All students remain subject to the Board's student behavior policy and/or the school's student handbook and the disciplinary measures listed in them.

Revised: December 2021 Adopted: January 2022

Students 5 4 1

Administrative Procedure - Extracurricular Drug and Alcohol Testing Program

Testing Procedures

- 1. The Building Principal or designee shall, from time-to-time throughout the school year, randomly select extracurricular participants for drug and alcohol testing. Testing may occur on any day, Monday through Saturday. Names will be drawn from a pool of all student participants. Each student participant may be tested at any time during the year.
- 2. No student will be given advance notice or early warning of the testing.
- 3. Drug and/or alcohol testing may be performed by breath alcohol testing and/or urinalysis. Upon being selected for breath alcohol testing, a student must provide an adequate amount of breath so that the measuring device can measure any alcohol concentration in the breath. Upon being selected for a urinalysis test, the student shall provide a sample of "fresh" urine according to the quality control standards and policy of the laboratory conducting the urinalysis.
- A staff member will accompany the student until he or she produces an adequate urine specimen. If unable to produce a specimen, the student will be given up to 24 ounces of fluid. If unable to produce a specimen within two hours, the student will be taken to the Building Principal's office and told he or she is ineligible for participation in any extracurricular activity. In addition, the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) will be telephoned and informed the student is unable to produce a sample for the testing procedure and he or she must be tested at a later date in order to be eligible.
- 5. All specimens registering below 90.5 degrees or above 99.8 degrees Fahrenheit will be invalid. The head strip on each specimen bottle indicates the validity of the urine specimen by temperature. If a specimen is invalid, the student must provide another specimen.
- 6. A student will be ineligible for all extracurricular activities for the remainder of the school year if he or she tampers with or cheats during the collection. This will be reported to the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).
- 7. Immediately after the specimen is taken, the student may return to class with an admit slip or pass with the time he or she left the collection site.
- 8. Each specimen is given to the laboratory for testing for alcohol, controlled substances (that may include all drugs listed as controlled substances under Illinois law), and "performance enhancing" drugs, such as steroids.

Chain of Custody

29

- The laboratory will provide training and direction to appropriate staff members, set up the collection environment, guarantee specimens, and supervise the chain of custody. To maintain anonymity, the student will be assigned a number.
- The Building Principal or designee will escort students to the collection site. No student is allowed to go to his or her locker before being escorted to the collection site. The Building Principal or designee should minimize classroom interruptions. Student participants may be summoned after school, perhaps during practice time.

- 3. Before a student's urine is tested by the laboratory, he or she must sign any form that may be required by the testing laboratory. If a student chooses, he or she may notify the administrator that he or she is taking a prescription medication.
- 4. A sanitized kit containing a specimen bottle will be given to each student. The bottle will remain in the student's possession until a seal is placed upon the bottle and the student signs that the specimen is sealed. The seal may be broken only by the lab testing the specimen.
- 5. If the seal is tampered with or broken, after leaving the student's possession and prior to arriving at the lab, the specimen is invalid. The student will remain eligible for extracurricular activities subsequent to a retest.
- The supervisor obtaining the urine specimen will be of the same gender as the student. Students will be instructed to remove all outerwear and wash their hands in the presence of the supervisor before entering the restroom stall. The stall door will be closed while the student provides a urine specimen. The supervisor will wait outside the restroom stall. The student will have two minutes to produce a urine specimen. The commode will contain a blue dye so the water cannot be used to dilute the sample. The faucets in the restrooms will be shut off.
- 7. After it is sealed, the specimen will be transported to the testing laboratory by laboratory personnel. The testing laboratory will report the results to the Building Principal or designee.
- 8. In order to maintain confidentiality, the student's name will not be on the urine specimen container. Instead, the student's random identification number will appear on the container.

)

- The Building Principal or designee will be notified of a student testing "positive" (i.e., if the test Test Results shows that drug residues are in the student's system after using at least two different types of analyses). The Building Principal or designee will notify the student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s). The student or his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) may submit any documented prescription or explanation of a "positive" test result.
- 2. In addition, the student or parent(s)/guardian(s) may request that the urine specimen be tested again by a certified laboratory at their cost.
- 3. If the test is verified "positive," the Building Principal or designee will meet with the student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s). The student and parent(s)/guardian(s) will be given the names of counseling and assistance agencies. The student may not participate in extracurricular activities until a "follow-up" test is requested by the Building Principal or designee and the results are
- 4. A "follow up" test will be requested by the Building Principal or designee after such an interval of time that the substance previously found would normally be eliminated from the body. If this "follow up" test is negative, the student will be allowed to resume extracurricular activities. If a "positive" result is obtained from the "follow up" test, or any later test, the previous procedure shall be repeated. In addition, the School District reserves the right to continue testing at any time during the remaining school year any participating student who had a verified "positive" test.
- 5. Information on a verified "positive" test result will be shared on a need-to-know basis with the student's coach or sponsor. The results of "negative" tests will be kept confidential.

6. Drug testing result sheets will be returned to the Building Principal or designee identifying students by number and not by name. Names will not be kept in open files or on any computer. Result sheets will be locked and secured in a location to which only the Building Principal or designee has access.

Financial Responsibility

- 1. Under this policy, the District will pay for all initial random drug tests and all initial "follow up" drug tests. Once a student has a verified "positive" test result and has subsequently tested negative from a "follow up" test, any future "follow up" drug test that must be conducted will be paid for by the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).
- 2. A request for another test of a "positive" urine specimen is the financial responsibility of the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).
- 3. Counseling and subsequent treatment by non-school agencies is the financial responsibility of the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).

Confidentiality

Under this drug and alcohol testing program, no staff, coach, or sponsor shall divulge any information to anyone about a particular student or disposition of the student involved, other than in response to a legal subpoena.

Other Rules

Apart from this drug and alcohol testing program, the Ill. High School Association as well as each activity's coaching staff or sponsor may have their own training rules and requirements. Coaches and sponsors have the necessary authority to enforce those rules. Any student-participant who violates a team or activity rule or requirement is subject to the consequences as defined in those rules and requirements.

Revised: June 2019

11:00

Adopted: August 2019

Student Support Services

The District provides a liaison to facilitate the enrollment and transfer of records of students in the legal custody of the Ill. Dept. of Children and Family Services when enrolling in or changing schools.

The following student support services may be provided by the School District:

- 1. Health services supervised by a qualified school nurse. The Superintendent or designee may implement procedures to further a healthy school environment and prevent or reduce the spread of disease.
- 2. Educational and psychological testing services and the services of a school psychologist as needed. In all cases, written permission to administer a psychological examination must be obtained from a student's parent(s)/guardian(s). The results will be given to the parent(s)/guardian(s), with interpretation, as well as to the appropriate professional staff.
- The services of a school social worker. A student's parent/guardian must consent to regular or continuing services from a social worker.
- 4. Guidance and school counseling services.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop protocols for responding to students with social, emotional, or mental health needs that impact learning ability. The District, however, assumes no liability for preventing, identifying, or treating such needs.

Erin's Law Counseling Options, Assistance, and Intervention

The Superintendent or designee will ensure that each school building's Student Support Committee identifies counseling options for students who are affected by sexual abuse and grooming behaviors, along with District and community-based options for victims of sexual abuse and grooming behaviors to obtain assistance and intervention. Community-based options must include a Children's Advocacy Center and sexual assault crisis center(s) that serve the District, if any.

This policy shall be implemented in a manner consistent with State and federal laws, including the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 42 U.S.C. §12101 et seq.

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/10-23.13(b), 5/10-20.59, and 5/21B-25(G).

405 ILCS 49/, Children's Mental Health Act.

740 ILCS 110/, Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act.

CROSS REF.:

6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development), 6:270 (Guidance and

Counseling Program), 7:100 (Health, Eye, and Dental Examinations;

Immunizations; and Exclusion of Students), 7:280 (Communicable and Chronic

Infectious Disease), 7:340 (Student Records)

Revised: Oct. 22 Adopted: Dec. 22

<u>Students</u>

Administrative Procedure - Measures to Control the Spread of Head Lice at School

Actor	Action
School Nurse	Involves parent organization in the development and implementation of programs regarding prevention and treatment.
	Provides information regarding control to staff, students, and parents/guardians. Information provided to parents/guardians may include that set forth in row 2, below.
	Provides information material and/or in-service to school personnel on: 1. Confidentiality requirements
	 Identification Preventing transmission in classrooms Precautions against self-contamination and cross-contamination, e.g., a. Carpets should be vacuumed frequently b. Cloth-covered stuffed animals, sleeping mats, pillows, sofas, and
	other stuffed furniture should be discouraged 5. Treatment and resources for treatment 6. Readmission requirements 7. Respect for sensitivity of students and parents/guardians regarding this
Parent/Guardian	Assists in preventing and managing head lice outbreaks by regularly checking their children's hair and providing immediate treatment if lice are detected. • Check your child's hair and scalp regularly for eggs.
	 Do not allow your child to use other children's comos, brushes, hate, etc. If you find your child does have head lice and you decide to keep him or her out of school, please follow the school's student absence
	 Follow your family's chosen protocol for treatment of the entire family Both over-the-counter and prescription medications are available for treatment of lice.
	• Hats, combs, brushes, and bed linens should be cleaned thoroughly. After the medicated shampoo, you can loosen the eggs with scalp rinse of vinegar, and then slide the eggs off the hair shaft with tweezers, a special fine tooth comb, or your fingernails.
	• Review information from the Center for Disease Control (CDC) about Prevention and Control at: www.cdc.gov/parasites/lice/head/prevent.html and Treatment FAQ at prevent gov/parasites/lice/head/gen_info/faqs_treat.html.
Staff	To prevent the spread of head lice infestations, report all suspected cases of
School Nurse	Inspects the head of any student reasonably suspected of having head lice as soon as possible. Checks the siblings of any student with head lice and notifies other schools

Actor	Action
	where siblings attend.
	Checks any of the student's contacts for the presence of lice. Provides the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) with information regarding head lice treatment.
	If more than one student is affected in any class, determines whether to examine all students in the class and/or provides information about head lice
Building Principal	If eggs (nits) or lice are found, determines whether to exclude the student from attendance or limit the student's head to head contact in the school building (especially in lower grades). Contacts the Board Attorney before beginning the process to exclude any student. Informs the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) about recommended treatment are solvered and sources of further information.
Staff	Maintains the privacy of students identified as having head lice and excluded from attendance.
Parent/Guardian	Drings a note to school verifying treatment.
School Nurse	Examines any excluded student and verifies to the Building Principal that an examines and lice are gone so that the student may return.
	Note: Delete this row and/or the re-inspection (nit-free) requirement if the administration determines the requirement is (a) unnecessary to successfully manage head lice and/or (b) results in unnecessary absences. Many nit-free requirements may unnecessarily exclude students from school. School nurses should discuss the following pros and cons of No Nit Policies with their Building Principals and/or Superintendents:
	Pros: A nit-free requirement simply eliminates any subjective call for school personnel as to whether the nit is dead or alive. The National Pediculosis Association recommends the <i>No Nit Policy</i> as the public health standard intended to keep children lice free, nit free, and in school www.headlice.org/downloads/nonitpolicy.htm.
	Cons: The National Association of School Nurses takes the position that the management of head lice should not disrupt the educational process. No disease is associated with head lice, and in-school transmission is considered to be rare. Further, when transmission occurs, it is generally found among younger-age children with increased head-to-head contact www.nasn.org/nasn/advocacy/professional-practice-documents/positiongstatements/ps-head-lice .
Building Principa	1: -(-) whose evaluded student has not returned to
	Resources for treatment information

Revised: June 2019 Adopted: August 2019

Administrative Procedure - Protocol for Responding to Students with Social, Emotional, or Mental Health Needs

Each Building Principal shall annually appoint a building-level Student Support Committee that shall have the tasks described in this Administrative Procedure. Committee members must be school staff members who are qualified by professional licensing or experience to address issues concerning students who may have social, emotional, or mental health needs. As needed on a case-by-case basis, the Student Support Committee may request the involvement of the Building Principal, relevant teachers, and the parents/guardians. Records produced and shared among Committee members may be subject to laws governing student records. Confidential information given by a student to a therapist is governed by the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act, 740 ILCS 110/.

Children's Mental Health Partnership's Plan and Annual Progress Reports

The Illinois Children's Mental Health Partnership (ICMHP) monitors the implementation of its statewide Children's Mental Health Plan (CMH Plan). The CMH Plan is a statewide strategic blueprint or roadmap to promote and improve the children's mental health system and covers a range of recommendations and strategies necessary to reforming the children's mental health system in Illinois. Every year, the ICMHP must submit an annual progress report to the Governor for approval. The Student Support Committee will monitor the annual CMH Plan. See www.icmhp.org/aboutwww.dhs.state.il.us/page.aspx?item=68168. After reviewing both websites, the Student Support Committee will decide how to implement its recommendations and strategies as appropriate within the resources available in the District.

Staff members should refer a student suspected of having social, emotional, or mental health needs to Referrals the building-level Student Support Committee. The Student Support Committee will review information about a referred student, including prior interventions, and suggest appropriate steps for referral and follow-up. The Student Support Committee may offer strategies to a referred student's classroom teachers and parents/guardians about ways they can manage, address, and/or enhance the student's social and emotional development and mental health. In addition, the Student Support Committee may recommend coordinated educational, social work, school counseling, student assistance services, and/or a case study evaluation, as well as referrals to outside agencies.

Referrals under this procedure are unrelated to the special education evaluation process and do not trigger the District's timeline for evaluations. However, the use of these procedures shall not circumvent the special education process. See Administrative Procedure 6:120-AP1, Special Education Procedures Assuring the Implementation of Comprehensive Programming for Children with Disabilities.

School Counseling, School Social Work, School Psychological, and School Nursing Services

The Student Support Committee may request school counselors, school social workers, school psychologists, and school nurses to provide support and consultation to teachers and school staff about strategies to promote the social and emotional development and mental health of all students. They may also be requested to provide screening and early detection approaches to identify students with social, emotional, and mental health needs.

School counselors, school social workers, school psychologists, and school nurses will inform parents/guardians of all issues that pose a health and/or safety risk; they will inform the Building Principal of any health or safety risks that are present in the school.

Psycho-Educational Groups

As appropriate, the Student Support Committee may recommend that a student participate in a variety of psycho-educational groups. These groups are typically led by school counselors, social workers, or psychologists, but are not structured as therapeutic services. Groups are designed to help students better understand issues and develop strategies to manage issues of concern to them that may, if not addressed, interfere significantly with the students' educational progress or school adjustment. Groups have a written curriculum that guides discussion over a set period of time, generally five weeks. A student may participate in a group without parent/guardian permission for one such time period; subsequent enrollment in the same group requires parent/guardian permission.

Students in a group who present significant concern and for whom therapeutic services must be considered will be referred to the social workers, psychologists, or school counselors for individual consultation. (See above description of these services.)

Erin's Law Counseling Options, Assistance, and Intervention

The Student Support Committee shall identify District and community-based counseling options for students who are affected by sexual abuse, along with options for victims of sexual abuse to obtain assistance and intervention. Community-based options must include a Children's Advocacy Center and sexual assault crisis center(s) that serve the District, if any.

School and Community Linkages

When possible, the Student Support Committee shall seek to establish linkages and partnerships with diverse community organizations with the goal of providing a coordinated, collaborative early intervention social and emotional development and mental health support system for students that is integrated with community mental health agencies and organizations and other child-serving agencies and systems.

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/10-23.13.

405 ILCS 49/, Children's Mental Health Act of 2003.

Revised: December 2021 Adopted: January 2022

Exemption from Physical Education

In order to be excused from participation in physical education, a student must present an appropriate excuse from his or her parent/guardian or from a person licensed under the Medical Practice Act. The excuse may be based on medical or religious prohibitions. An excuse because of medical reasons must include a signed statement from a person licensed under the Medical Practice Act that corroborates the medical reason for the request. An excuse based on religious reasons must include a signed statement from a member of the clergy that corroborates the religious reason for the request. Upon written notice from a student's parent/guardian, a student will be excused from engaging in the physical activity components of physical education during a period of religious fasting.

Special activities in physical education will be provided for a student whose physical or emotional condition, as determined by a person licensed under the Medical Practice Act, prevents his or her participation in the physical education course.

State law prohibits the Board from honoring parental excuses based upon a student's participation in athletic training, activities, or competitions conducted outside the auspices of the School District.

A student who is eligible for special education may be excused from physical education courses in either of the following situations:

- 1. He or she (a) is in grades 3-12, (b) his or her IEP requires that special education support and services be provided during physical education time, and (c) the parent/guardian agrees or the IEP team makes the determination; or
- 2. He or she (a) has an IEP, (b) is participating in an adaptive athletic program outside of the school setting, and (c) the parent/guardian documents the student's participation as required by the Superintendent or designee.

A student requiring adapted physical education must receive that service in accordance with his or her Individualized Educational Program/Plan (IEP).

A student in grades 9-12, unless otherwise stated, may submit a written request to the Building Principal to be excused from physical education courses for the reasons stated in 6:310, High School Credit for Non-District Experiences; Course Substitutions; Re-Entering Students.

Students in grades 7 and 8 may submit a written request to the Building Principal to be excused from physical education courses because of his or her ongoing participation in an interscholastic or extracurricular athletic program. The Building Principal will evaluate requests on a case-by-case

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain records showing that the criteria set forth in this policy were applied to the student's individual circumstances, as appropriate.

Students who have been excused from physical education shall return to the course as soon as practical. The following considerations will be used to determine when a student shall return to a physical education course:

- 1. The time of year when the student's participation ceases;
- The student's class schedule; and

3. The student's future or planned additional participation in activities qualifying for substitutions for physical education as outlined in policy 6:310, High School Credit for Non-District Experiences; Course Substitutions; Re-Entering Students.

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/27-6.

225 ILCS 60/, Medical Practice Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.420(p) and §1.425(d), (e).

CROSS REF.:

6:60 (Curriculum Content), 6:310 (High School Credit for Non-District

Experiences; Course Substitutions; Re-Entering Students)

Revised: December 2021

Adopted: January 2022

<u>Administering Medicines to Students</u>

Students should not take medication during school hours or during school-related activities unless it is necessary for a student's health and well-being. When a student's licensed health care provider and parent/guardian believe that it is necessary for the student to take a medication during school hours or school-related activities, the parent/guardian must request that the school dispense the medication to the child and otherwise follow the District's procedures on dispensing medication.

No School District employee shall administer to any student, or supervise a student's selfadministration of, any prescription or non-prescription medication until a completed and signed School Medication Authorization Form (SMA Form) is submitted by the student's parent/guardian.

No student shall possess or consume any prescription or non-prescription medication on school grounds or at a school-related function other than as provided for in this policy and its implementing

Nothing in this policy shall prohibit any school employee from providing emergency assistance to students, including administering medication.

The Building Principal shall include this policy in the Student Handbook and shall provide a copy to the parents/guardians of students.

Self-Administration of Medication

A student may possess and self-administer an epinephrine injector, e.g., EpiPen®, and/or asthma medication prescribed for use at the student's discretion, provided the student's parent/guardian has completed and signed an SMA Form. The Superintendent or designee will ensure an Emergency Action Plan is developed for each self-administering student.

A student may self-administer medication required under a qualifying plan, provided the student's parent/guardian has completed and signed an SMA Form. A qualifying plan means: (1) an asthma action plan, (2) an Individual Health Care Action Plan, (3) an Ill. Food Allergy Emergency Action Plan and Treatment Authorization Form, (4) a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or (5) a plan pursuant to the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

The District shall incur no liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury arising from a student's self-administration of medication, including asthma medication or epinephrine injectors, or medication required under a qualifying plan. A student's parent/guardian must indemnify and hold harmless the District and its employees and agents, against any claims, except a claim based on willful and wanton conduct, arising out of a student's self-administration of an epinephrine injector, asthma medication, and/or a medication required under a qualifying plan.

School District Supply of Undesignated Asthma Medication

The Superintendent or designee shall implement 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f) and maintain a supply of undesignated asthma medication in the name of the District and provide or administer them as necessary according to State law. Undesignated asthma medication means an asthma medication prescribed in the name of the District or one of its schools. A school nurse or trained personnel, as defined in State law, may administer an undesignated asthma medication to a person when they, in good faith, believe a person is having respiratory distress. Respiratory distress may be characterized

as mild-to-moderate or severe. Each building administrator and/or his or her corresponding school nurse shall maintain the names of trained personnel who have received a statement of certification pursuant to State law.

School District Supply of Undesignated Epinephrine Injectors

The Superintendent or designee shall implement 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f) and maintain a supply of undesignated epinephrine injectors in the name of the District and provide or administer them as necessary according to State law. Undesignated epinephrine injector means an epinephrine injector prescribed in the name of the District or one of its schools. A school nurse or trained personnel, as defined in State law, may administer an undesignated epinephrine injector to a person when they, in good faith, believe a person is having an anaphylactic reaction. Each building administrator and/or his or her corresponding school nurse shall maintain the names of trained personnel who have received a statement of certification pursuant to State law.

School District Supply of Undesignated Opioid Antagonists

The Superintendent or designee shall implement 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f) and maintain a supply of undesignated opioid antagonists in the name of the District and provide or administer them as necessary according to State law. Opioid antagonist means a drug that binds to opioid receptors and blocks or inhibits the effect of opioids acting on those receptors, including, but not limited to, naloxone hydrochloride or any other similarly acting drug approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. Undesignated opioid antagonist is not defined by the School Code; for purposes of this policy it means an opioid antagonist prescribed in the name of the District or one of its schools. A school nurse or trained personnel, as defined in State law, may administer an undesignated opioid antagonist to a person when they, in good faith, believe a person is having an opioid overdose. Each building administrator and/or his or her corresponding school nurse shall maintain the names of trained personnel who have received a statement of certification pursuant to State law. See the website for the Ill. Dept. of Human Services for information about opioid prevention, abuse, public awareness, and a toll-free number to provide information and referral services for persons with questions concerning substance abuse treatment.

School District Supply of Undesignated Glucagon

The Superintendent or designee shall implement 105 ILCS 145/27 and maintain a supply of undesignated glucagon in the name of the District in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

When a student's prescribed glucagon is not available or has expired, a school nurse or delegated care aide may administer undesignated glucagon only if he or she is authorized to do so by a student's diabetes care plan.

Administration of Medical Cannabis

The Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act allows a medical cannabis infused product to be administered to a student by one or more of the following individuals:

1. A parent/guardian of a student who is a minor who registers with the Ill. Dept. of Public Health (IDPH) as a designated caregiver to administer medical cannabis to their child. A designated caregiver may also be another individual other than the student's parent/guardian. Any designated caregiver must be at least 21 years old and is allowed to administer a medical cannabis infused product to a child who is a student on the premises of his or her school or on his or her school bus if:

Page 2 of 4 7.270

- Both the student and the designated caregiver possess valid registry identification cards issued by IDPH;
- b. Copies of the registry identification cards are provided to the District;
- That student's parent/guardian completed, signed, and submitted a School Medication Authorization Form - Medical Cannabis; and
- d. After administering the product to the student, the designated caregiver immediately removes it from school premises or the school bus.
- 2. A properly trained school nurse or administrator, who shall be allowed to administer the medical cannabis infused product to the student on the premises of the child's school, at a school-sponsored activity, or before/after normal school activities, including while the student is in before-school or after-school care on school-operated property or while being transported on a school bus.
- 3. The student him or herself when the self-administration takes place under the direct supervision of a school nurse or administrator.

Medical cannabis infused product (product) includes oils, ointments, foods, and other products that contain usable cannabis but are not smoked or vaped. Smoking and/or vaping medical cannabis is prohibited.

The product may not be administered in a manner that, in the opinion of the District or school, would create a disruption to the educational environment or cause exposure of the product to other students. A school employee shall not be required to administer the product.

Discipline of a student for being administered a product by a designated caregiver, or by a school nurse or administrator, or who self-administers a product under the direct supervision of a school nurse or administrator pursuant to this policy is prohibited. The District may not deny a student attendance at a school solely because he or she requires administration of the product during school hours.

Void Policy

7,270

The School District Supply of Undesignated Asthma Medication section of the policy is void whenever the Superintendent or designee is, for whatever reason, unable to: (1) obtain for the District a prescription for undesignated asthma medication from a physician or advanced practice nurse licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, or (2) fill the District's prescription for undesignated school asthma medication.

The School District Supply of Undesignated Epinephrine Injectors section of the policy is void whenever the Superintendent or designee is, for whatever reason, unable to: (1) obtain for the District a prescription for undesignated epinephrine injectors from a physician or advanced practice nurse licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, or (2) fill the District's prescription for undesignated school epinephrine injectors.

The School District Supply of Undesignated Opioid Antagonists section of the policy is void whenever the Superintendent or designee is, for whatever reason, unable to: (1) obtain for the District a prescription for opioid antagonists from a health care professional who has been delegated prescriptive authority for opioid antagonists in accordance with Section 5-23 of the Substance Use Disorder Act, or (2) fill the District's prescription for undesignated school opioid antagonists.

The School District Supply of Undesignated Glucagon section of the policy is void whenever the Superintendent or designee is, for whatever reason, unable to: (1) obtain for the District a prescription

Page 3 of 4

for glucagon from a qualifying prescriber, or (2) fill the District's prescription for undesignated school glucagon.

The Administration of Medical Cannabis section of the policy is void and the District reserves the right not to implement it if the District or school is in danger of losing federal funding.

Administration of Undesignated Medication

Upon any administration of an undesignated medication permitted by State law, the Superintendent or designee(s) must ensure all notifications required by State law and administrative procedures occur.

Undesignated Medication Disclaimers

Upon implementation of this policy, the protections from liability and hold harmless provisions applicable under State law apply.

No one, including without limitation, parents/guardians of students, should rely on the District for the availability of undesignated medication. This policy does not guarantee the availability of undesignated medications. Students and their parents/guardians should consult their own physician regarding these medication(s).

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/10-20.14b, 5/10-22.21b, 5/22-30, and 5/22-33.

105 ILCS 145/, Care of Students with Diabetes Act.

410 ILCS 130/, Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

720 ILCS 550/, Cannabis Control Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.540.

CROSS REF .:

7:285 (Anaphylaxis Prevention, Response, and Management Program)

ADMIN. PROC.:

7:270-AP1 (Dispensing Medication), 7:270-AP2 (Checklist for District Supply of Undesignated Asthma Medication, Epinephrine Injectors, Opioid Antagonists, and/or Glucagon), 7:270-E1 (School Medication Authorization Form), 7:270-E2

(School Medication Authorization Form - Medical Cannabis)

Revised: June 2022

Adopted: September 2022

<u>Students</u>

<u>Administrative Procedure - Dispensing Medication</u>

Actor	edure - Dispensing Medication Action
Parents/Guardians	Ask the child's physician, dentist, or other health care provider who has authority to prescribe medications if a medication, either prescription or non-prescription, must be administered during the school day. <i>Medication</i> includes an epinephrine injector, e.g., <i>EpiPen®</i> , asthma medication (105 ILCS 5/22-30(a)), medical cannabis (105 ILCS 5/22-33(g)), glucagon (105 ILCS 145/27, added by P.A. 101-428), and any medication required under a plan listed in 105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b(c), added by P.A. 101-205, for a student's self-administration of medication. For a student using medical cannabis: The parent/guardian is responsible for providing the school with copies of the valid registry identification cards issued to their child and the child's designated caregiver as required by the III. Dept. of Public Health. The student's parent/guardian must also ask the student's health care provider to complete a <i>School Medication Authorization Form</i> – <i>Medical Cannabis</i> .
	The designated caregiver shall be allowed to administer a <i>medical</i> cannabis infused product (product) to the student on the premises of the child's school or on the child's school bus. The product must be immediately removed from school premises or the school bus after administration. 105 ILCS 5/22-33(b), amended by P.A.s 101-363 and 101-370. Note: State law does not require school personnel to administer medical cannabis to students. The school nurse or an administrator is allowed to administer a product to the student on the premises of the child's school, at a school-sponsored activity, or before/after normal
	after-school care on school-operated property of transported on a school bus. 105 ILCS 5/22-33(b-5), added by P.A. 101-370. The District may also allow a qualifying student to self-administer product if the self-administration takes place under the direct supervision of a school nurse or administrator. <u>Id</u> .
	A product administered by a school nurse or administrator, or self-administered under the supervision of a school nurse or administrator, must be stored at school with the school nurse at all times in a manner consistent with storage of other student medication at the school and may be accessible only by the school nurse or an administrator. 105 ILCS 5/22-33(b-10), added by P.A. 101-370.
	For a student with diabetes: The parent/guardian is responsible for sharing the health care provider's instructions. When the student is at

.

Actor	Action Ling to a dighetes
	school, the student's diabetes will be managed according to a diabetes care plan, if one exists. To the extent there is any conflict between the diabetes care plan and this Procedure, the diabetes care plan shall control. See Care of Students with Diabetes Act, 105 ILCS 145/. Last, the Public Self-Care of Diabetes Act allows a person with diabetes (or a parent/guardian of a person with diabetes) to self-administer insulin (or administer insulin) in any location, public or private, where the person is authorized to be irrespective of whether the injection site is uncovered during or incidental to the administration of insulin (410 ILCS 135/). For a student with epilepsy: The parent/guardian is responsible for sharing the health care provider's instructions. When the student is at school, the student's epilepsy will be managed according to a seizure action plan, if one exists. To the extent there is any conflict between the seizure action plan and this Procedure, the seizure action plan shall control. See Seizure Smart School Act, 105 ILCS 150/, added by P.A. 101-50.
	For a student with asthma: The parent/guardian is responsible for sharing the student's asthma action plan. When the student is at school, the student's asthma will be managed according to an asthma action plan, if one exists. To the extent there is any conflict between the student's asthma action plan and this Procedure, the asthma action plan shall control. See 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-5). Asthma emergencies shall be managed pursuant to the District's asthma emergency response protocol. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-10).
	Note: The Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE)'s model asthma episode emergency response protocol required by 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-10), that must be incorporated in the District's procedure is
	www.isbe.net/Documents/asthma_response_protocol.pdf. When developing the District's model protocol, consider that a district may be liable for injury to an asthmatic student during a medical emergency if the district does not respond by immediately calling 911. See In re Estate of Stewart, 406 Ill.Dec. 345 (2nd Dist. 2016); In re Estate of Stewart, 412 Ill.Dec. 914 (Ill. 2017)(school district's appeal denied). Consult the board attorney about: (1) whether all asthma action plans should require immediate 911 calls based upon Stewart; and (2) the duties and responsibilities of a district when it asks for, but does not receive, an asthma action plan from a parent/guardian and the logistics of distributing any received plans to those employees who need to know based upon Stewart.
	A student with asthma is allowed to self-administer and self-carry asthma medication if the student's parents/guardians provides the school with: (1) written authorization for the self-administration and/or self-care of asthma medication; and (2) the prescription label containing the name of the asthma medication, the prescribed dosage, and the time at which or circumstances under which the asthma

7:270-AP1

Action Actor medication is to be administered. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(b). For a student self-administering medication: A student with an asthma action plan, an Individual Health Care Action Plan, an Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action and Treatment Authorization Form, a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or a plan pursuant to the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act is allowed to self-administer medication if the student's parent/guardian provides the school with: (1) written permission for the student's self-administration of medication; (2) written authorization from the student's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse for the student to self-administer the medication; and (3) the prescription label containing the name of the medication, the prescribed dosage, and the time(s) or circumstances under with the medication is to be administered. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.1b(c), added by P.A. 101-205. If the child's physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse, dentist, or other health care provider who has authority to prescribe medications authorizes a child to self-administer medication, then ask the health care provider to complete a School Medicine Authorization Form (SMA Form). This form must be completed and given to the school before the school will store or dispense any medication, before a child may possess asthma medication or an epinephrine injector, and before a child will be allowed to self-administer any medication. If a student is on a medication on an indefinite or long-term basis, file a new SMA Form every year. Bring the medication to the school office. If the medicine is for asthma or is an epinephrine injector, a student may keep possession of it for immediate use at the student's discretion: (1) while in school, (2) while at a school-sponsored activity, (3) while under the supervision of school personnel, or (4) before or after normal school activities, such as while in before-school or after-school care on school-operated property. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(e). Bring other prescription medications to the school in the original package or appropriately labeled container. The container shall display: Student's name Prescription number Medication name and dosage Administration route and/or other direction Date(s) and Time(s) to be taken Licensed prescriber's name Pharmacy name, address, and phone number Bring non-prescription medications to school in the manufacturer's original container with the label indicating the ingredients and the student's name affixed. At the end of the treatment regime, remove any unused medication from

Page 3 of 6

the school.

Actor	Action		
	If the student is at risk of anaphylaxis, follow the procedures for <u>Individual</u> Allergy <u>Management</u> in 7:285-AP, <i>Anaphylaxis Prevention, Response, and Management Program</i> .		
School Office Personnel	Provide a copy of these procedures, as well as an <i>SMA Form</i> , to inquiring parents/guardians. If the building has no school nurse and a student is identified as having asthma, request the student's parent/guardian to share their child's asthma action plan. If the plan is provided, keep it on file in the school nurse's office or, in the absence of a school nurse, the Building Principal's or designee's office. Tell the school nurse or Building Principal or designee of the receipt of the plan as soon as possible so that he/she may provide copies of it to appropriate school staff interacting with the student on a regular basis and, if applicable, attach it to the student's Section 504 plan or Individualized Education Program (IEP). 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-5).		
	Whenever a parent/guardian brings medication for a student to the office, summon the school nurse. If the school nurse is unavailable, accept the medication, provided the parent/guardian submits a completed SMA Form and the medication is		
	packaged in the appropriate container. Put the medication in the appropriate locked drawer or cabinet. Tell the school nurse about the medication as soon as possible.		
School Nurse (certificated school nurse or non-	Ensure that a parent/guardian who brings medication for his or her child has complied with the parent/guardian's responsibilities as described in this administrative procedure.		
certificated registered professional nurse)	If a student is identified as having asthma, request the student's parent/guardian to share their child's asthma action plan. If the plan is provided, keep it on file in the school nurse's office. Provide copies of it to appropriate school staff who interact with the student on a regular basis and, if applicable, attach it to the student's Section 504 plan or IEP. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-5).		
	In conjunction with the licensed prescriber and parent/guardian, identify circumstances, if any, in which the student may self-administer the medication and/or carry the medication. A student will be permitted to self-administer medication in accordance with 105 ILCS 5/10-22.1b(c), added by P.A. 101-205. A student may be permitted to self-administer a medical cannabis infused product in accordance with 105 ILCS 5/22-33(b 5), added by P.A. 101-370. A student will be permitted to carry and self-administer medication for asthma or an epinephrine injector.		
	Develop an emergency action plan for a student who self-administers medication in accordance with 105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b(c), added by P.A. 101-205. The plan must include (105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b(d), added by P.A. 101-205):		
	A plan of action in the event a student is unable to self-adminis medication, and		

()

Page 4 of 6

Actor	Action
	2. The situations in which a school must call 911.
	For students at risk of anaphylaxis, follow the procedures for Individual Allergy Management in 7:285-AP, Anaphylaxis Prevention, Response, and Management Program, which include the development of an emergency action plan.
	Prior to administering a medical cannabis infused product in accordance with 105 ILCS 5/22-33(b-5), added by P.A. 101-370, annually complete the medical cannabis infused product administration training curriculum developed by ISBE. 105 ILCS 5/22-33(f-5), added by P.A. 101-370. See training resources at: www.isbe.net/Pages/Health.aspx .
	Store the medication in a locked drawer or cabinet. A student may keep possession of medication for asthma or an epinephrine injector. Medications requiring refrigeration should be refrigerated in a secure area.
	Plan with the student the time(s) the student should come to the nurse's office to receive medications.
	Document each dose of the medication in the student's individual health record. Documentation shall include date, time, dosage, route, and the signature of the person administering the medication or supervising the student in self-administration.
	Assess effectiveness and side effects as required by the licensed prescriber. Provide written feedback to the licensed prescriber and the parent/guardian as requested by the licensed prescriber.
	Document whenever the medication is not administered as ordered along with the reasons.
	If the parent/guardian does not pick up the medication by the end of the school year, discard the medication in the presence of a witness.
Building Principal	Supervise the use of these procedures.
Dillining 1 tulothar	Perform any duties described for school office personnel, as needed.
	Perform any duties described for school nurses, as needed, or delegate those duties to appropriate staff members. No staff member shall be required to administer medications to students, except school nurses, non-certificated and registered professional nurses, and administrators. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b(b), amended by P.A. 101-205.
	Make arrangements, in conjunction with the parent/guardian, supervising teachers, and/or bus drivers for the student to receive needed medication while on a field trip.
	For students at risk of anaphylaxis, follow the procedures for <u>Individual Allergy Management</u> in 7:285-AP, <i>Anaphylaxis Prevention, Response, and Management Program</i> .

Page 5 of 6

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/10-20.14b, 5/10-22.21b, 5/22-30, and 5/22-33.

105 ILCS 145/, Care of Students with Diabetes Act.

105 ILCS 150/, Seizure Smart School Act.

410 ILCS 130/, Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.540.

In re Estate of Stewart, 406 Ill.Dec. 345 (2nd Dist. 2016). In re Estate of Stewart, 412 Ill.Dec. 914 (Ill. 2017).

Revised: June 2022

Adopted: September 2022

7-270-AP1

<u>Students</u>

Administrative Procedure - Checklist for District Supply of Undesignated Asthma Medication, Epinephrine Injectors, Opioid Antagonists, and/or Glucagon

The Di	istrict maintains and administers the undesignated medication(s) identified below in accordance tate and federal law (check all that apply):
	designated Glucagon (UG)
	designated Asthma Medication (UAM)
	designated Epinephrine Injector(s) (UEIs)
	designated Opioid Antagonist(s) (UOAs)
	The Superintendent, school nurse, and/or other necessary school officials should consult the Board Attorney to develop a plan to implement 105 ILCS 5/22-30, amended by P.A. 102-413, and 105 ILCS 145/27, added by P.A. 101-428.
	Obtain a prescription to maintain a supply of one or all of the following: undesignated astimal medication (UAM), epinephrine injector(s) (UEIs), opioid antagonist(s) (UOAs), and/or undesignated glucagon (UG) in the District's name pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f) and 105 ILCS 145/27 added by P.A. 101-428.
	Designate a secure location(s) to store undesignated medication. For UAM, UEIs, and/or UOAs, this is where persons needing these medications are most at risk. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f). For UEIs, this includes but is not limited to locations accessible before, during, and after school, such as classrooms and lunchrooms. <u>Id</u> . For additional storage procedures for UEIs, see school, such as classrooms and lunchrooms, <u>and Management Program</u> . For UAM, this 7:285-AP, <u>Anaphylaxis Prevention</u> , <u>Response</u> , <u>and Management Program</u> . For UAM, this includes but is not limited to, a classroom or the nurse's office. <u>Id</u> . For UG, this is where it is immediately accessible to a school nurse or delegated care aide. 105 ILCS 145/27, added by DA 101.428
	Develop a method for maintaining an inventory of UAM, UEIs, UOAs, and UG. The inventory should list the expiration dates of the UAM, UEIs, UOAs, and UG.
	Identify procedures for a log or other recordkeeping of provisions, or administrations of OANA,
	Maintain a list in each building administrator and/or his or her corresponding school nurse's office that includes the names of trained personnel who have received a statement of certification pursuant to State law.
	Develop procedures to implement the prescribed standing protocol for the provision, of administration of UAM, UEIs UOAs, and/or UG, including calling 911 and noting any instructions given by Emergency Management Services (EMS). 105 ILCS 5/22-30, amended by P.A. 102-413, and 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.540(d). Follow 7:285-AP, Anaphylaxis Prevention, Response, and Management Program, for UEI administration procedures. Upon any administration of any eninephrine injector, or opioid antagonist, procedures must include:
	 Immediate activation of the EMS system. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f-5). 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f-5) does not address contacting EMS upon the administration of any asthma medication (so

Page 1 of 5

7.270-AP2

asthma medication is excluded from introductory clause above). This may mean that the III. General Assembly did not intend for school personnel to notify EMS when administering a student's prescribed asthma medication (as opposed to UAM). However, 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-5) requires asthma action plans and 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-15) requires school personnel who work with students to complete an in-person or online training program on the management of asthma, the prevention of asthma symptoms, and emergency response in the school setting every two years. Some attorneys advise that all asthma action plans mandate an immediate 911 call based upon In re Estate of Stewart, 406 III.Dec. 345 (2nd Dist. 2016); In re Estate of Stewart, 412 III.Dec. 914 (III. 2017) (school district's appeal denied) (holding that a teacher's failure to dial 911 immediately upon a student's asthma attack was willful and wanton conduct, subjecting the school district to liability and barring immunity protections under the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act). Consult the Board Attorney about whether to contact EMS when any asthma medication is administered.

2. Notification to the student's parent, guardian, or emergency contact, if known. <u>Id.</u> 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f-5) does not address contacting the student's parent, guardian, or emergency contact upon the administration of *any* asthma medication. See the discussion in number 1, above, about asthma action plans pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-15), and consult the Board Attorney.

The following reports and/or notifications by the school nurse (unless otherwise specified) when a(n):

UEI was administered:	UOA was administered:	UAM was administered:	UG was administered:
a. Physician, physician assistant, or advance practice registered nurse who provided the standing protocol or prescription for the UEI within 24 hours. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f-10). b. Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE) within three (3) days. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(i). Notification will be on an ISBE-prescribed form (www.isbe.net/Documents/34-20-undesignated-epinephrine-rptg.pdf), and will include: i. Age and type of person	a. The health care professional (20 ILCS 301/5-23(d)(4)) who provided the prescription for the opioid antagonist within 24 hours. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f-10). b. ISBE within three (3) days. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(i-5). Notification will be on an ISBE-prescribed form (www.isbe.net/Documents/34-20A-opioid-rptg.pdf), and will include: i. Age and type of person receiving the opioid antagonist (student, staff, or visitor); ii. Location where symptoms developed;	 a. Physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse who provided the standing protocol and a prescription for the UAM within 24 hours. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f-10). b. ISBE within three (3) days. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(i-10). Notification will be on an ISBE-prescribed form (www.isbe.net/Documents/34-22-Undesignated-Asthma-Medication.pdf), and will include: i. Age and type 	Immediately after administering UG to a student, notify the school nurse (if school nurse did not administer the UG to the student). The delegated care aide or school nurse then notifies the student's parent or guardian or emergency contact (if known) and health care provider of its use. 105 ILCS 145/27, added by P.A. 101-428.

Page 2 of 5

UEI was administered:	UOA was administered:	UAM was administered:	UG was administered:
receiving epinephrine (student, staff, visitor); ii. Any previously known diagnosis of a severe allergy; iii. Trigger that precipitated allergic episode; iv. Location where symptoms developed; v. Number of doses administered; vi. Type of person administering epinephrine (school nurse, trained personnel, student); and vii. Any other information required by ISBE on the form.		of person receiving asthma medication (student, staff, visitor); ii. Any previously known diagnosis of asthma; iii. Trigger that precipitated respiratory distress, if identifiable; iv. Location where symptoms developed; v. Number of doses administered; vi. Type of person administering the asthma medication (school nurse trained personnel or student); vii. Outcome of the asthma medication administratic and viii. Any other information required by ISBE on the form.	

Determine how the District will identify the student populations whose parents/guardians:

Page 3 of 5

^{1.} Have not completed and signed an SMA Form, or

- 2. Have not provided asthma medication, an epinephrine injector, opioid antagonist, and/or glucagon, as applicable to the student, for a student for use at school, even though they have completed the SMA Form.
- Determine when the school nurse will provide or administer the UAM, UEIs, UOAs, and/or UG, as applicable, to students.

The school nurse or trained personnel may:

- 1. Provide an UAM or UEI, as applicable to the situation, that meets the prescription on file in the SMA Form to:
 - a. Any student for his or her self-administration only. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(a); 105 ILCS 5/22-30 (b-10)(i) and(v); 105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b, amended by P.A. 101-205.
 - b. Any personnel authorized under a student's specific Individual Health Care Action Plan, Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action Plan and Treatment Authorization Form, Section 504 plan, or individualized education program plan (IEP). 105 ILCS 5/22-30(b-5) and (b-10).
- 2. Administer a UEI to any student that the school nurse or trained personnel in good faith believes is having an anaphylactic reaction even though the parent/guardian has not completed and signed an SMA Form or otherwise granted permission to administer the epinephrine injector. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(b-10)(iii). Follow the procedures for administration of UEIs in 7:285-AP, Anaphylaxis Prevention, Response, and Management Program.

 Note: Trained personnel are different than any personnel authorized in 1.b., above. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(a). Trained personnel means any school employees or volunteer personnel who are (a) authorized in Sections 10-22.34, 10-22.34a, and 10-22.34b of the School Code, (b) annually trained online or in person to recognize and respond to anaphylaxis, an opioid overdose, or respiratory distress through a training curriculum developed by ISBE, and (c) submitting proof to their school's administration that they have completed: (i) the annual training, and (ii) a cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and automated external defibrillator (AED) certification. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(a) and (g); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.540(e). For training resources, see the Allergies & Undesignated Epinephrine drop down menu at: www.isbe.net/Pages/School-Nursing.aspx.
- 3. Administer a UOA to any student that the school nurse or *trained personnel* in good faith believes is having an opioid overdose even though the parent/guardian has not completed and signed an *SMA Form* or otherwise granted permission to administer the opioid antagonist. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(b-10)(iv). Note: *Trained personnel* are different than *any personnel authorized*. See number 2, directly above. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(a). *Trained personnel* means any school employees or volunteer personnel who are (a) authorized in 105 ILCS 10-22.34, 10-22.34a, and 10-22.34b, (b) annually trained online or in person to recognize and respond to opioid overdoses through a training curriculum that complies with the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, 20 ILCS 301/5-23, and (c) who have submitted proof to their school's administration that they have completed: (i) the annual training, and (ii) a cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and automated external defibrillator (AED) certification. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(g); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.540(e). The law does not provide a deadline for a training curriculum, but it did require ISBE and the Ill. Dept. of Human Services to develop a three-year heroin and opioid prevention pilot program by 1-1-17. 105 ILCS 5/22-81.
- 4. Administer UAM to any student that the school nurse or trained personnel in good faith believes is having respiratory distress even though the parent/guardian has not completed

Page 4 of 5

and signed an SMA Form or otherwise granted permission to administer the asthma medication. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(b-10)(vii). See numbers 2 and 3, directly above for discussions between any personnel authorized and trained personnel. For training resources, see www.isbe.net/Pages/School-Nursing.aspx.

5. Administer UG, as applicable to the situation, for a student with a completed SMA Form granting permission for UG use that matches the prescription listed on the form and is also consistent with the student's diabetes care plan, if the student's prescribed glucagon is not available on-site or has expired. For training resources, see www.isbe.net/Pages/School-Nursing.aspx.

Assess how to manage requests from parents/guardians who wish to *opt-out* of the UAM, UEIs, UOAs, or UG being available to their child.

The School Code does not provide a mechanism for a student or his or her parent/guardian to opt-out of the administration of the District's supply of UAM, UEIs, or UOAs when a nurse and/or trained personnel in good faith professionally believe a student is experiencing respiratory distress, having an anaphylactic reaction, or having an opioid overdose, respectively. While there may be religious, health, or other reasons that a student's parent/guardian may wish to opt-out of the administration of UAM, UEI, or UOA to their child, the law does not provide a way for parents/guardians to do so. Management of this issue should be discussed with the Board Attorney. For additional guidance on this issue, see Board policy 7:275, Orders to Forgo Life-Sustaining Treatment.

Determine how to notify all parents/guardians about how UAM, UEIs, and/or UOAs may be provided or administered to students.

If the District maintains a supply of UAM, UEIs, and/or UOAs, it must notify parents/guardians of the protections from liability granted to it and the prescribing physician by 105 ILCS 5/22-30(c) and (c-5). There are two groups of parents/guardians that the District must notify: (1) parents/guardians of students who have previously signed a *SMA Form*, and (2) parents/guardians of all students.

For parents/guardians who have previously signed the SMA Form, 105 ILCS 5/22-30(c), requires the District to provide additional notice that the physician(s)/individual(s) with prescriptive authority providing the standing protocol and prescription for the District's supply of UAM, UEIs, and UOAs are protected from liability, except for willful or wanton conduct arising from the use of UAM, UEI, or UOA regardless of whether authorization was given by the student, parent/guardian, or student's physician. Discuss with the Board Attorney whether to amend the District's form(s) to include this language.

For parents/guardians of all students, 105 ILCS 5/22-30(c), requires parents/guardians to be informed that: (1) the District maintains a supply of UAM, UEIs, and/or UOAs, and (2) the District and the prescribing physician(s)/physician assistant(s)/advanced practice registered nurse(s) are protected from liability when the school nurse and/or trained personnel administer UAM, UEI, and/or UOA to any student when these individuals in good faith professionally believe that the student is experiencing respiratory distress, having an anaphylactic reaction, or having an opioid overdose, respectively. There are several methods to inform parent/guardians of this information, e.g., receipt of handbook signature, or see exhibit 7:270-E1, School Medication Authorization Form. Discuss with the Board Attorney the method that works best for the District.

Revised: June 2022

Adopted: September 2022

Page 5 of 5

Students

Exhibit - School Medication Authorization Form

To be completed by the child's parent(s)/guardian(s).

This form is to be used for medication other than medical cannabis. (See 7:270-E2, School Medication Authorization Form - Medical Cannabis.) A new form must be completed every school year for each medication. Keep in the school nurse's office or, in the absence of a school nurse, the Building Principal's office.

Building Principal's office.				Digith Date		
Student's Name:		Birth Date:				
					one'	
		UTIZUE.		Y OUT OIL OIL		
To be completed by the advanced practice RN will	student's pnysician, th prescriptive authorit	y:	MODIFICATION		*	
Prescriber's Printed Nam	e:					
Office Address:		Employee	nov Phon	e.		
Office Phone:	Emergency Phone:					
Medication name:						
Donage:		Frequen	icy			
Time medication is to be	administered or under	what circui	mstances:			
Prescription date:	Order date:		D	riscontinue	ntion date:	
Diagnosis requiring med Is it necessary for this m Expected side effects, if	edication to be admini	sterea aum				
Time interval for re-eva	luation:					
Other medications stude	ent is receiving:					
Other medications start						
Prescriber's Signature					_ Date	
T. D	diane of students real	uring asthn	na inhale	rs and/or	epinephrin	e injectors:
Is the asthma inhaler a ILCS 5/10-22.21b, amo	and/or epinephrine inje	ector requir	ed under	a qualify	ing plan p	COI OI MBBSIII
☐ Yes ☐ No						

7:270-E1

Page 1 of 4

Parents/Guardians please attach prescription label (asthma inhaler) and/or written statement (epinephrine injector) here: For asthma inhalers, attach the prescription label with the name of the asthma medication, the prescribed dosage, and the time at which or circumstances under which the asthma medication is to be administered. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(b)(2)(i). For an epinephrine injector, attach a written statement from the student's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse containing the name and purpose of the epinephrine, injector; the prescribed dosage; and the time or times at which or the special circumstances that the epinephrine injector should be administered. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(b)(2)(ii)(A)-(C). For only parents/guardians of students who need to self-administer medication required under a qualifying plan: I grant permission for my child to self-administer his or her medication required under an asthma action plan, an Individual Health Care Action Plan, an Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action and Treatment Authorization Form, a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or a plan pursuant to the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b, amended by P.A. 101-205. Medication(s) other than asthma inhalers and/or epinephrine injectors (complete section above) required under a qualifying plan that student is permitted to self-administer: Prescription date: _____Order date: _____Discontinuation date: _____ Diagnosis requiring medication: ☐ Yes ☐ No Is it necessary for this medication to be administered during the school day? Expected side effects, if any:

Page 2 of 4

Time interval for re-evaluation:		
Other medications student is receiving:		
	Prescriber's Signature	Date

If the medication is an asthma inhaler or epinephrine injector, be also sure to complete the section above and attach the required label and/or written statement as required above.

Please initial to indicate (1) receipt of this information, and (2) authorization for your child to self-administer medication under a qualifying plan.

Parent/Guardian Initials

For only parents/guardians of students who need to carry and use their asthma medication or an epinephrine injector:

I authorize the School District and its employees and agents, to allow my child to self-carry and self-administer his or her asthma medication and/or epinephrine injector: (1) while in school, (2) while at a school-sponsored activity, (3) while under the supervision of school personnel, or (4) before or after normal school activities, such as while in before-school or after-school care on school-operated property. Illinois law requires the School District to inform parents/guardians that it, and its employees and agents, incur no liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury arising from a student's self-carry and self-administration of asthma medication or epinephrine injector. 105 ILCS 5/22-30, amended by P.A 102-413.

Please initial to indicate (1) receipt of this information, and (2) authorization for your child to carry and use his or her asthma medication or epinephrine injector.

Parent/Guardian Initials

For all parents/guardians:

By signing below, I agree that I am primarily responsible for administering medication to my child. However, in the event that I am unable to do so or in the event of a medical emergency, I hereby authorize the School District and its employees and agents, on my behalf, to administer or to attempt to administer to my child (or to allow my child to self-administer pursuant to State law, while under the supervision of the employees and agents of the School District), lawfully prescribed medication in the manner described above. This includes administration of undesignated epinephrine injectors, opioid antagonists, or asthma medication, to the extent the School District maintains such undesignated supplies, to my child when there is a good faith belief that my child is having an anaphylactic reaction, opioid overdose, or asthma episode, whether such reactions are known to me or not, and if applicable, undesignated glucagon when authorized by my child's diabetes care plan and if my child's glucagon is not available on-site of has expired. 105 ILCS 5/22-30, amended by P.A 102-413.; 105 ILCS 145/27, added by P.A. 101-428. I acknowledge that it may be necessary for the administration of medications to my child to be performed by an individual other than a school nurse and specifically consent to such practices, and

I agree to indemnify and hold harmless the School District and its employees and agents against any claims, except a claim based on willful and wanton conduct, arising out of the administration or the child's self-administration of medication.

7:270-E1

Parent/Guardian Printed 1	Vame	
Address (if different from	Student's above):	
Home Phone:	Cell Phone:	Emergency Phone:
Parent/Guardian Signatu	re	Date
	·	

Revised: June 2022 Adopted: September 2022

7·270-E1

Date

Students

Exhibit - School Medication Authorization Form - Medical Cannabis

To be completed by the child's parent(s)/guardian(s). A new form must be completed every school year. Keep in the school nurse's office or, in the absence of a school nurse, the Building Principal's office. Student's Name: Birth Date: Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: ____ Emergency Phone: ____ Grade: Teacher: School: To be completed by the student's physician, physician assistant with prescriptive authority, or advanced practice RN with prescriptive authority. Prescriber's Printed Name: Office Address: Office Phone: _____Emergency Phone: ____ Medication name: Dosage: Frequency: IDPH registry ID card for student is valid [insert dates]: IDPH registry ID card for designated caregiver is valid [insert dates]: Attach copies of both registry identification cards Time medication is to be administered or under what circumstances: Prescription date: _____ Discontinuation date: _____ Diagnosis requiring medication: Expected side effects, if any: Time interval for re-evaluation: Other medications student is receiving:

Prescriber's Signature

For only parents/guardians of students who want to grant their child permission to self-administer a medical cannabis infused product under direct supervision by a school nurse or administrator:

I grant permission for my child to self-administer his or her medical cannabis infused product required under an asthma action plan, an Individual Health Care Action Plan, an Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action and Treatment Authorization Form, a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or a plan pursuant to the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b, amended by P.A. 101-205, eff. 1-1-20. I understand that my child's self-administration will only occur under direct supervision by a school nurse or school administrator. 105 ILCS 5/22-33(b-5), amended by P.A. 101-370, eff. 1-1-20.

Medical cannabis infused product child is permitted to self-administer:

Please initial to indicate (1) receipt of this information, and (2) authorization for your child to self-administer a medical cannabis infused product.

Parent/Guardian Initials

By signing below, I acknowledge, understand and agree as follows:

- 1. The only individual(s) who may possess and administer medical cannabis to my child at school or on the school bus is: a) his/her registered designated caregiver as identified by the Ill. Dept. of Public Health (IDPH); or b) a school nurse or school administrator.
- 2. Both my child and his/her registered designated caregiver possess valid registry identification cards issued by the IDPH, copies of which I have provided/will provide to the District.
- 3. After administering the medical cannabis to my child, the designated caregiver shall immediately remove the product from school premises or the school bus.
- 4. The designated caregiver may not administer a medical cannabis infused product in a manner that, in the opinion of the District or school, would create a disruption to the school's educational environment or would cause exposure of the product to other students.
- 5. Children under age 18 cannot smoke or vape medical cannabis. Medical cannabis-infused products include oils, ointments, foods, and other products that contain usable cannabis but are not smoked or vaped.
- 6. The District reserves the right to restrict or otherwise stop allowing the administration of medical cannabis to my child if the District or school would lose federal funding as a result.
- 7. I agree to indemnify and hold harmless the School District and its employees and agents against any claims, except a claim based on willful and wanton conduct, arising out of the administration of medical cannabis that I authorize by my signature below.

Parent/Guardian Printed	Name	
Address (if different from	n Student's above):	
Home Phone:	Cell Phone:	Emergency Phone:
Parent/Guardian Signat	ire	Date

Revised: October 2019

Adopted: December 2019